# Quasars, Feedback, and Galaxy Formation

## 12/12/08

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## Motivation WHAT DO AGN MATTER TO THE REST OF COSMOLOGY?

## Every massive galaxy hosts a supermassive black hole



These BHs accreted most of their mass in bright, short lived quasar accretion episodes: the "fossil" quasars

## Motivation WHAT DO AGN MATTER TO THE REST OF COSMOLOGY?

Black holes are somehow sensitive to their host galaxies (bulges):







## Simplest Idea: FEEDBACK ENERGY BALANCE (SILK & REES '98)

- Luminous accretion disk near the Eddington limit radiates an energy: h = 0 (dM<sub>pu</sub>/dt)  $c^2$  (n = 0, 1)
  - > L =  $e_r (dM_{BH}/dt) c^2 (e_r \sim 0.1)$
- Total energy radiated:
  - $> \sim 0.1 \text{ M}_{BH} \text{ c}^2 \sim 10^{61} \text{ ergs in a typical } \sim 10^8 \text{ M}_{sun} \text{ system}$
- Compare this to the gravitational binding energy of the galaxy:

> ~  $M_{gal} s^2$  ~ (10<sup>11</sup> Msun) (200 km/s)<sup>2</sup> ~ 10<sup>59</sup> erg!

- If only a few percent of the luminous energy coupled, it would unbind the baryons in the galaxy!
  - Turn this around: if some fraction h ~ 1-5% of the luminosity can couple, then accretion must stop (the gas will all be blown out the galaxy) when

>  $M_{BH} \sim (a/he_r) M_{gal} (s/c)^2 \sim 0.002 M_{gal}$ 

#### Proga et al.

## Simplest Idea: FEEDBACK ENERGY BALANCE (SILK & REES '98)

- Needs to come in \*bright\* stage (where most BH growth takes place)
- ~5% of Energy or ~ L/c Momentum
  - Compton/Ionization heating (Sazonov et al.)
  - Dusty, momentum driven winds (Murray et al.)
  - Line-driven winds (Proga et al.)

## See this in observed systems:

- BAL winds (Gabel, Arav, et al.)
- Warm absorbers? (Krongold, McKernan)
- High-z, radio-loud QSOs (Reuland, Nesvadba)
- ~L/c at ~kpc scales (Tremonti, Hennawi):
  - Can this impact the galaxy?





### Motivation WHAT DO AGN MATTER TO THE REST OF COSMOLOGY?

BH "Downsizing":





PFH, Richards, Hernquist 2007

Merloni et al. 2004, 2007

## Motivation WHAT DO AGN MATTER TO THE REST OF COSMOLOGY?

## Quasars were active/BHs formed when SF shut down...



PFH, Lidz, Coil, Myers, et al. 2007

## Motivation MAYBE THIS CAN EXPLAIN OTHER, LONG-STANDING PROBLEMS?





Why are there no massive, bulge-dominated star forming (blue) galaxies?

Why do massive galaxies *stop* growing while their host halos keep growing?

### Motivation WHAT DO AGN MATTER TO THE REST OF COSMOLOGY?

- BH and Galaxy Formation is a coupled problem:
  - BH-BH merger rates?
    - Need to know galaxy-galaxy mergers
  - BH Spins?
    - Triggering mechanisms/feedback/momentum of accreted material
  - Kicks?
    - Preferential alignments in mergers
    - Spin alignment from accretion disks
  - Seed BHs?
    - Where do galaxies "take over"? Low-M occupation fraction?
  - Clusters for cosmology?
    - Feedback effects on X-ray gas, halo occupation, Mgal-Mhalo
  - IGM temperature, metal distributions, Lya distributions

## Three Outstanding (Inseparable?) Questions:



## Mergers a long-time candidate for BH fueling:

• Fast, violent:

Soltan (1982): growth in short-lived QSOs → gas dynamics; rapid (~ few 10<sup>7</sup> years)

- Angular momentum problem: perturbed at all radii
- Blend of gas & stellar dynamics:

Lynden-Bell (1967): orbits redistributed by large, rapid potential fluctuations → stellar dynamics; freefall timescale

T = 0.21 Gyr	T - 0.32 Oyr	T = 0.30 Cyr	T = 0.50 Opt
T=0.57 Gyr	T = 0.68 Gyr	T = 0.75 Gyr	T = 0.86 Gyr
T - 0.54 Gyr	T - 1.03 Gyr	T - 1.11 Gr	T = 1.21 Dar
T = 1.50 Gyr	T=130 GP	T=1480yr	T=1560yr
T = 1.46 Gyr	T = 1.75 Gyr	T = 1.04 Gyr	T = 1.93 Gyr



## Structure grows hierarchically: must understand mergers



Toomre & Toomre (1972) : the "merger hypothesis"

Spheroids are made by merger of spirals





> If BHs trace spheroids, then \*most\* growth from mergers









## "Transition" vs.

- Move mass from Blue to Red
- Rapid
- Small scales
- "Quasar" mode (high mdot)
- Morphological Transformation
- Gas-rich/Dissipational Mergers



## Regulates Black Hole Mass

"Maintenance"

- Keep it Red
- Long-lived (~Hubble time)
- Large (~halo) scales
- "Radio" mode (low mdot)
- Subtle morphological change
- Hot Halos & Dry Mergers



Regulates Galaxy Mass

## Simplest Experiment:

R<sub>sch</sub> ~ few AU ~ 10<sup>-6</sup> x our resolution

- BUT, we can get to the BH radius of influence, and R<sub>Bondi</sub> ~ 10 pc (typical)
  - Accrete from nearby gas
  - ~0.1 radiative efficiency
  - ~5% couples to local gas
- Let's see if it works!



T = 0 Myr

Gas

## M-sigma Relation Suggests Self-Regulated BH Growth PREVENTS RUNAWAY BLACK HOLE GROWTH



Observations & Simulations Suggest this Simple Picture Works MAKES UNIQUE PREDICTIONS:

- What is the "fundamental" correlation? Not MBH-s, but MBH-Ebinding
- Different correlation for "classical" and "pseudobulges"
  - Both tentatively observed (PFH et al.; Aller; Greene et al.; Hu)



## Of Course, Not Every AGN Needs a Merger MORE QUIESCENT GROWTH MODES?

- $z \sim 2 \text{ QSO: } 10^{11} \text{ M}_{\text{sun}} \text{ in } < 10 \text{pc in } \sim t_{\text{dyn}}$
- Seyfert: only  $10^{7-8}$  M<sub>sun</sub> ~ GMC
  - Minor mergers?
  - Secular instabilities/bars?





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10<sup>10</sup>

## **Emergent Picture:**



• Secular/Minor mergers dominate at Seyfert luminosities





## Feedback determines the decay of the quasar light curve:



- Explosive blowout drives power-law decay in L
- No Feedback:
  - Runaway growth (exponential light curve)
  - "Plateau" as run out of gas but can't expel it (extended step function)

#### This is Very General: (EVEN THOUGH NOT ALL AGN ARE MERGER-DRIVEN)

- Almost any (ex. radio) AGN feedback will share key properties:
  - Point-like
  - Short input (~ t<sub>Salpeter</sub>)
  - E~E\_binding
- Simple, analytic solutions:
  - $L \sim (t / t_Q)^{-1.7(ish)}$
  - Agrees well with simulations!
- Generalize to "Seyferts"
  - Disk-dominated galaxies with bars
  - Minor mergers



## So What Is the "Quasar Lifetime"?



"Quasar Lifetime": a conditional, *luminosity-dependent* distribution

## Directly Apparent in the Observed Eddington Ratio Distribution



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Complimentary constraints from clustering (Meyers, Croom, Porciani, da Angela)

BHs grew in <~ a couple events</p>

#### Given the Conditional Quasar Lifetime, De-Convolve the QLF QUANTIFIED IN THIS MANNER, UNIQUELY DETERMINES THE RATE OF "TRIGGERING"



If every quasar is at the same fraction of Eddington, the active BHMF (and host MF) is a trivial rescaling of the observed QLF



- > Different shapes
- Much stronger turnover in formation/merger rate
- Faint-end QLF dominated by decaying sources with much larger peak luminosity/hosts



Similar populations at different (short) evolutionary stages dominate QLF

## Testing the models: NECESSARY CHECKS:





=28.62

• There are "enough" mergers: hierarchical growth can account for todays BHs

# Where Does the Energy/Momentum Go? QUASAR-DRIVEN OUTFLOWS?

(outflow reaches speeds of up to ~1800 km/sec)



## Outflows are Explosive and Clumpy

- Rapid BH growth => point-like injection
  - "Explosion-like", independent of coupling
- Clumpy
  - ULIRG cold/warm transition (S. Chakrabarti)
  - CO outflows (D. Narayanan)

## Cold shell (through galaxy)





## Quasar Outflows May Be Significant for the ICM & IGM SHUT DOWN COOLING FOR ~ COUPLE GYR. PRE-HEATING?



**Gas Temperature** 

# Quasar Outflows May Be Significant for the ICM & IGM SHUT DOWN COOLING FOR ~ COUPLE GYR. PRE-HEATING?



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#### Feedback-Driven Winds METAL ENRICHMENT & BUILDING THE X-RAY HALO





## Expulsion of Gas Turns off Star Formation ENSURES ELLIPTICALS ARE SUFFICIENTLY "RED & DEAD"?



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## Expulsion of Gas Turns off Star Formation ENSURES ELLIPTICALS ARE SUFFICIENTLY "RED & DEAD"?

... but ...



... MOST of the work is still done by star formation/stellar feedback

## AGN or Starburst-Driven Winds? WHICH ARE MORE IMPORTANT?



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How important is the "radio" or "maintance" mode?



Know that (non-cooling flow) clusters do look "pre-heated"... but we also see radio jets doing work:

What is "typical"?



Fabian (Perseus Cluster)

Allen (X-ray Ellipticals)

Know that (non-cooling flow) clusters do look "pre-heated"... but we also see radio jets doing work:

Ho: P(radio) versus Eddington ratio:

Allen: P(jet) versus P(accretion):



Observational constraints on the power involved are leading the way

Breakthroughs being made on the simulation side as well:



Sijacki et al.

### Cosmological approximations:



Idealized jets (even MHD ones!):



Lest we forget, real clusters are messy...



Gravitational heating, distributed AGN heating, may be important as well

# Summary

- MBH traces spheroid Ebinding
  - Suggests self-regulated BH growth
    - Which mechanisms dominate BH feedback? When/where?
- If self-regulated, this feedback is potentially radically important:
  - Heating gas, ejecting metals, shutting down SF
  - Self-regulated decay of QSO luminosity:
    - Why are quasar lifetimes generically self-similar?
  - Where/what is the transition/maintenance mode role?
    - Function of Eddington ratio?
- Most BH growth should come in mergers... but "are AGN mergers?" is the wrong question: we should ask:
  - "Where (as a function of L, z, d) do mergers vs. secular processes dominate the AGN population?"
    - Clustering vs. scale
    - Host galaxy colors/SFH
    - Host morphology/kinematics