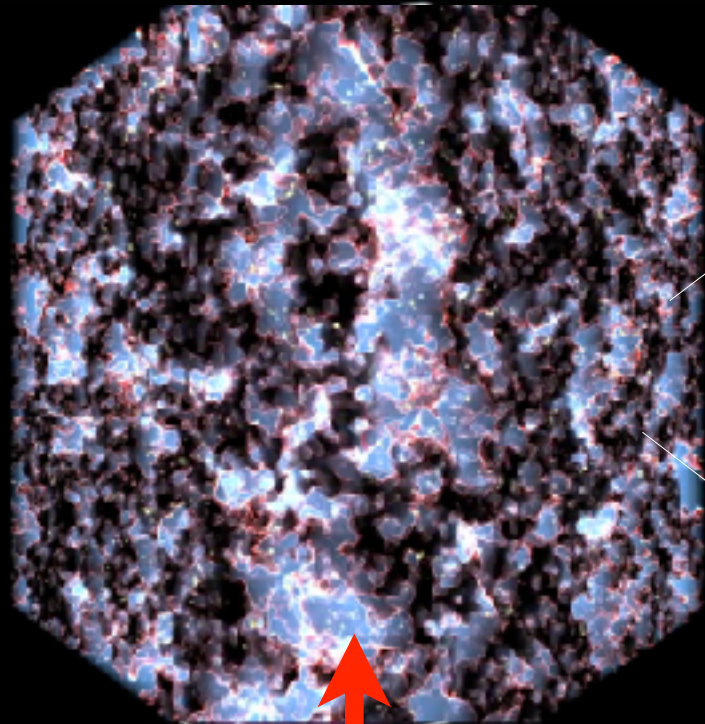


Updates on FIRE & other work

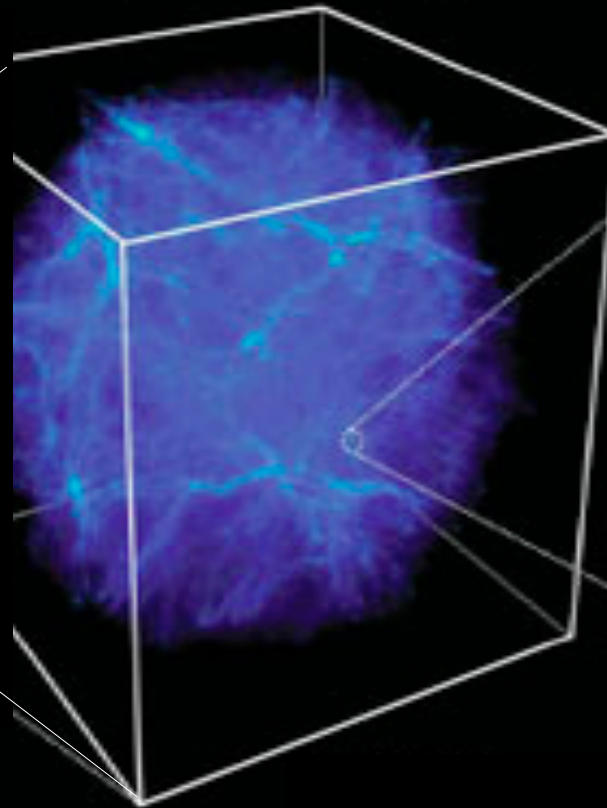
$\sim 10^{10}$ pc

Hubble volume



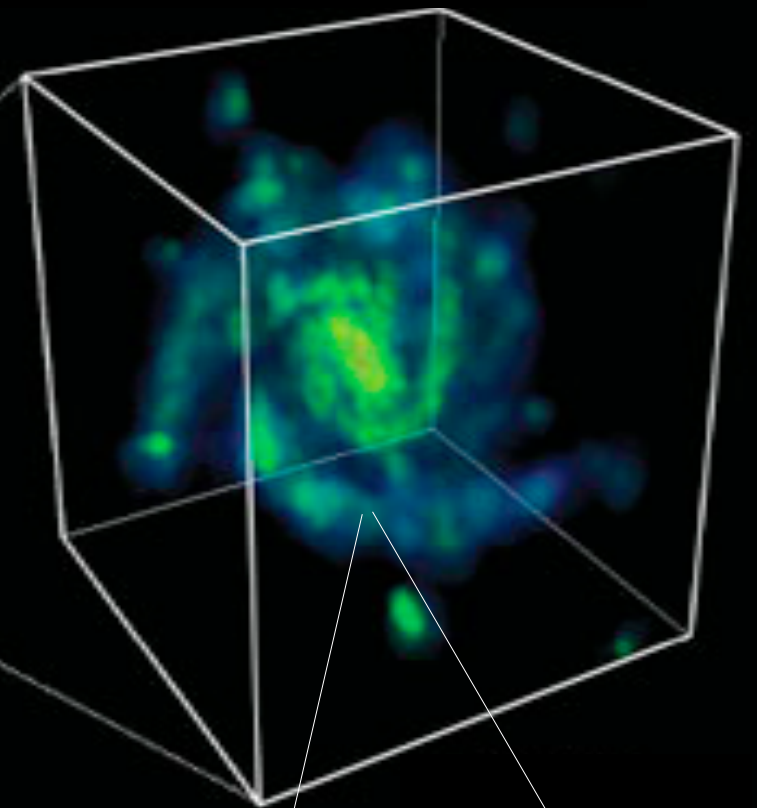
$\sim 10^7 - 10^8$ pc

Clusters, Large-scale structure



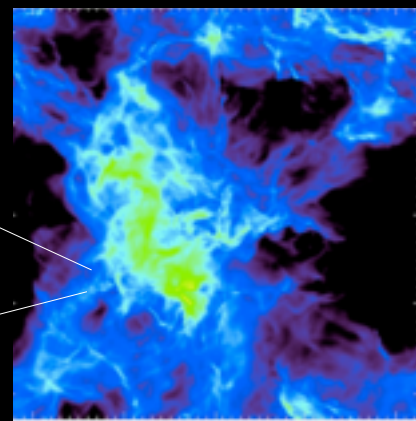
$\sim 10^4 - 5$ pc

Galaxy



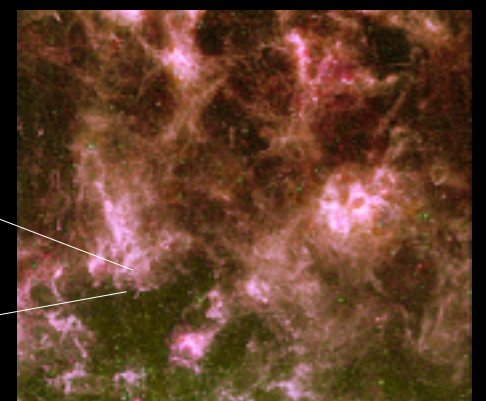
$\sim 10^{-5}$ pc

Stars, protostellar disks



$\sim 10^{-2} - 10^0$ pc

Cores, clusters,
Supernovae blastwaves



$\sim 10^1 - 10^2$ pc

Molecular clouds,
Star-Forming Regions

Dust: *Actual Micro*-Physics

The Setup:

SQUIRE & HOPKINS '17 (SH; arXiv:1706.05020)

Gas equations = (anything that supports a linear mode)

Dust equations = continuity + momentum:

$$\frac{d\mathbf{v}_{\text{dust}}}{dt} = -\mathbf{M}_{\text{coupling}} \cdot (\mathbf{v}_{\text{dust}} - \mathbf{v}_{\text{gas}}) + \mathbf{a}_{\text{other}}(\dots)$$

Arbitrary operator

e.g.

$$\frac{d\mathbf{v}_{\text{dust}}}{dt} = -\frac{\mathbf{v}_{\text{dust}} - \mathbf{v}_{\text{gas}}}{t_s(\dots)} + \mathbf{a}_{\text{other}}(\dots)$$

Stopping/drag time



Jono Squire

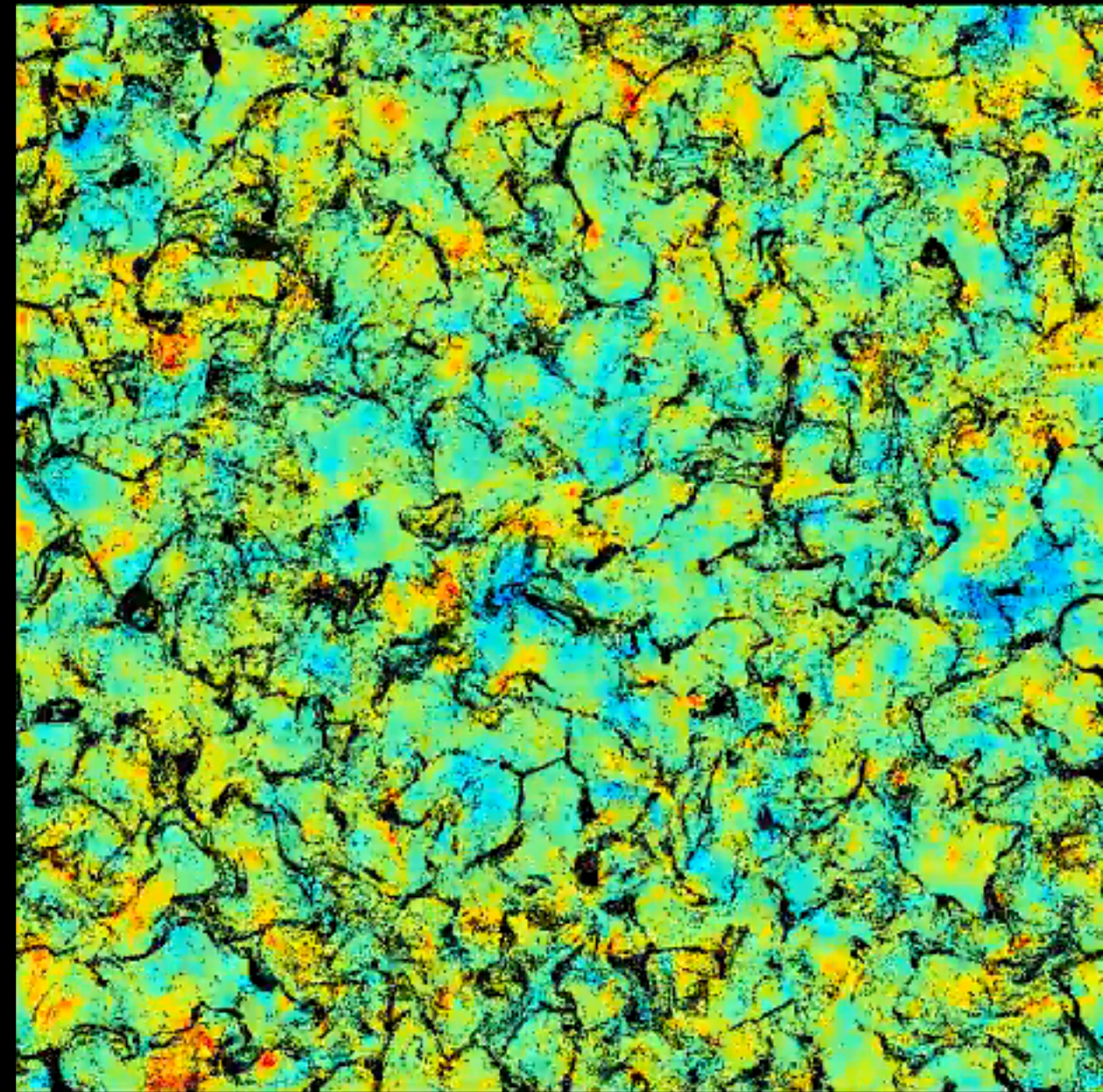
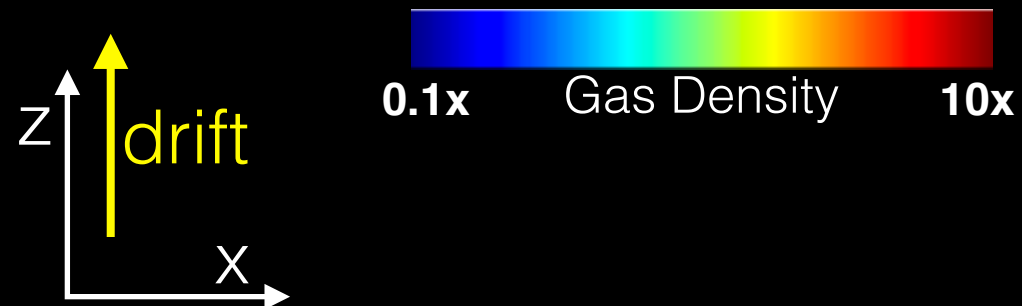
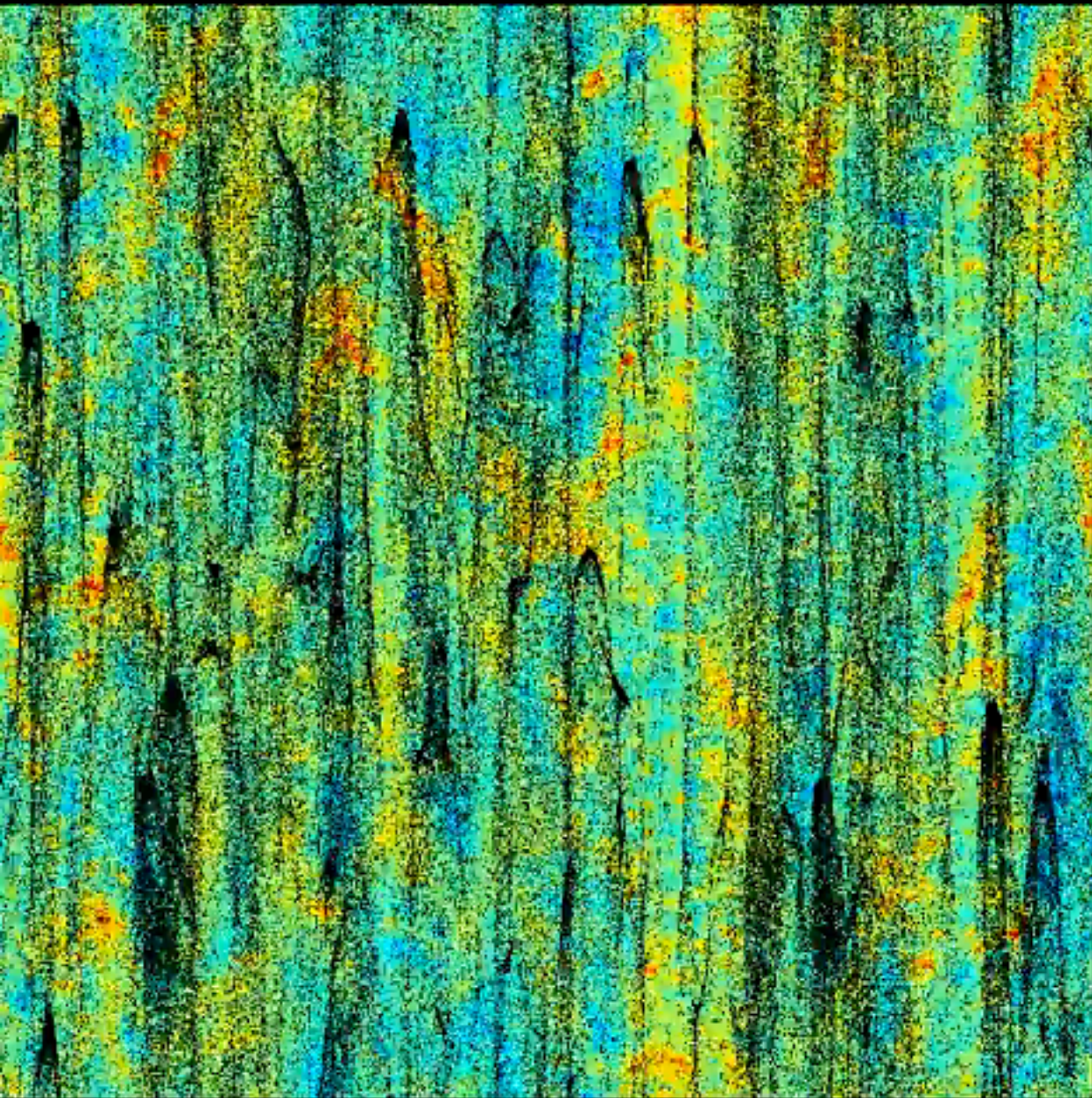
What Does This Look Like?

(TALK TO ME ABOUT NUMBERS)

$$|\mathbf{w}|_{\text{drift}} \approx 10 c_s$$

$$L_{\text{box}} \sim 100 c_s \langle t_s \rangle$$

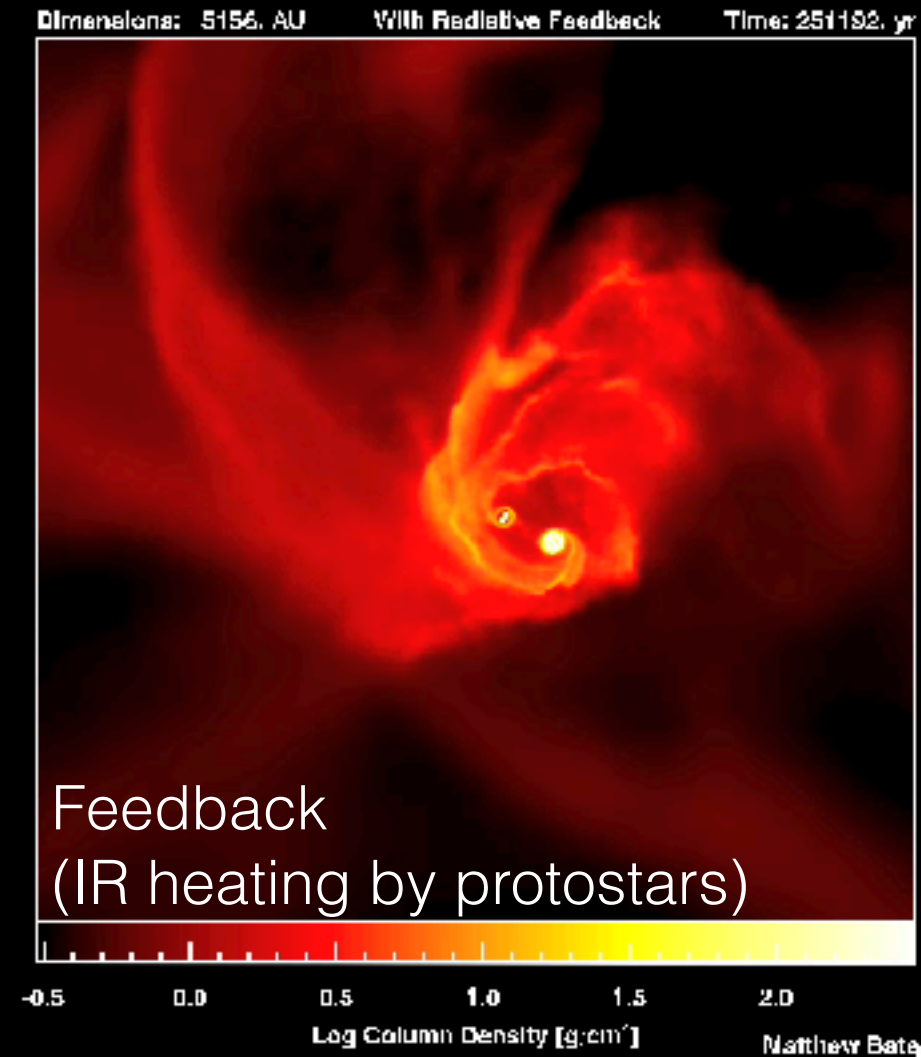
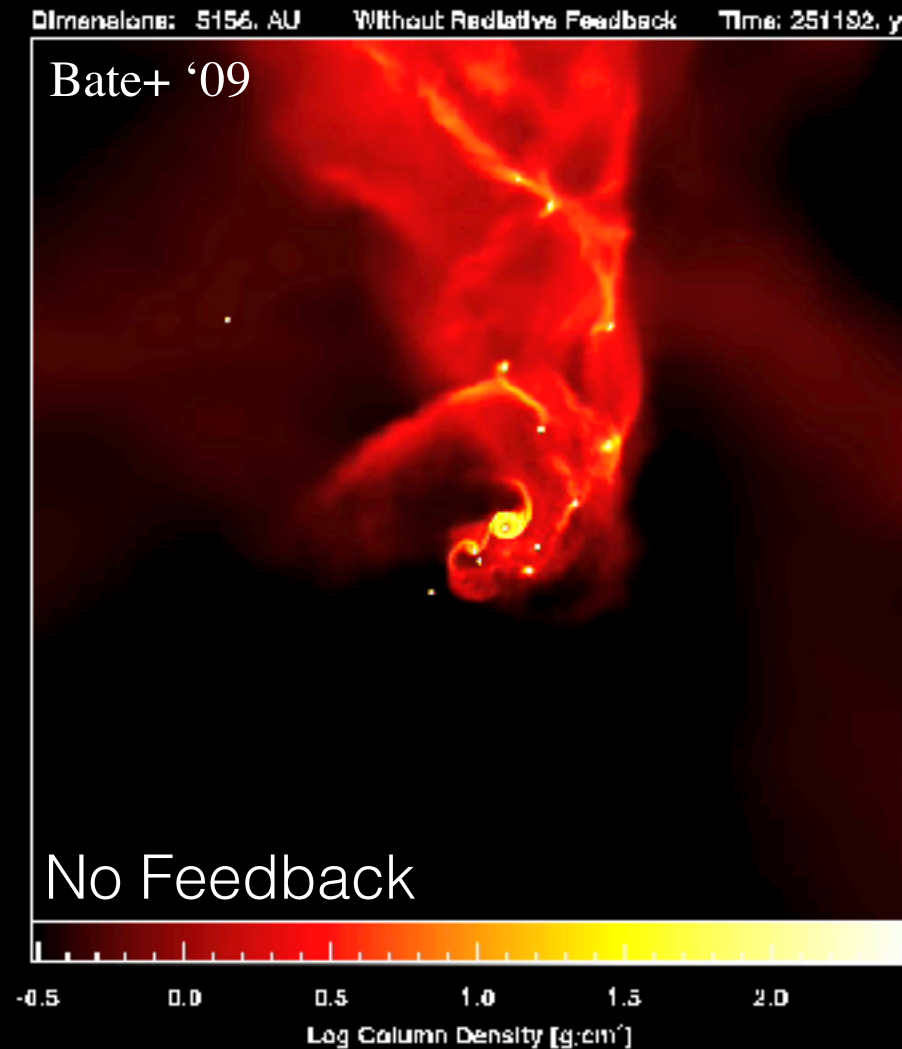
$$\Delta t \sim 80 \langle t_s \rangle$$



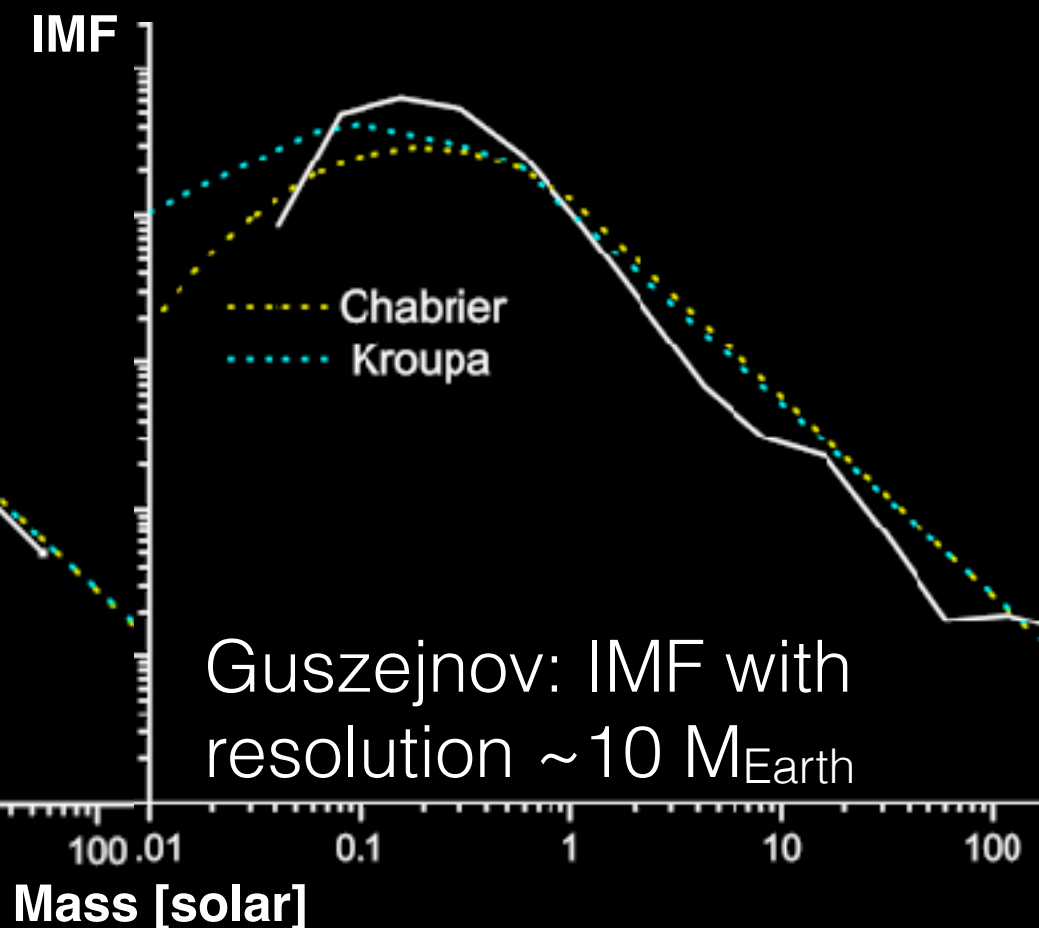
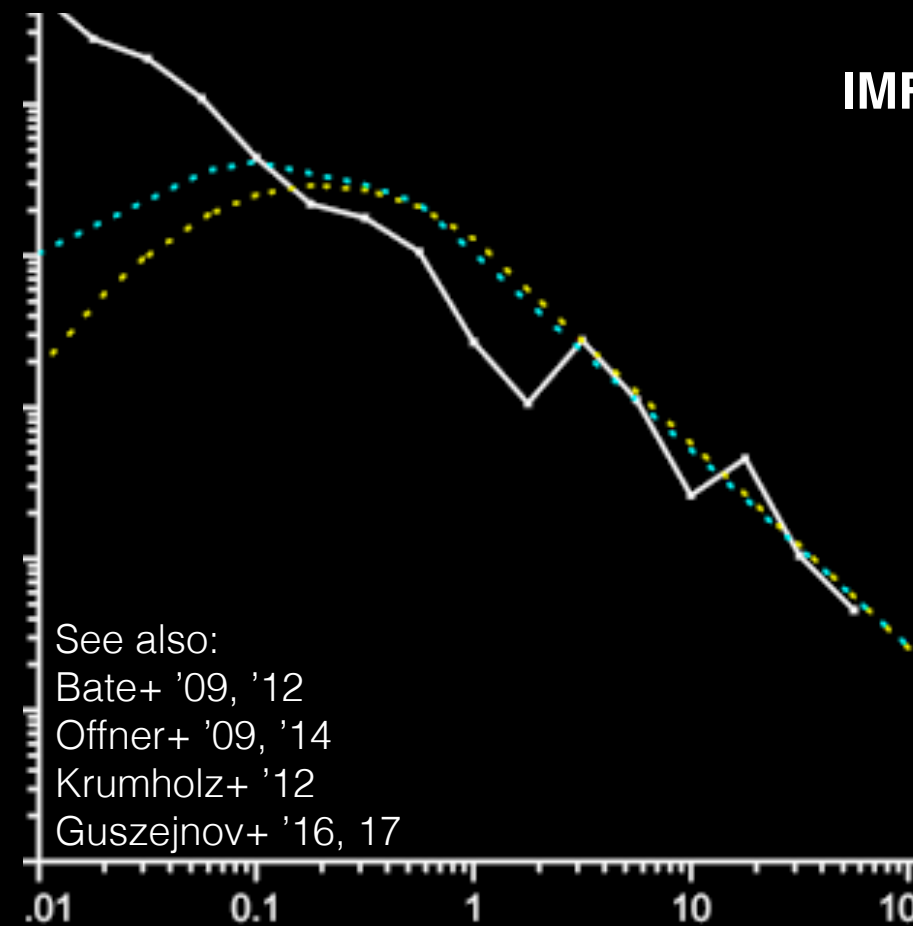
The IMF & Sub-Cloud Scales

Feedback vs. Gravity

Guszejnov, Hopkins, & Krumholz
2015, 2016, 2017



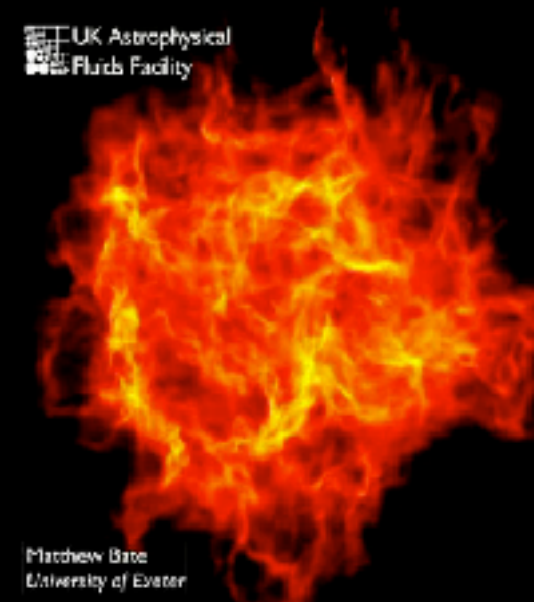
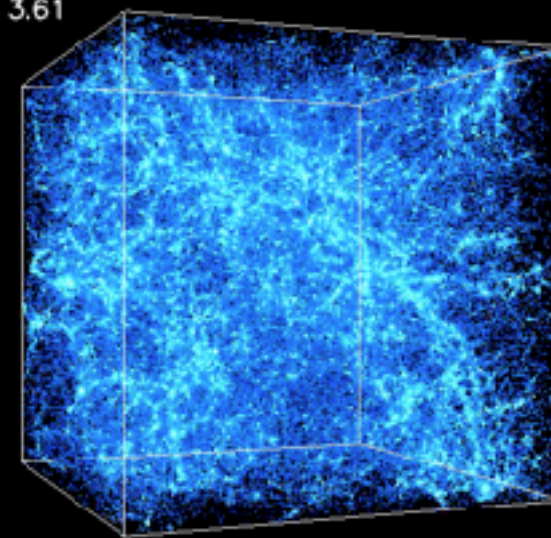
**EVERY VARIABLE-IMF
MODEL USED
EXTRA-GALACTICALLY
IS WRONG
(arXiv:1702.04431)**



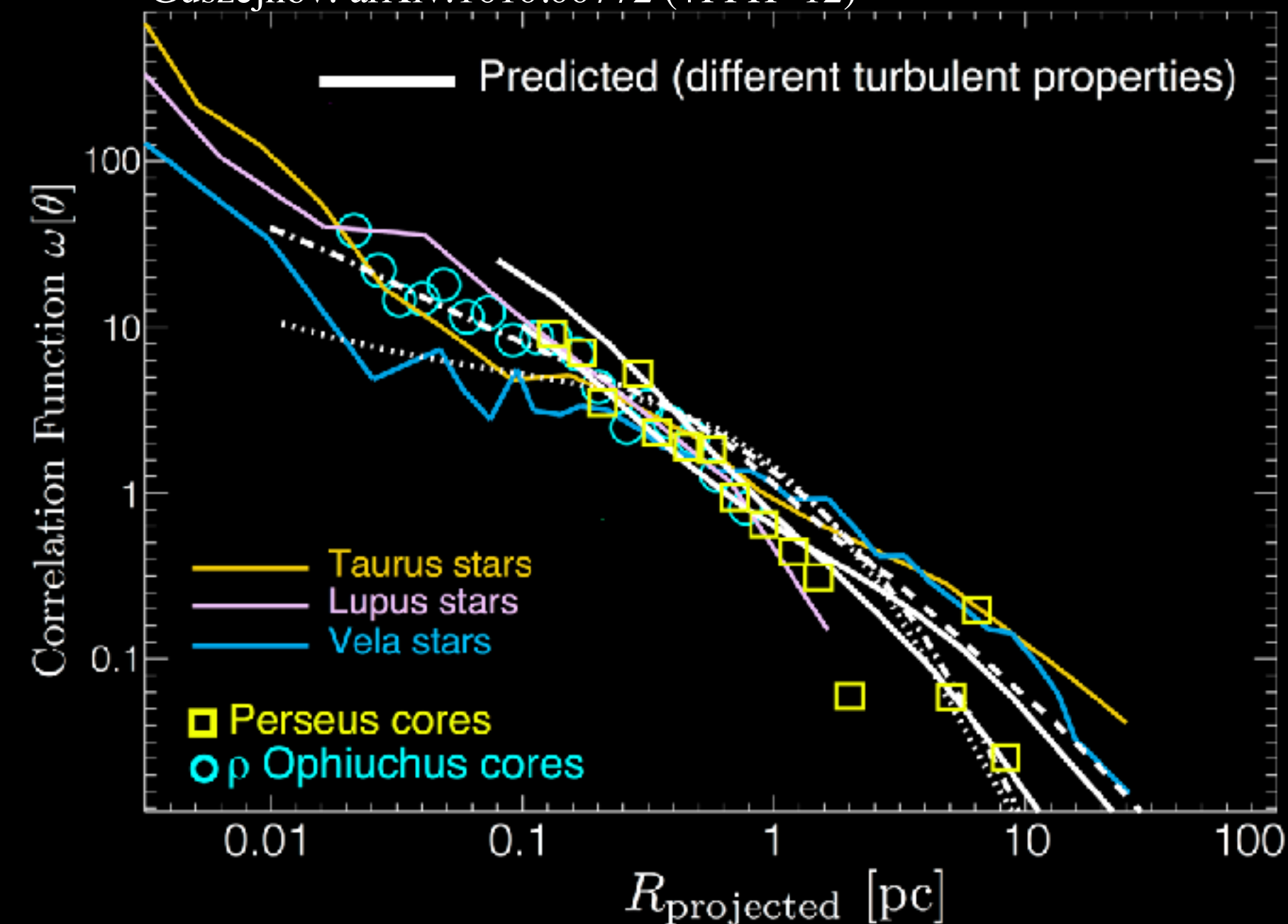
Why Is Star Formation Clustered?

INEVITABLE IN GRAVITATIONAL COLLAPSE

Z= 3.61



Guszejnov: arXiv:1610.00772 (+PFH '12)



Universal
(Guszejnov: 1707.05799):

Stars
Cores
Clumps
GMCs
Star clusters
Galaxies

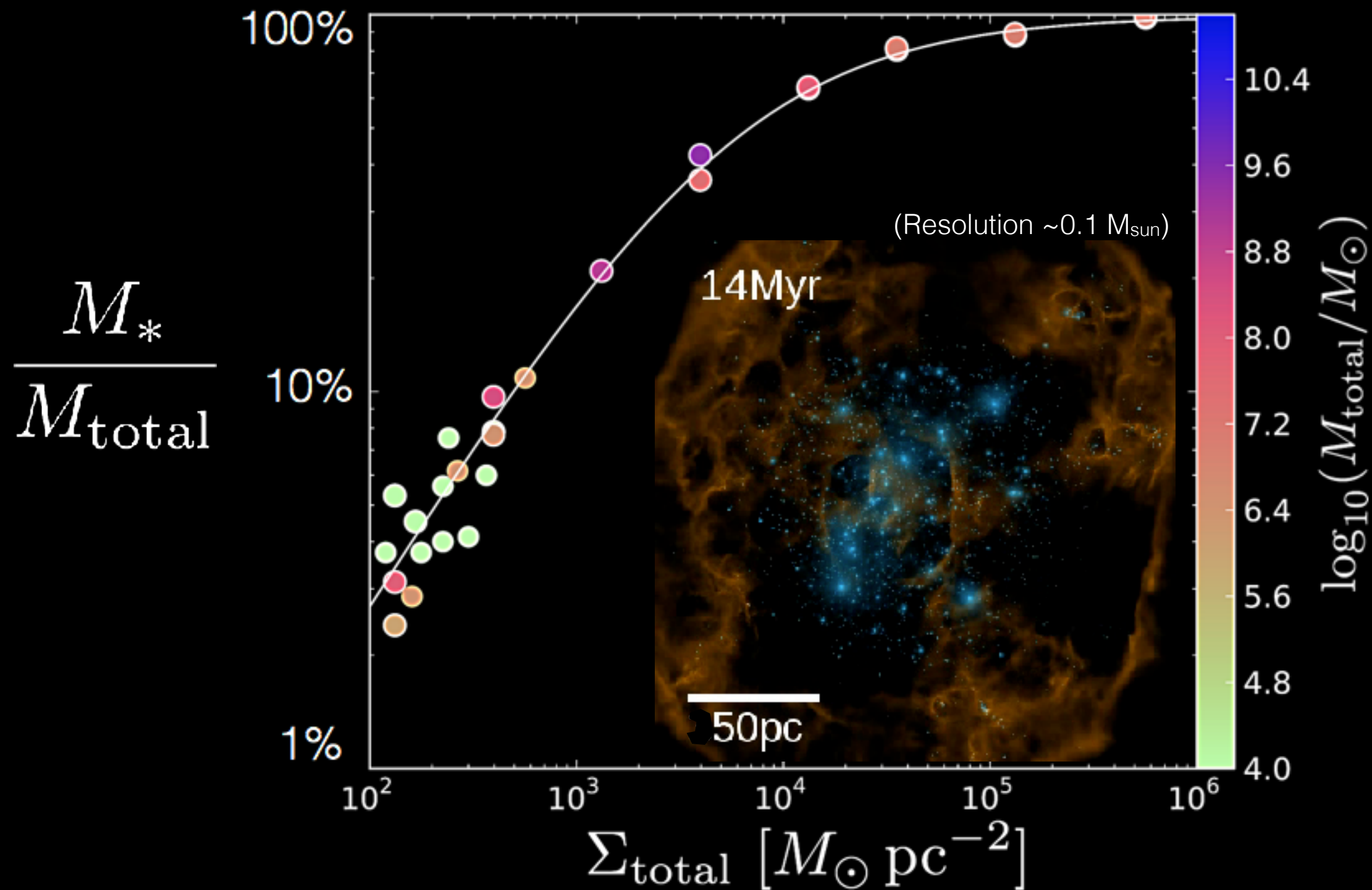
$\xi_{3d} \propto r^{-2}$
 $(\omega(\theta) \propto \theta^{-1})$

GMC & Star Cluster Scales

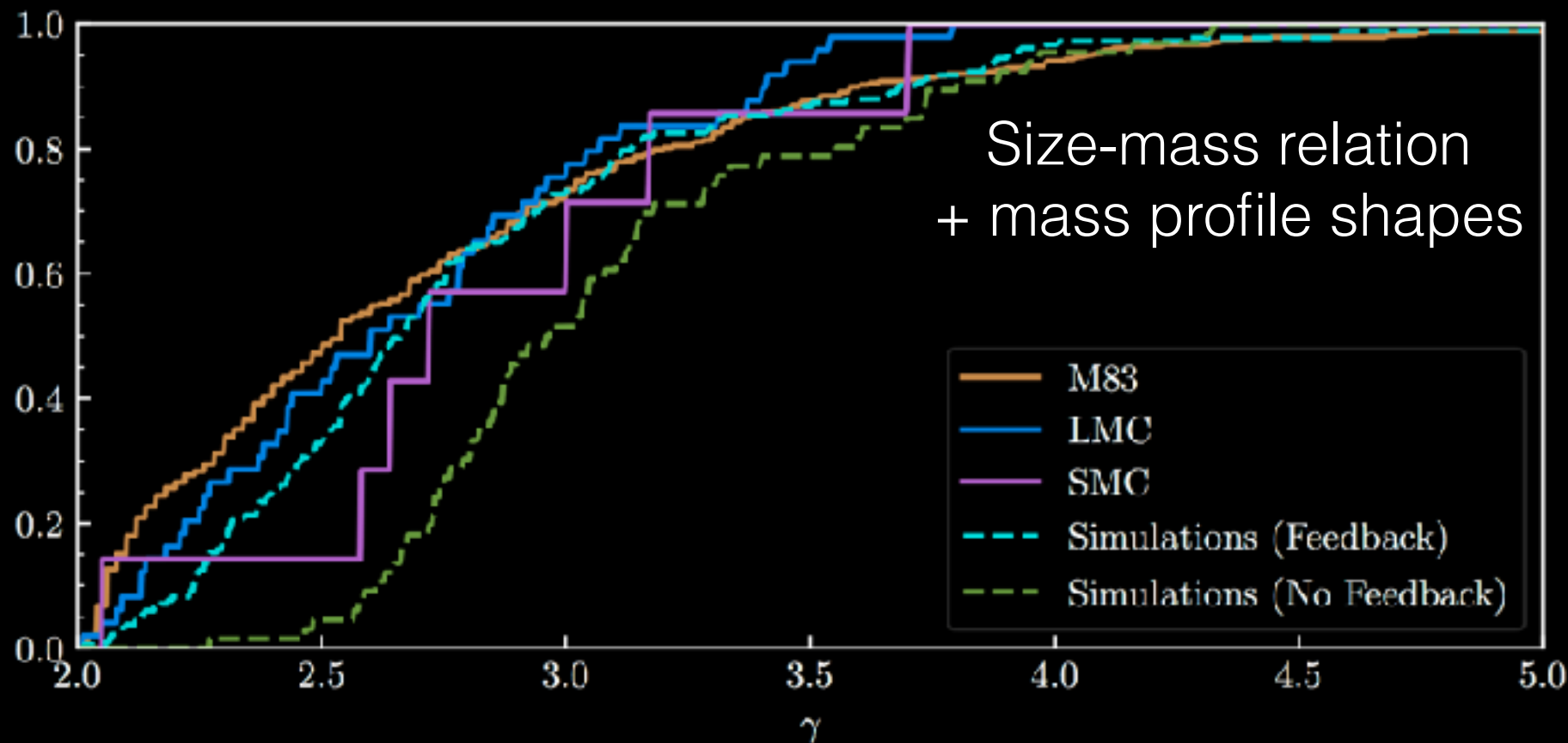
What Determines Cloud Star Formation Efficiencies?

FEEDBACK VS. GRAVITY

Mike Grudic
(arXiv:
1612.05635)

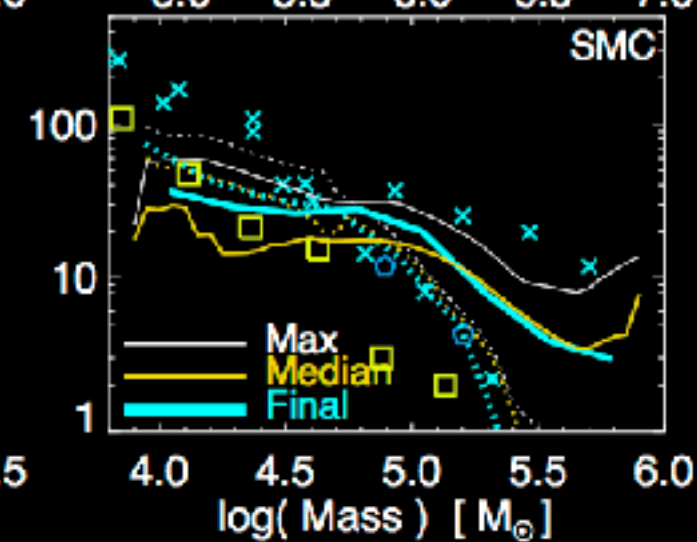
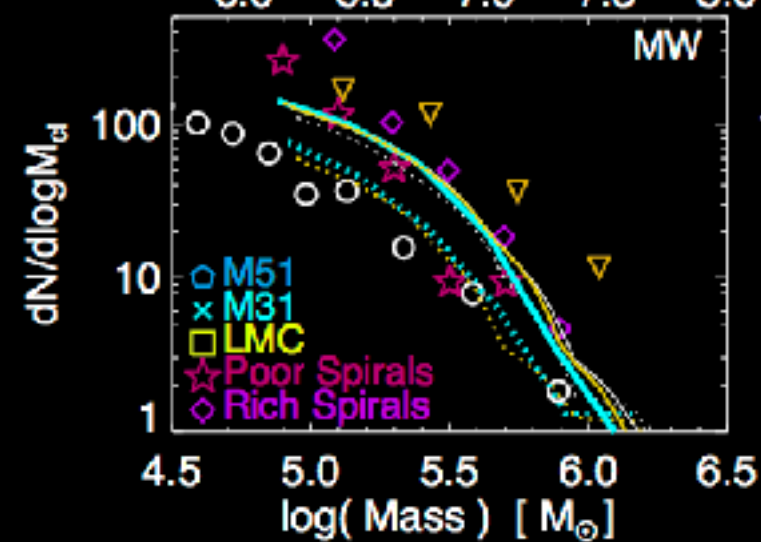
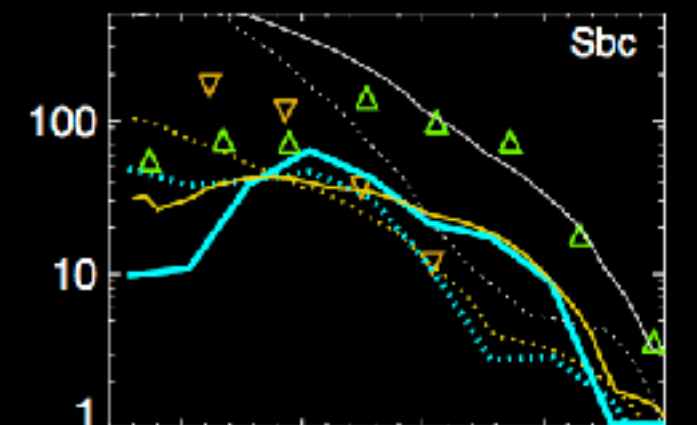
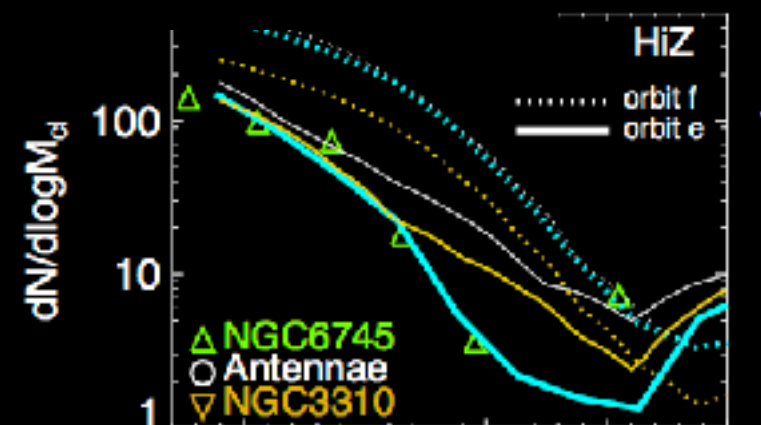
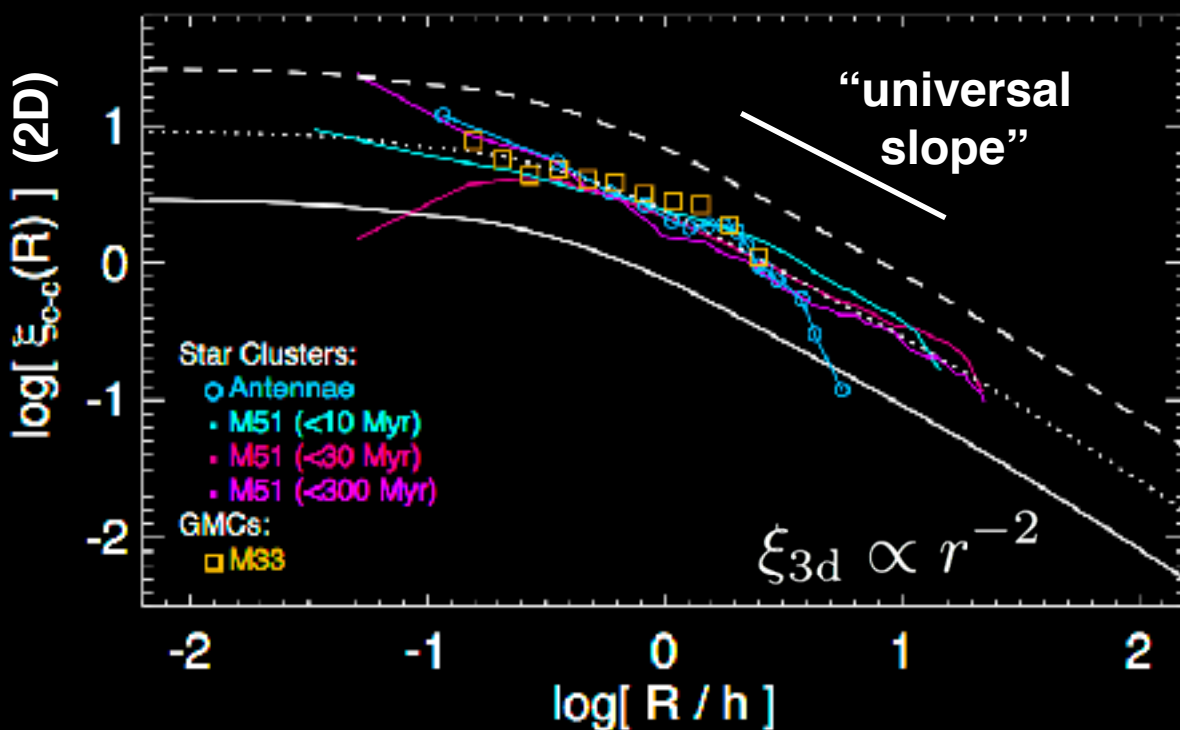


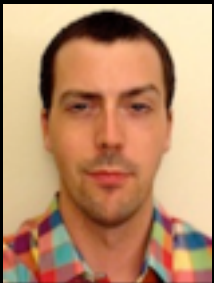
$$\text{Gravity} \sim \frac{G M_{\text{tot}} M_{\text{gas}}}{R^2} \propto M_{\text{tot}} \Sigma_{\text{gas}} \quad \text{vs.} \quad \text{Feedback} \sim \frac{\text{Momentum}}{\text{Time}} \propto (\dots) M_*$$



Mass functions ($\sim M^{-2}$)
vs. environment

Correlation functions





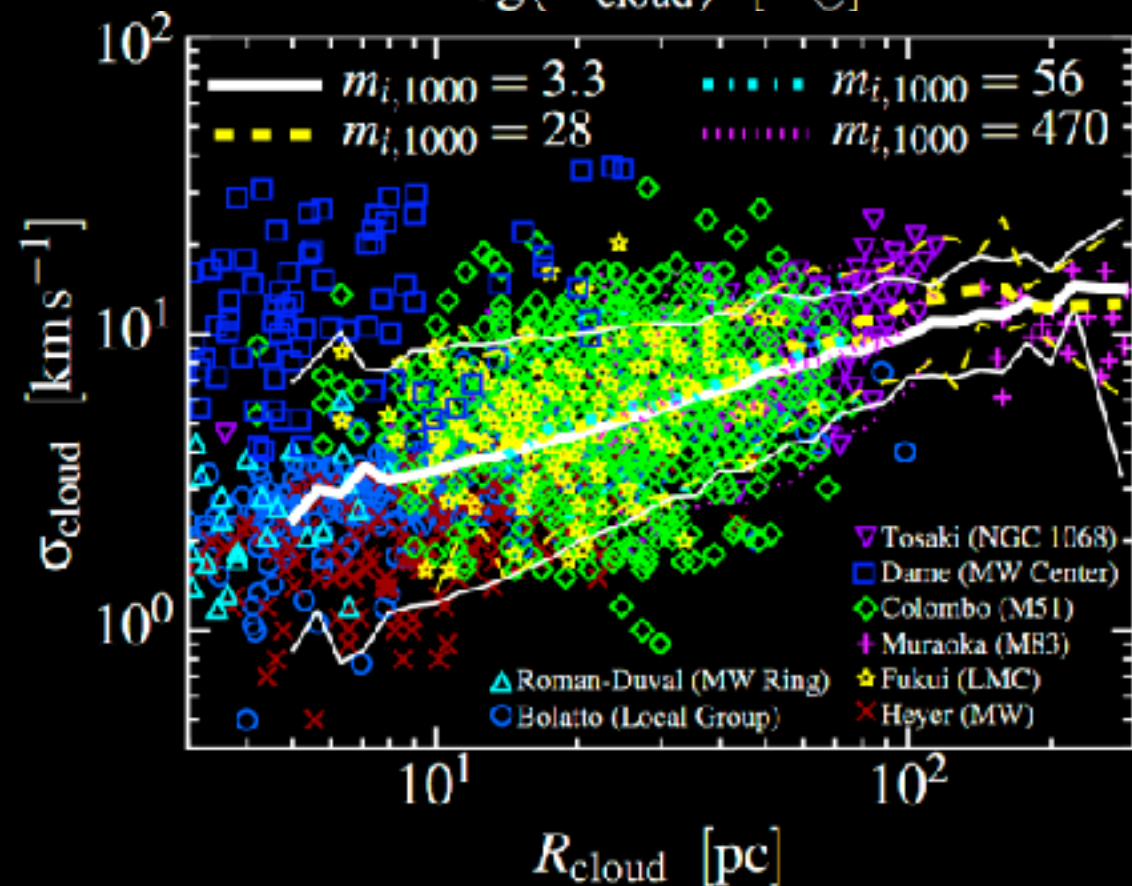
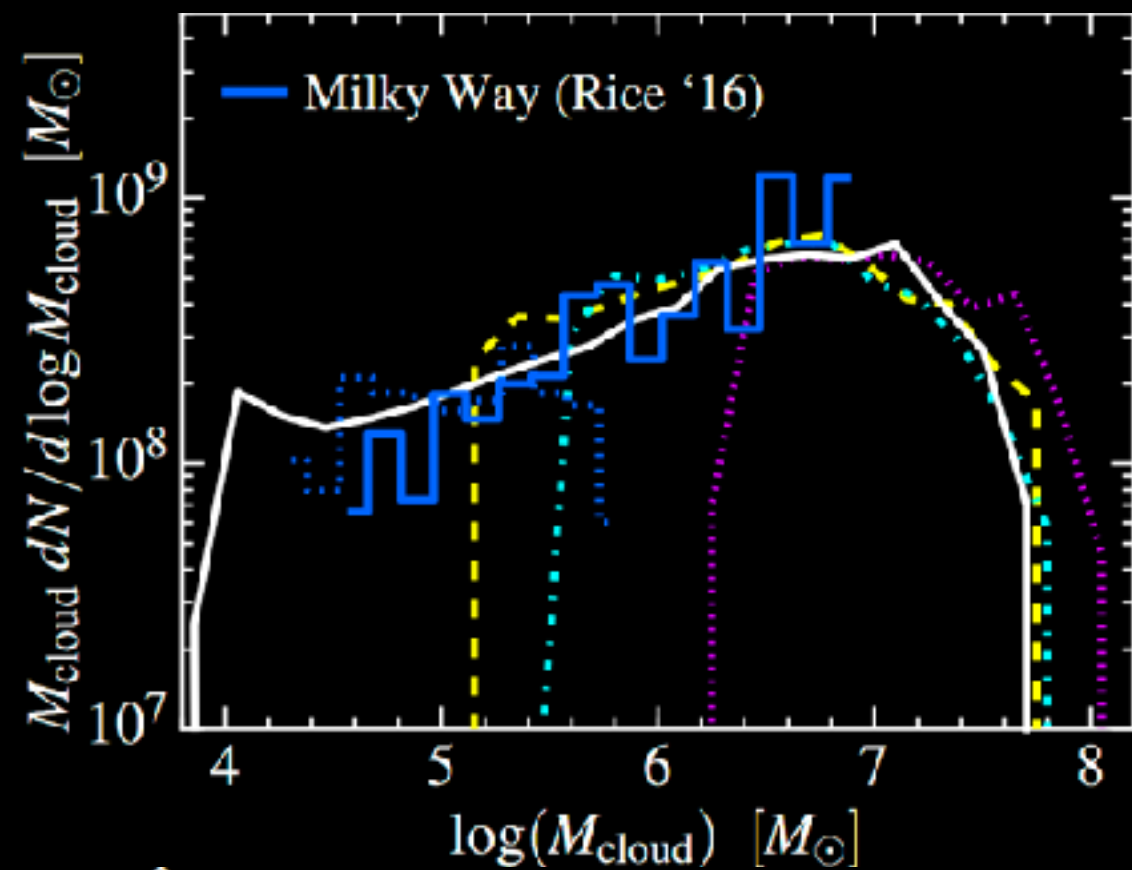
Andrew Wetzel
(arXiv:1602.05957)

“Triple Latte” (A. Wetzel): Cosmological MW with $\sim 800 M_{\text{sun}}$, sub-pc resolution

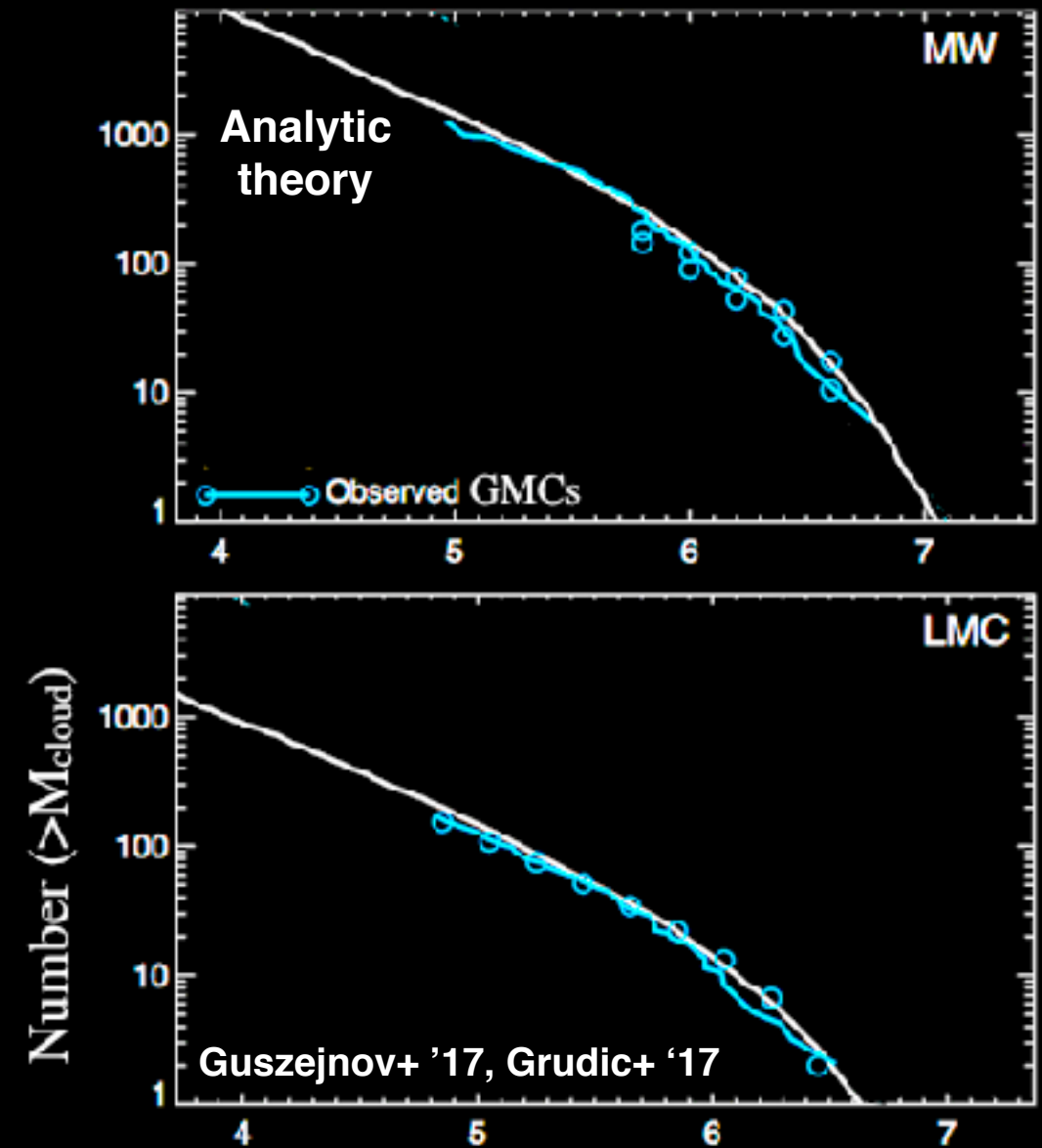
GMCs: Turbulence+Gravity+Feedback

RESOLVING “TOP SCALE” OF FRAGMENTATION

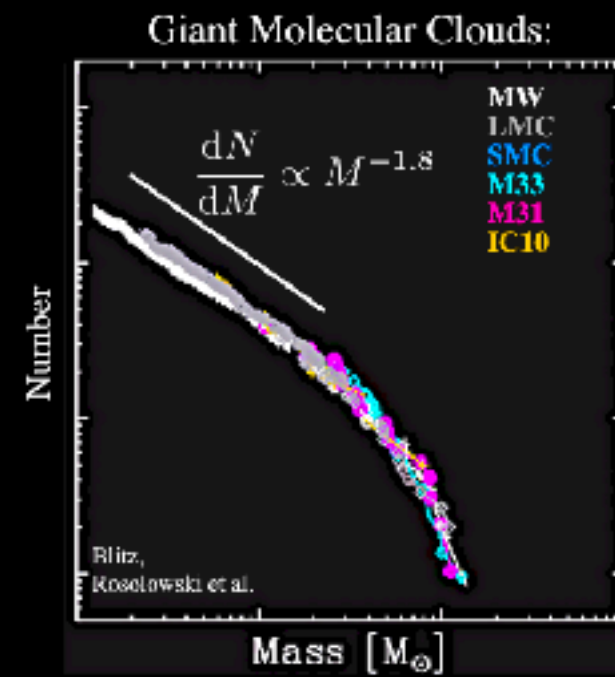
FIRE simulations: Guszejnov (arXiv:1702.04431)



(+cloud lifetimes,
SF efficiencies,
virial parameters)



“Universal”
Mass Function
(GMCs, star clusters,
and more!)

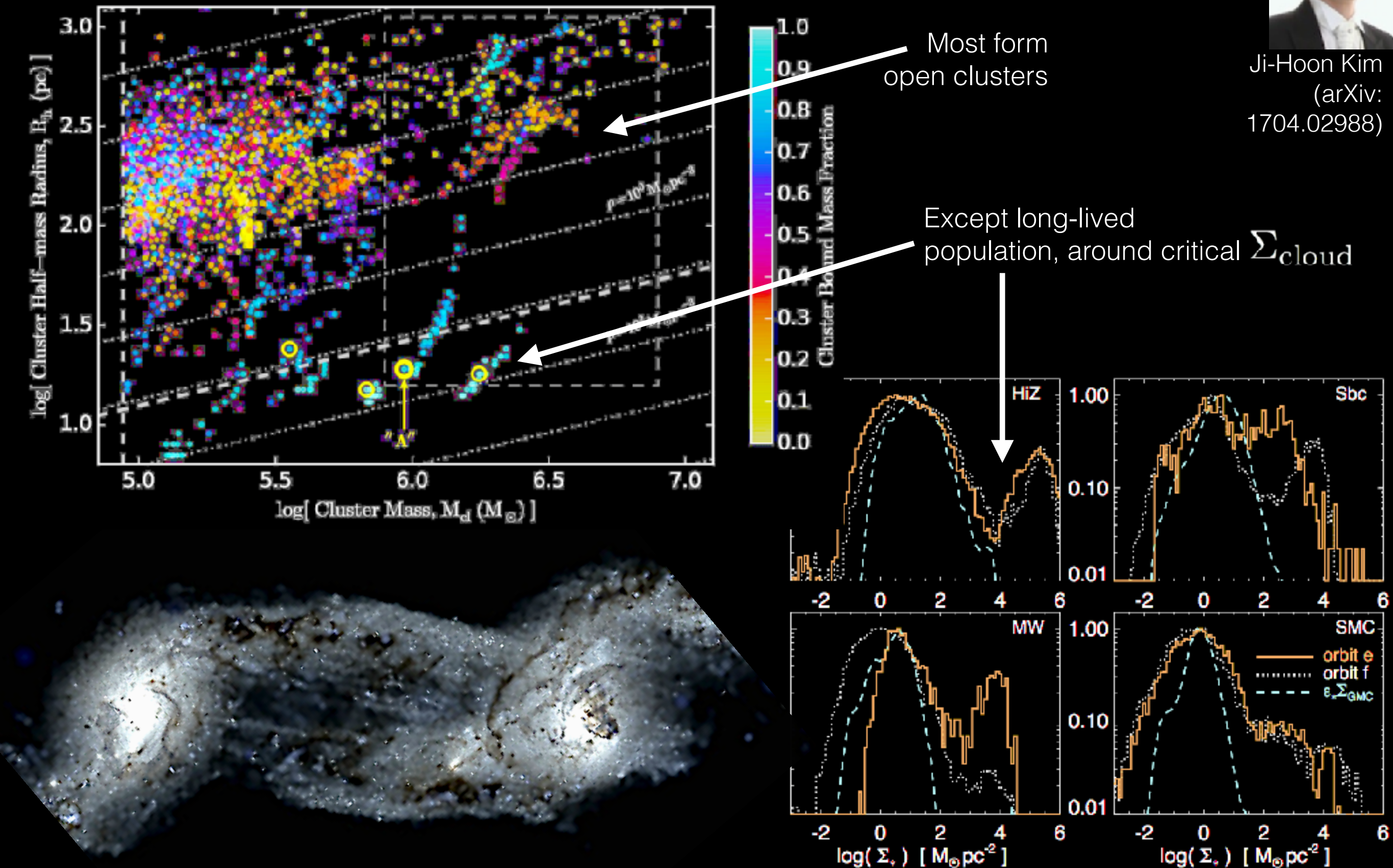


Resolving Globulars in Cosmological Simulations

(KIM '17 + GRUDIC '17)



Ji-Hoon Kim
(arXiv:
1704.02988)



~kpc Scales: Kennicutt-Schmidt

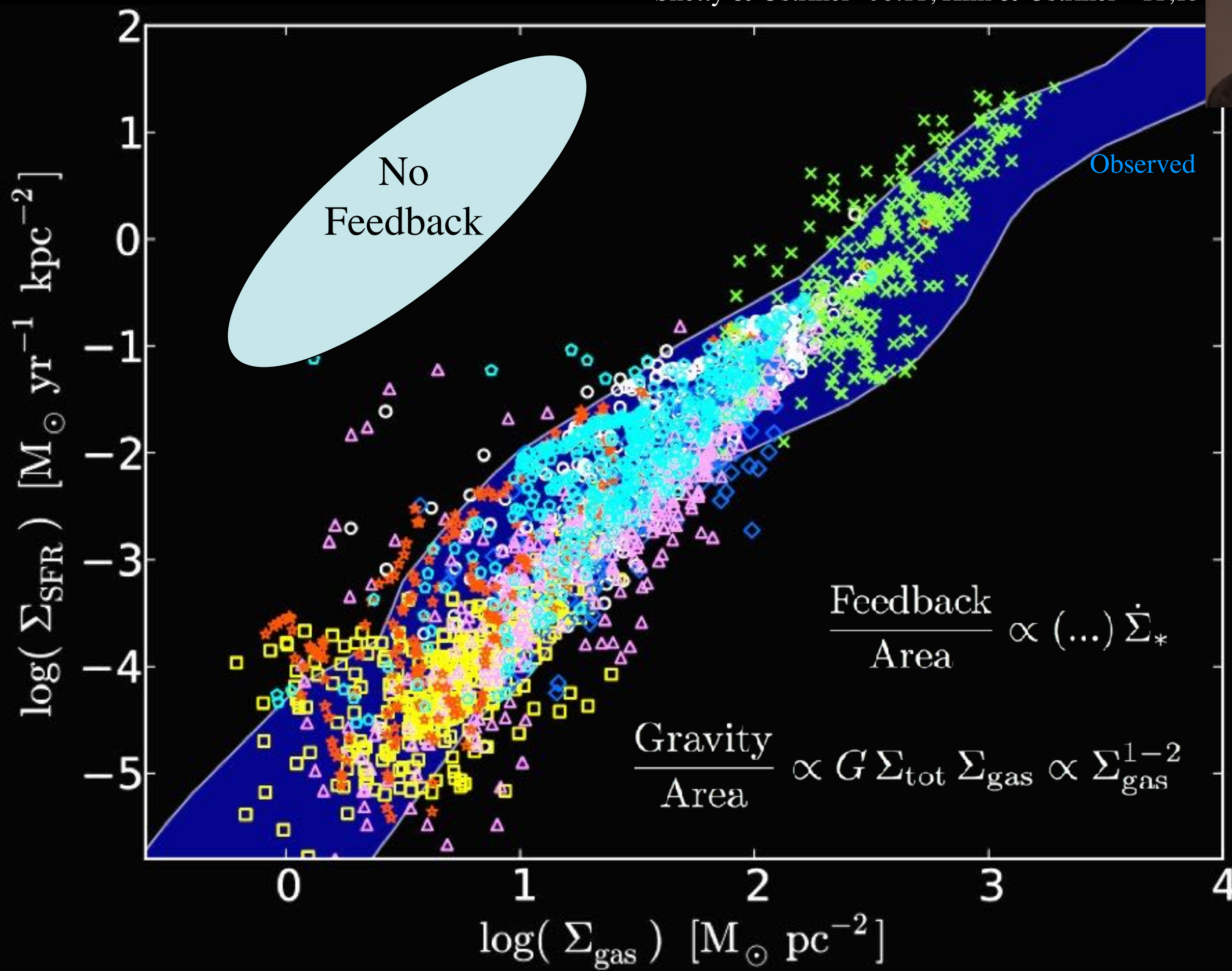
KS Law Emerges Naturally

FEEDBACK VS. GRAVITY

Matt Orr (1701.01788)

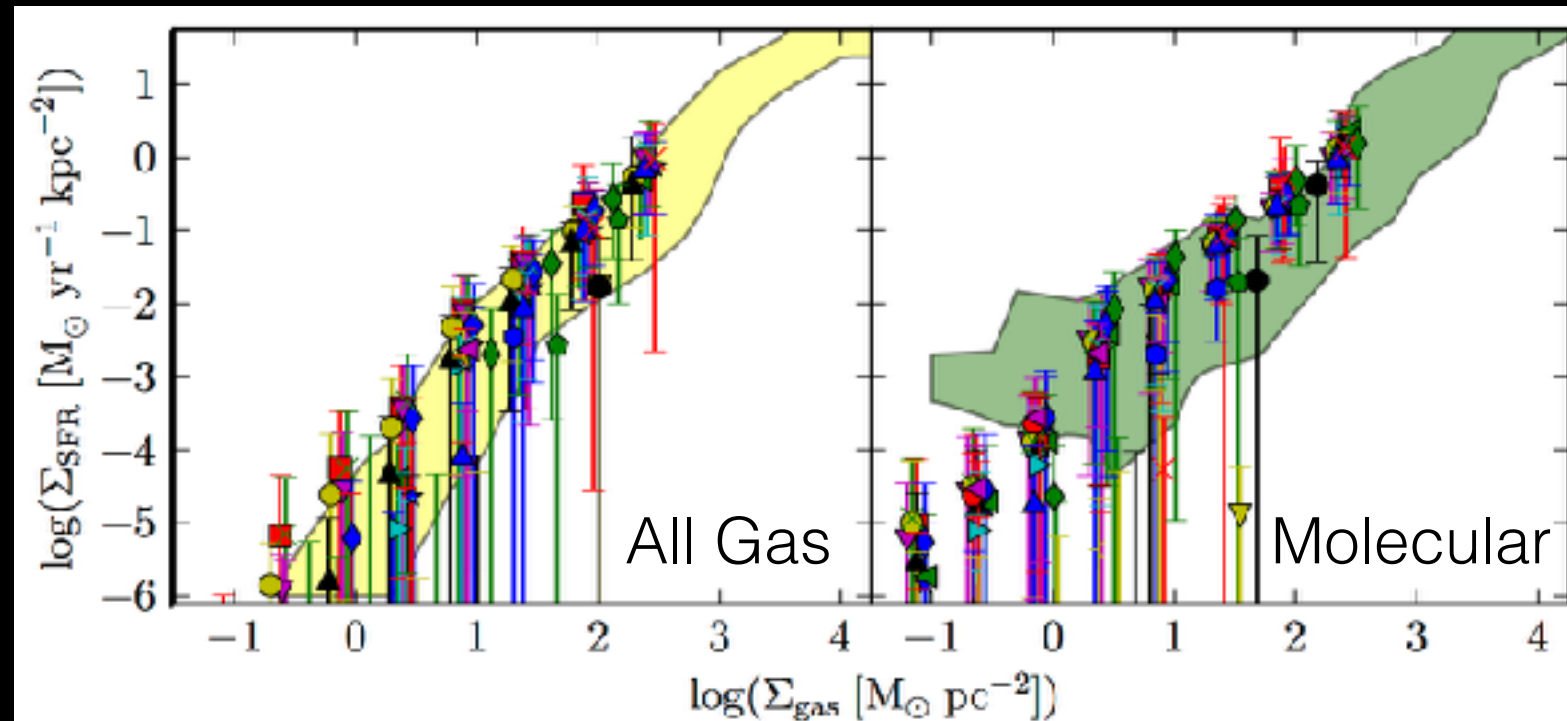
Agertz+14 , PFH+ 11,12,14

Shetty & Ostriker '08.11, Kim & Ostriker '11,13

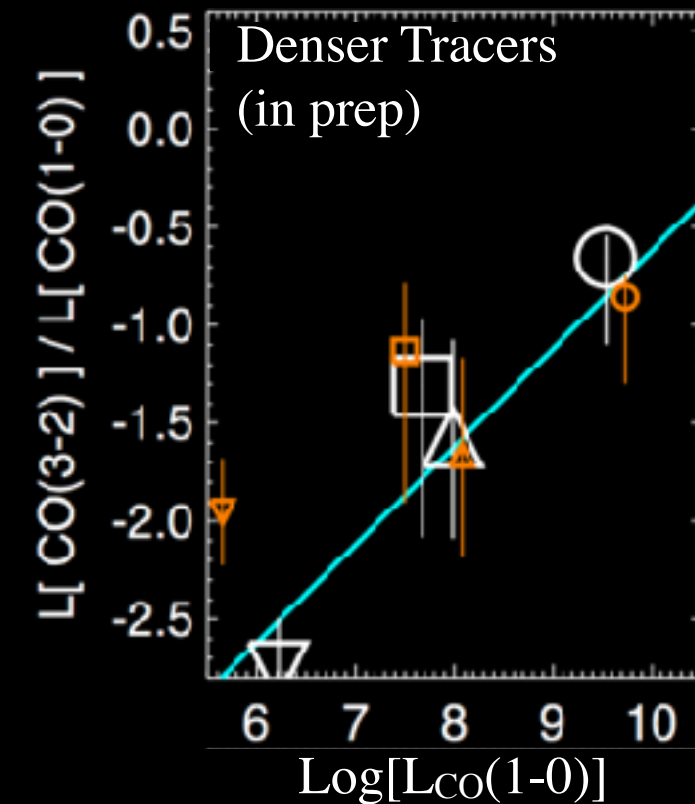


The KS Law: Different Information on Different Scales

Matt Orr (1701.01788)
+ '17 (in prep)

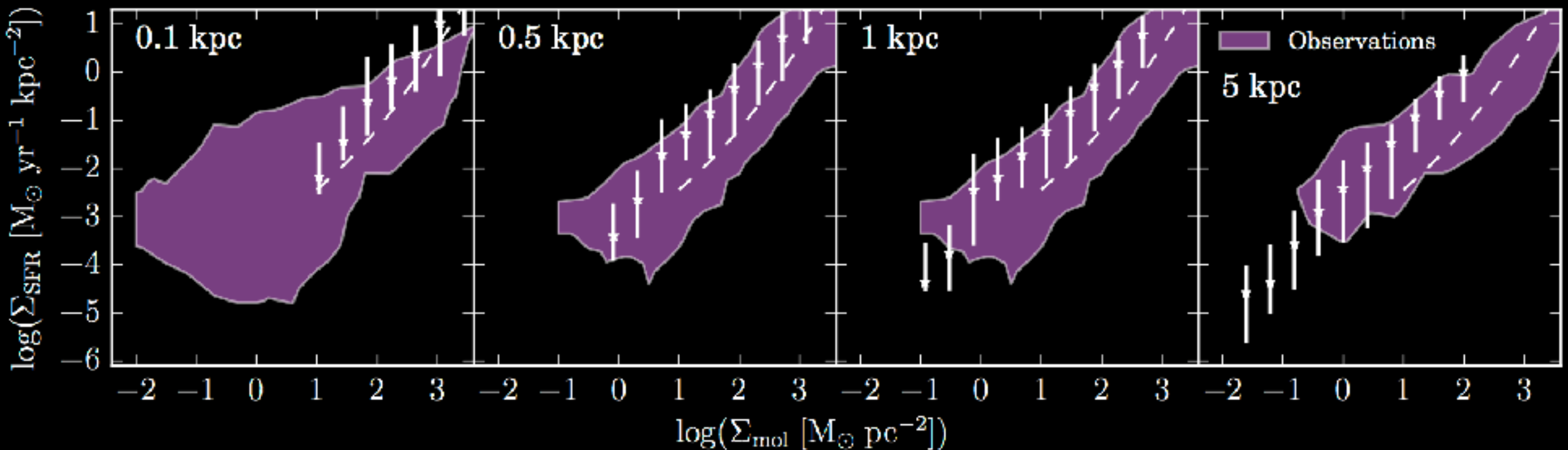


Redshift-independent, weakly metallicity-dependent



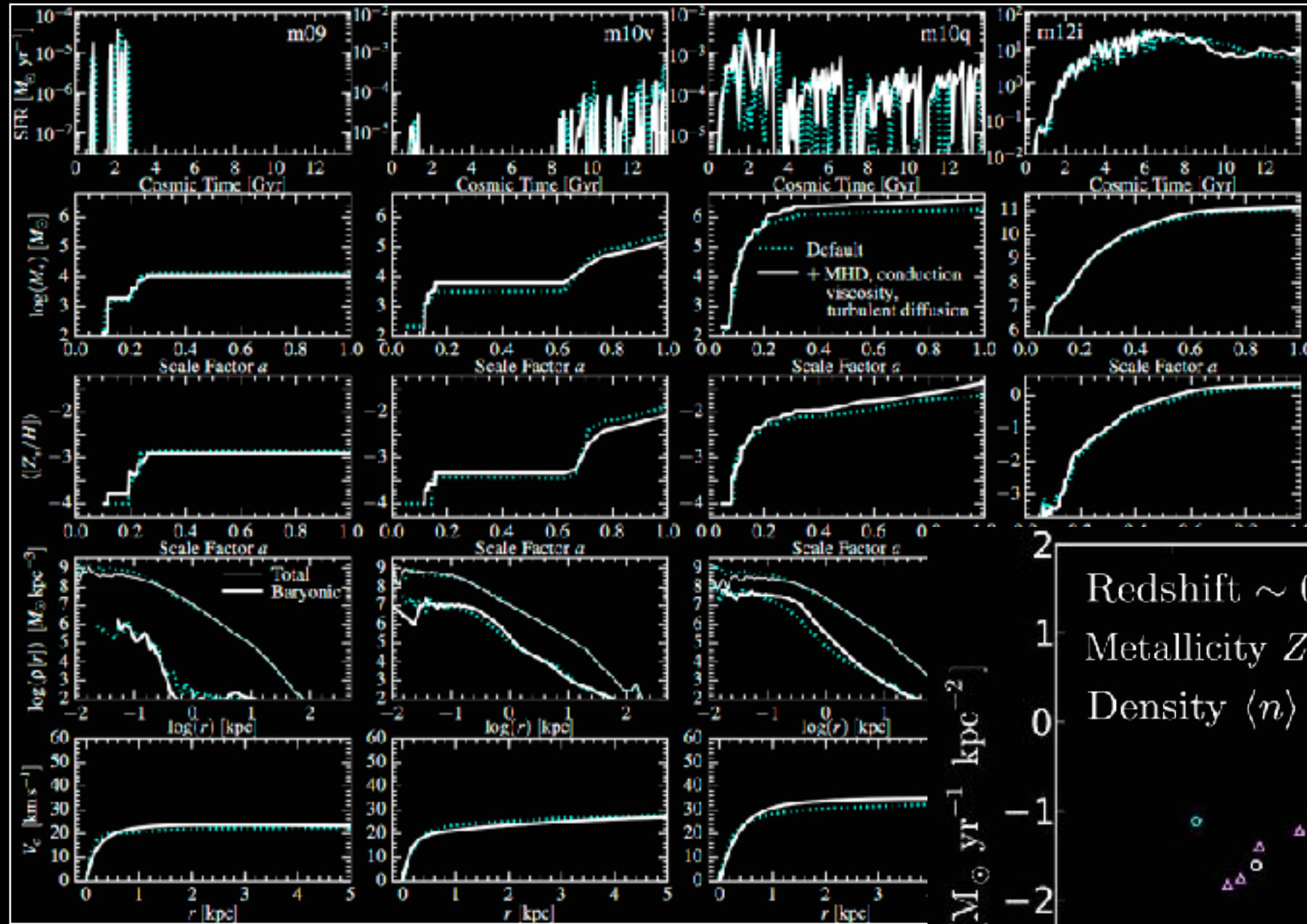
Different “resolved” laws:

no dependence on “numerical” SF law!!!

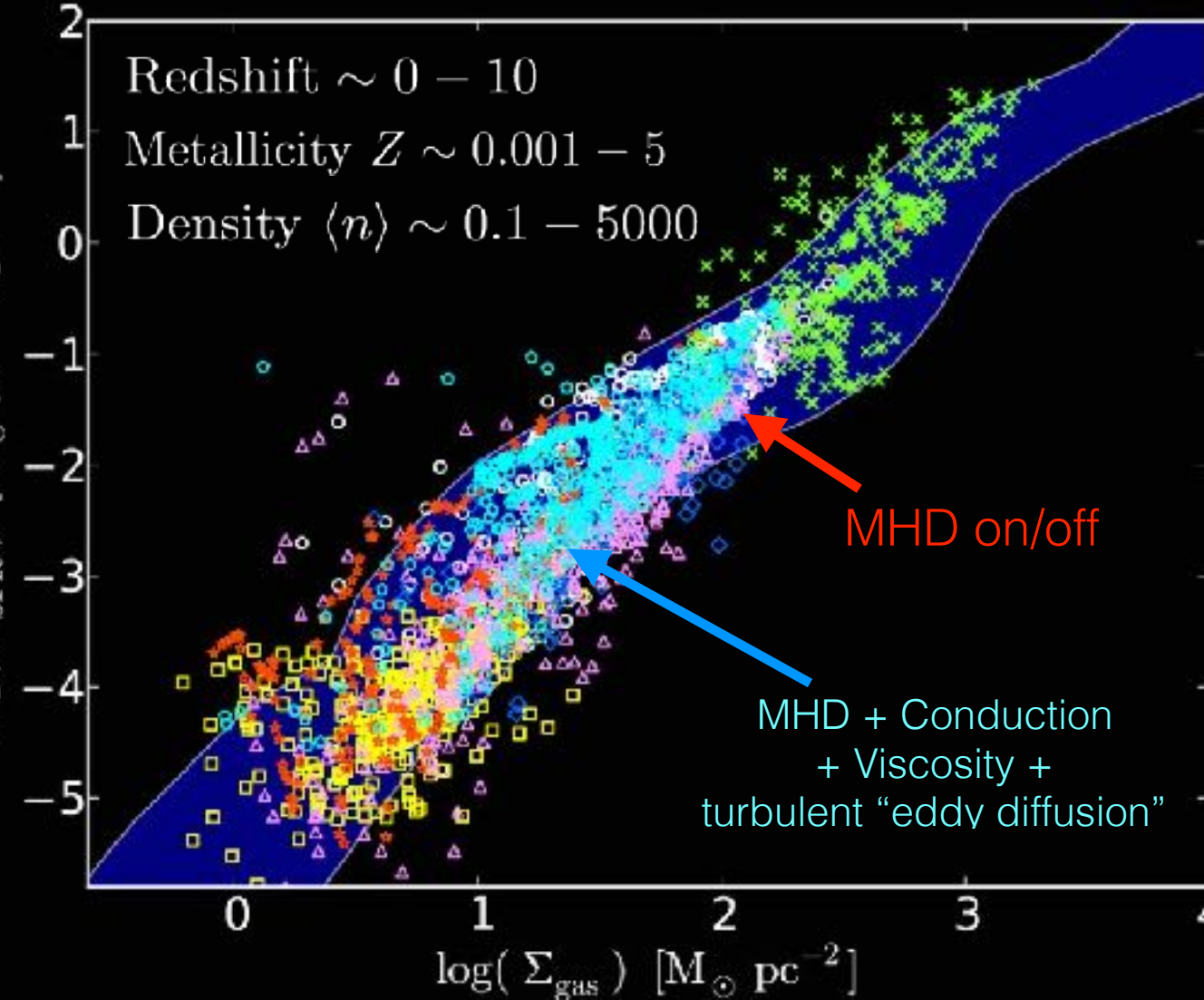




No dependence on MHD, conduction, viscosity, etc.
ONLY SEE IF FEEDBACK IS ARTIFICIALLY WEAK



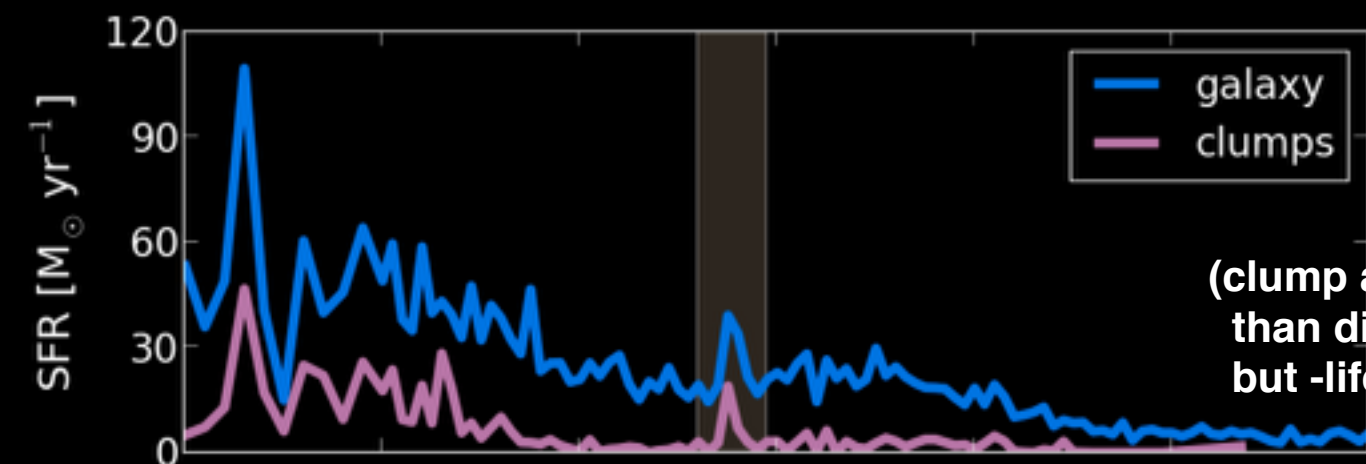
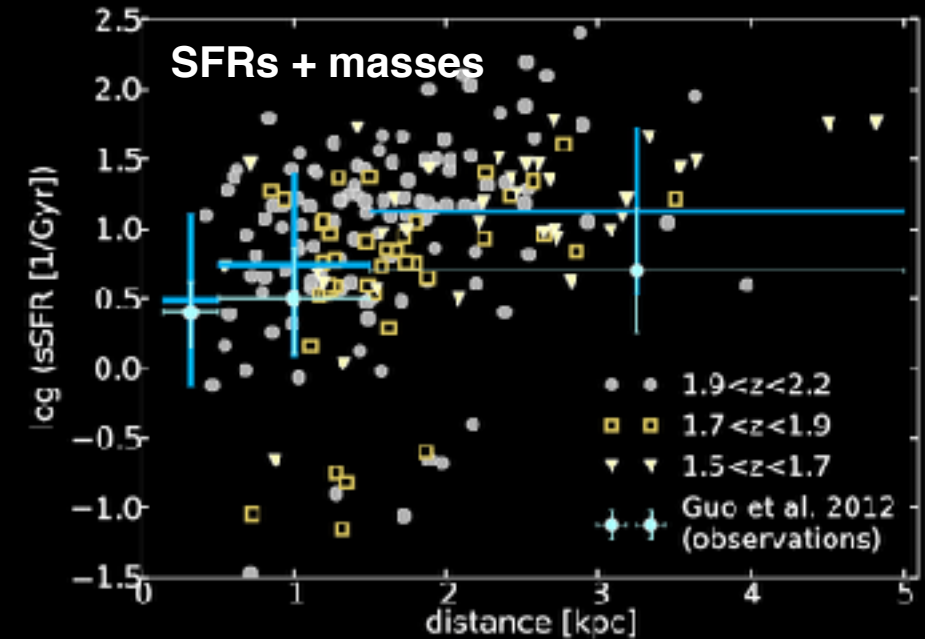
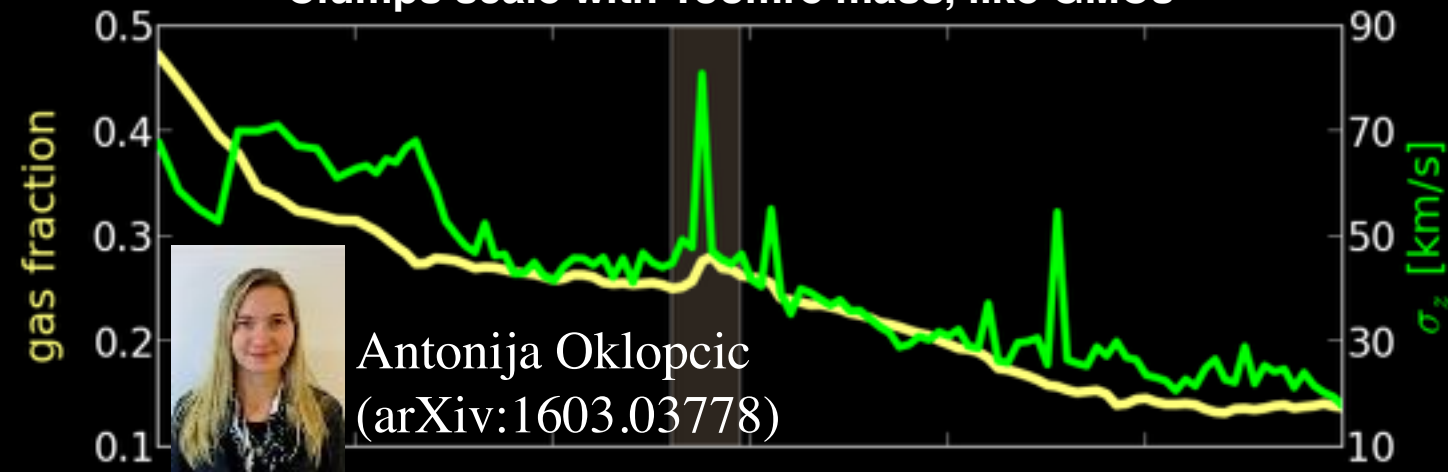
$\log(\Sigma_{\text{SFR}}) [\text{M}_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1} \text{ kpc}^{-2}]$



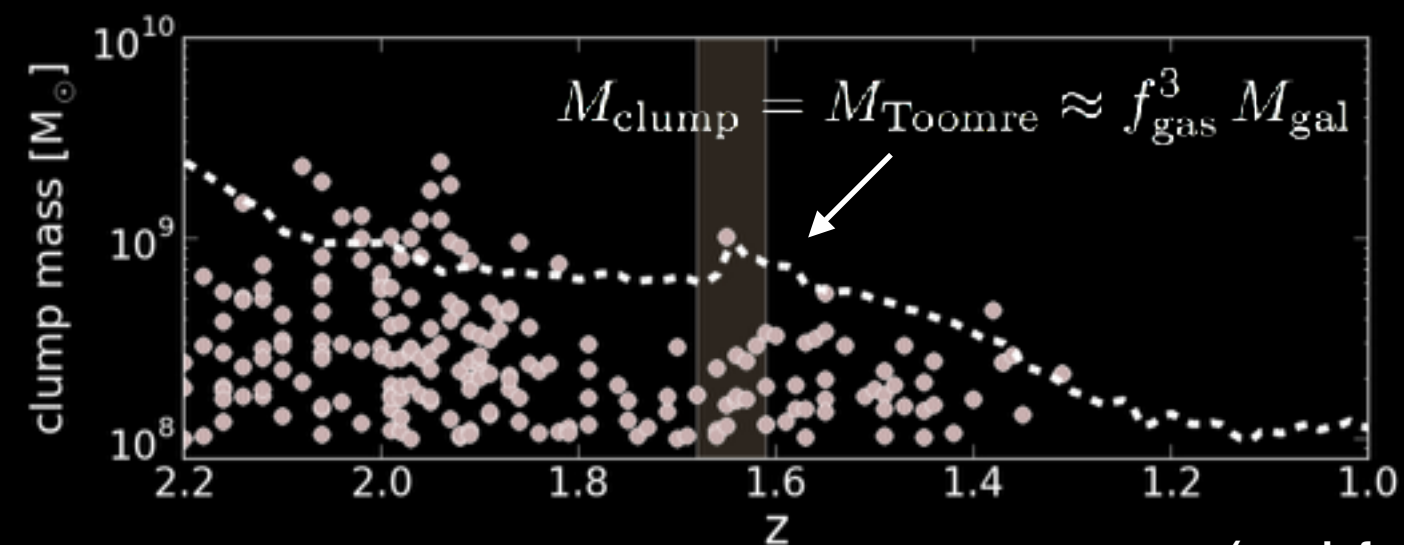
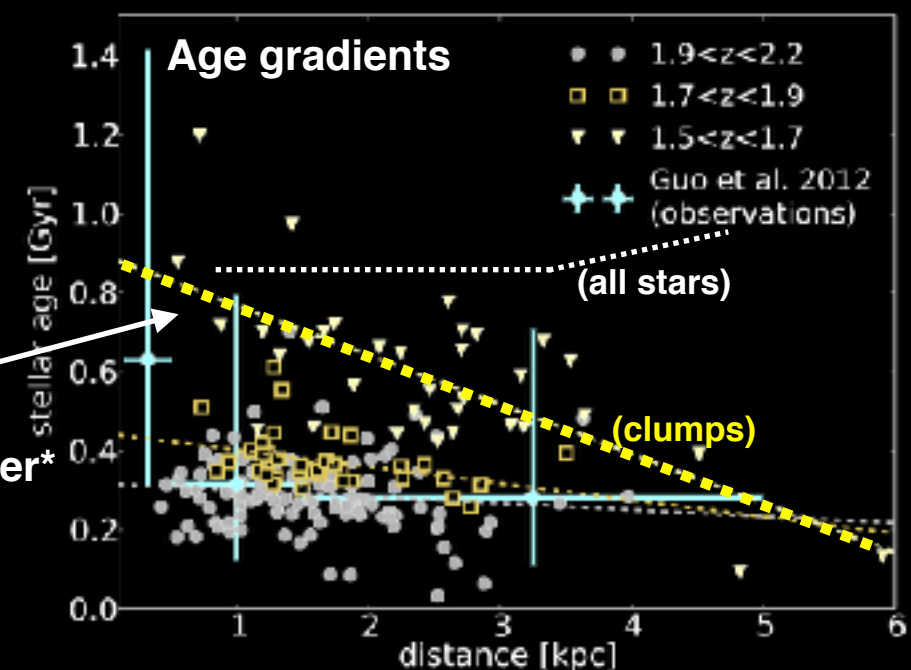
Giant “Clumps”

JUST AN EXTENSION OF GMCs

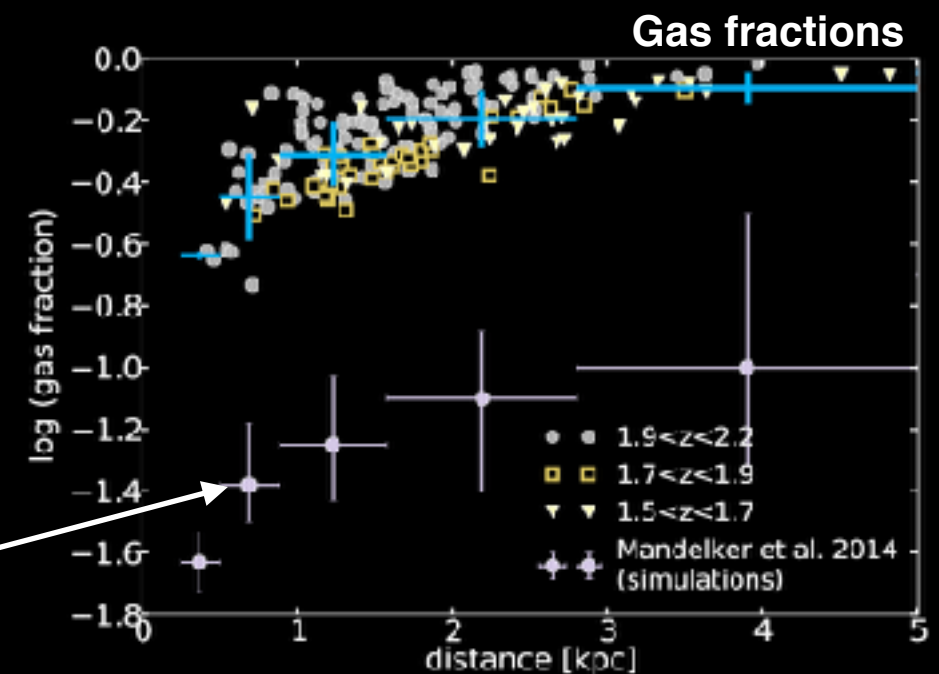
Clumps scale with Toomre mass, like GMCs



(clump age gradients *stronger* than disk, “ages” >1 Gyr, but -lifetimes- short)



(weak feedback, long-lived clump model)

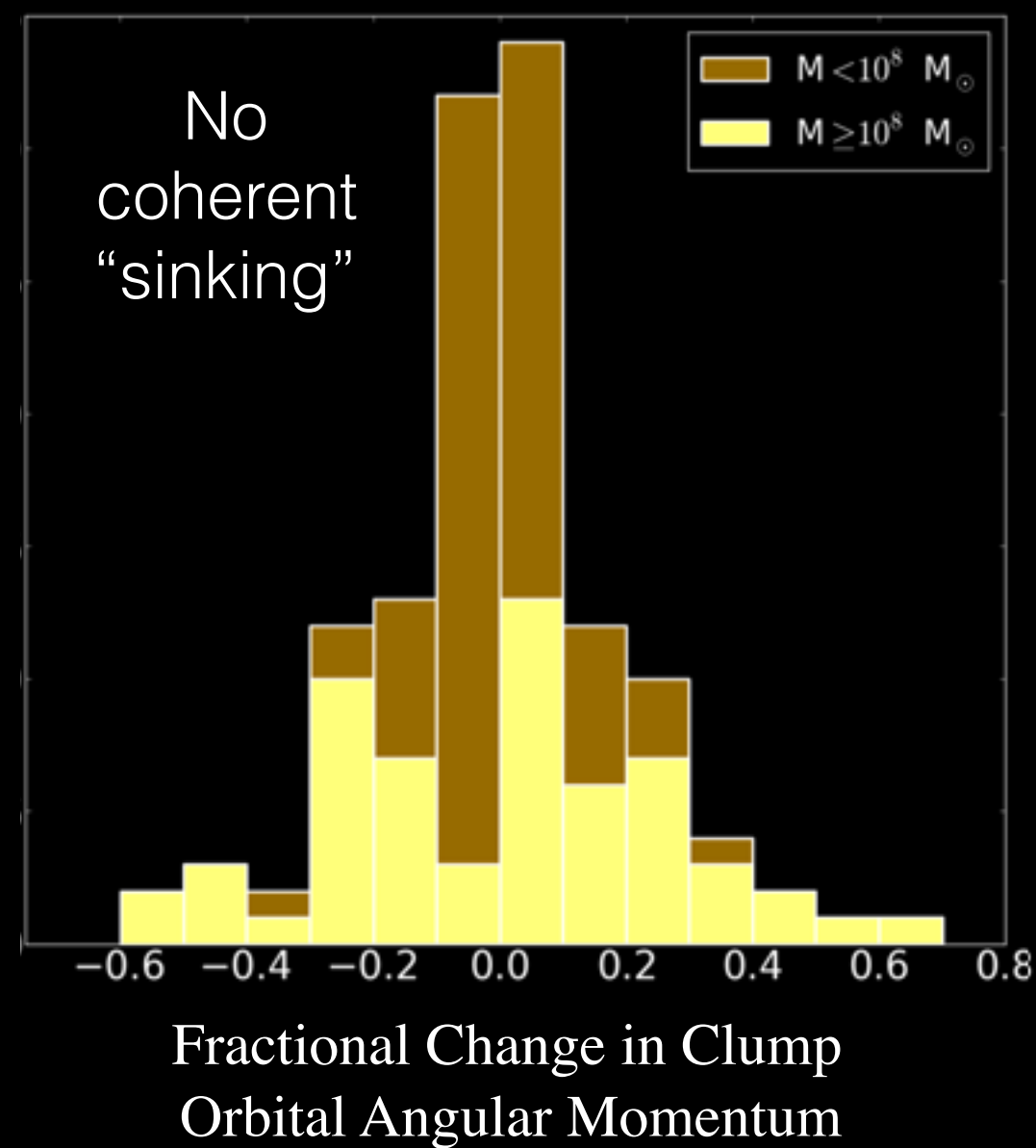
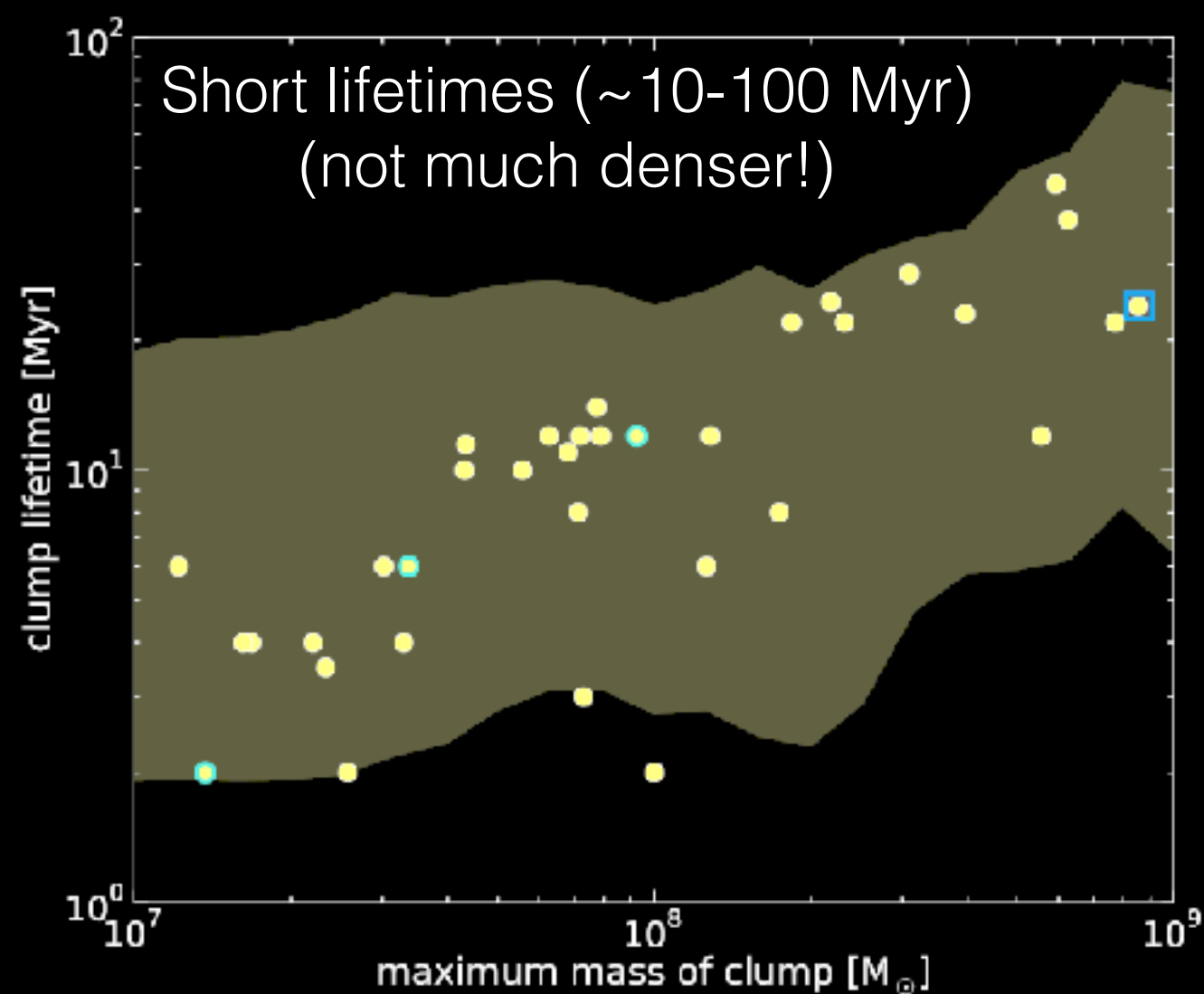
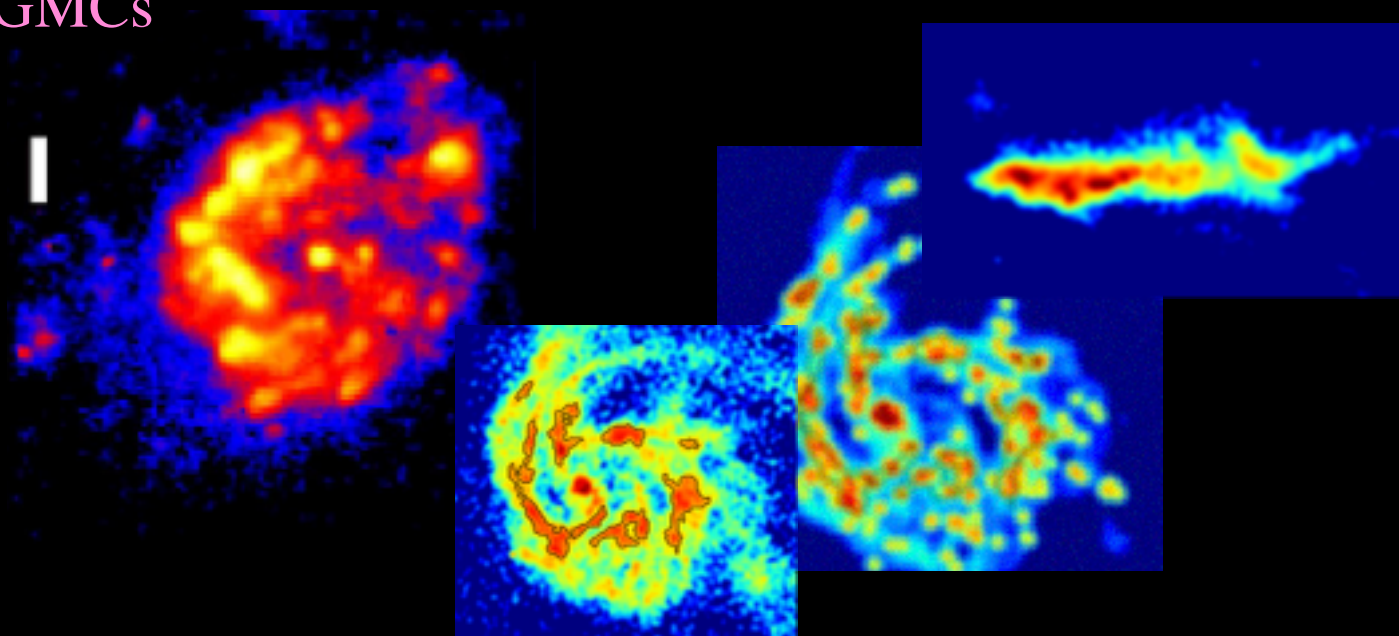


Giant “Clumps” Blow Up, Don’t Sink

JUST AN EXTENSION OF GMCs



Antonija Oklopčić
(arXiv:1603.03778)



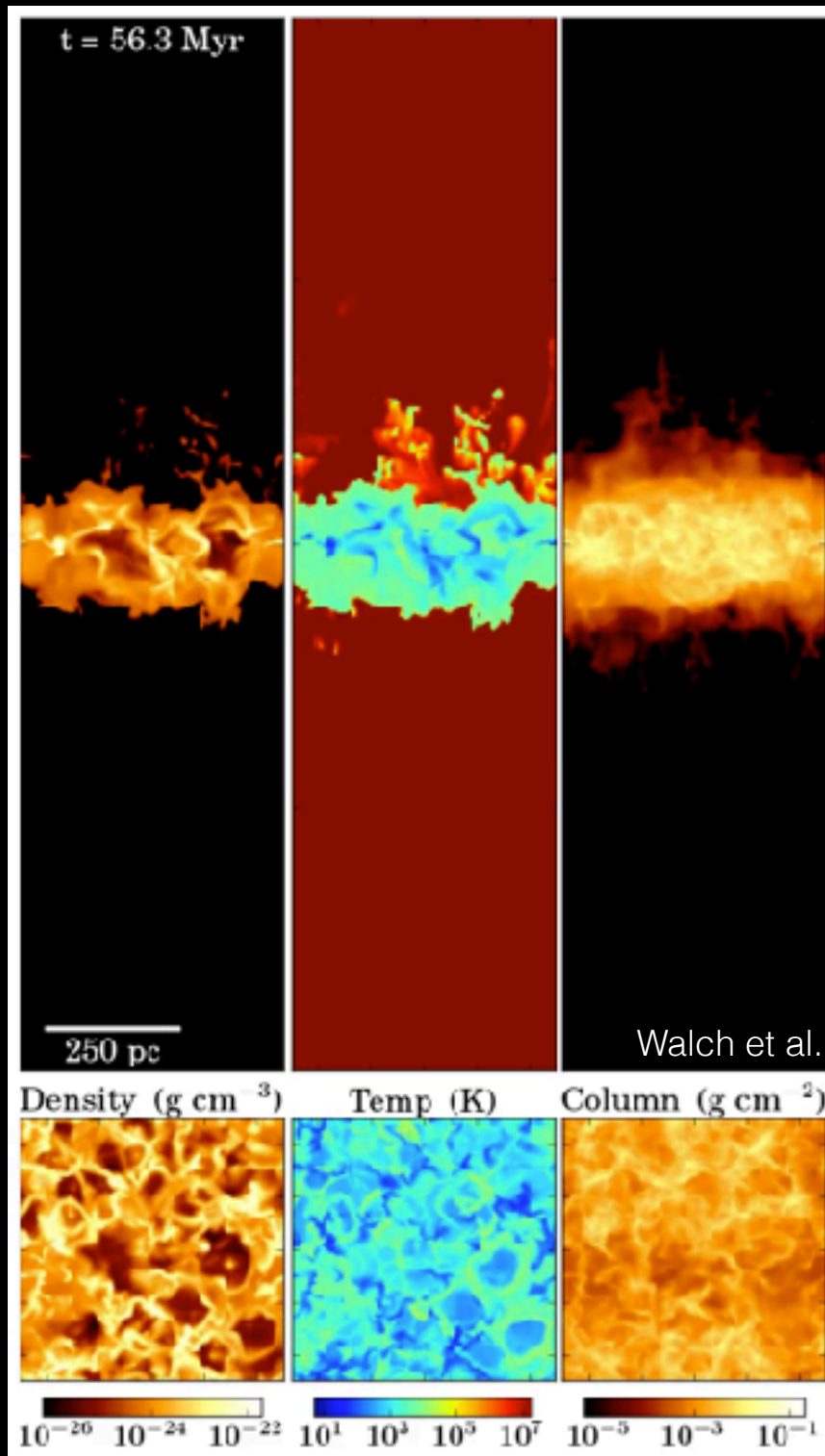
Galactic/Cosmological SFRs: Driving Winds

Remember Stellar Clustering?

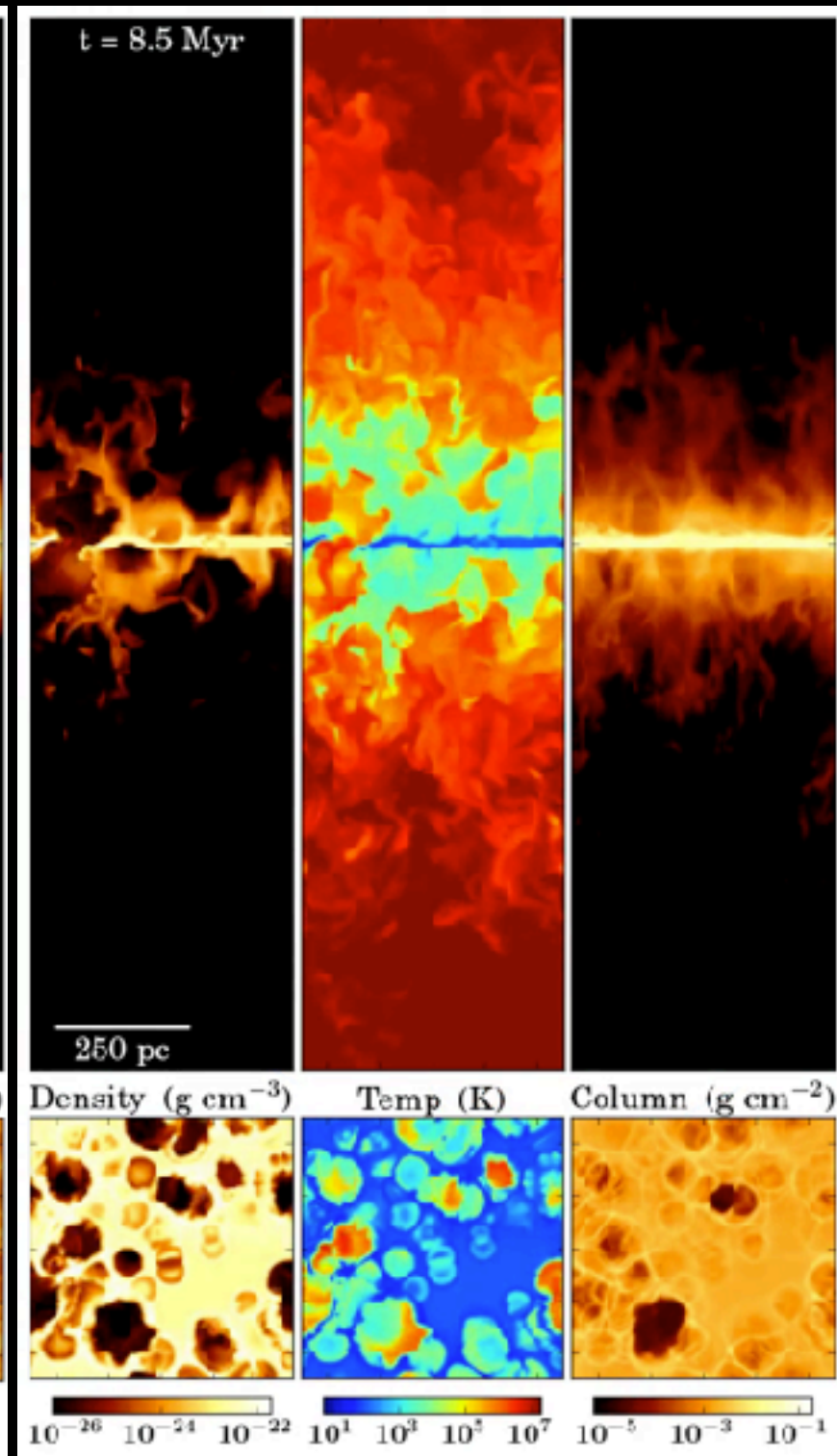
THIS MATTERS, A LOT!

Martizzi+ '16
Walch+, Kimm+,
many others

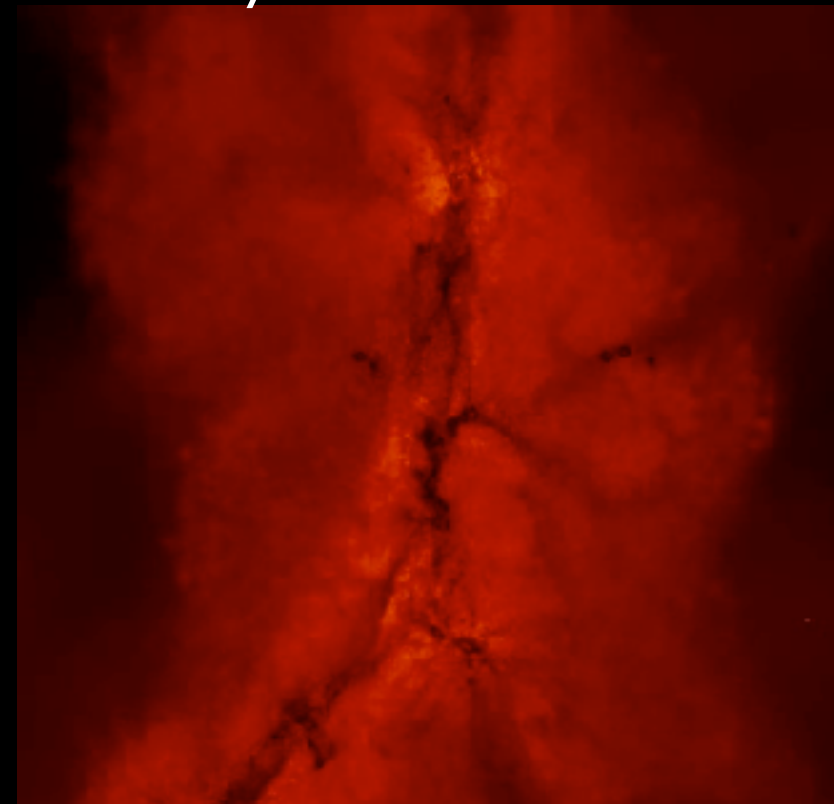
**SNe Explode in Density Peaks
(no radiative feedback)**



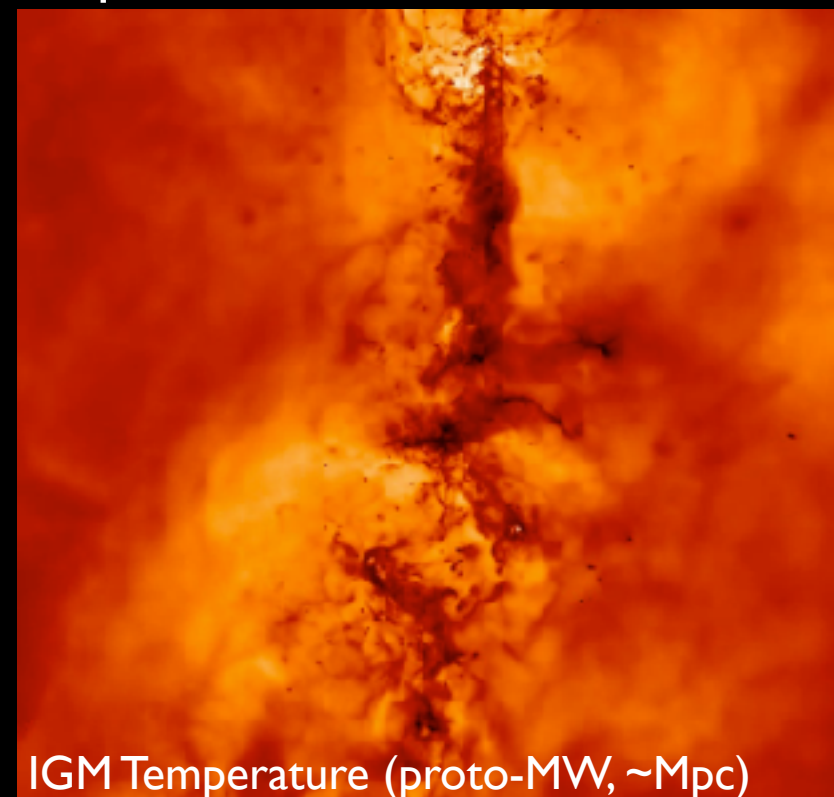
**SNe Clustered & Off-Peak
(radiative feedback/pre-processing)**



Winds “by hand” $\sim$ SFR



Explicit ISM/Feedback



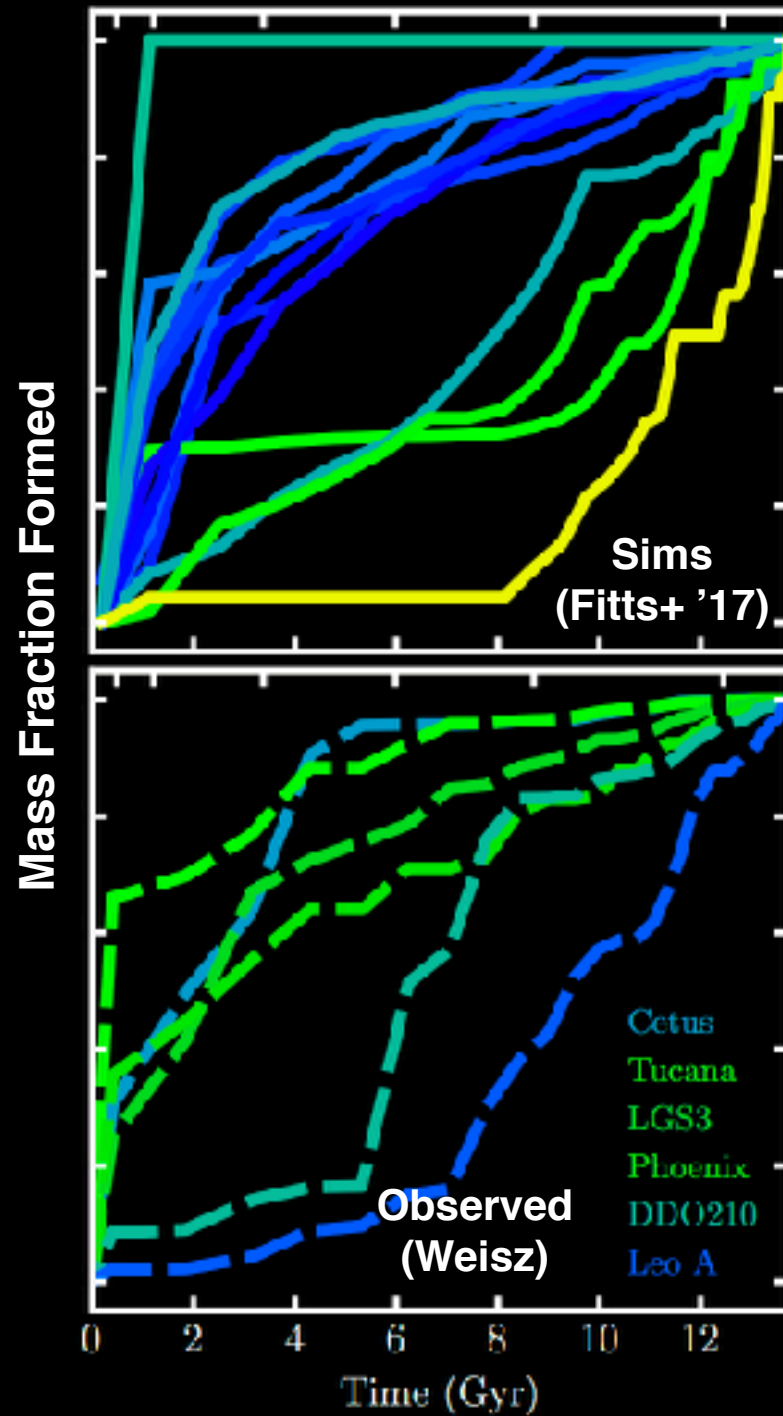
IGM Temperature (proto-MW, $\sim$ Mpc)

Burstiness & SFR- M_{stars} Relation

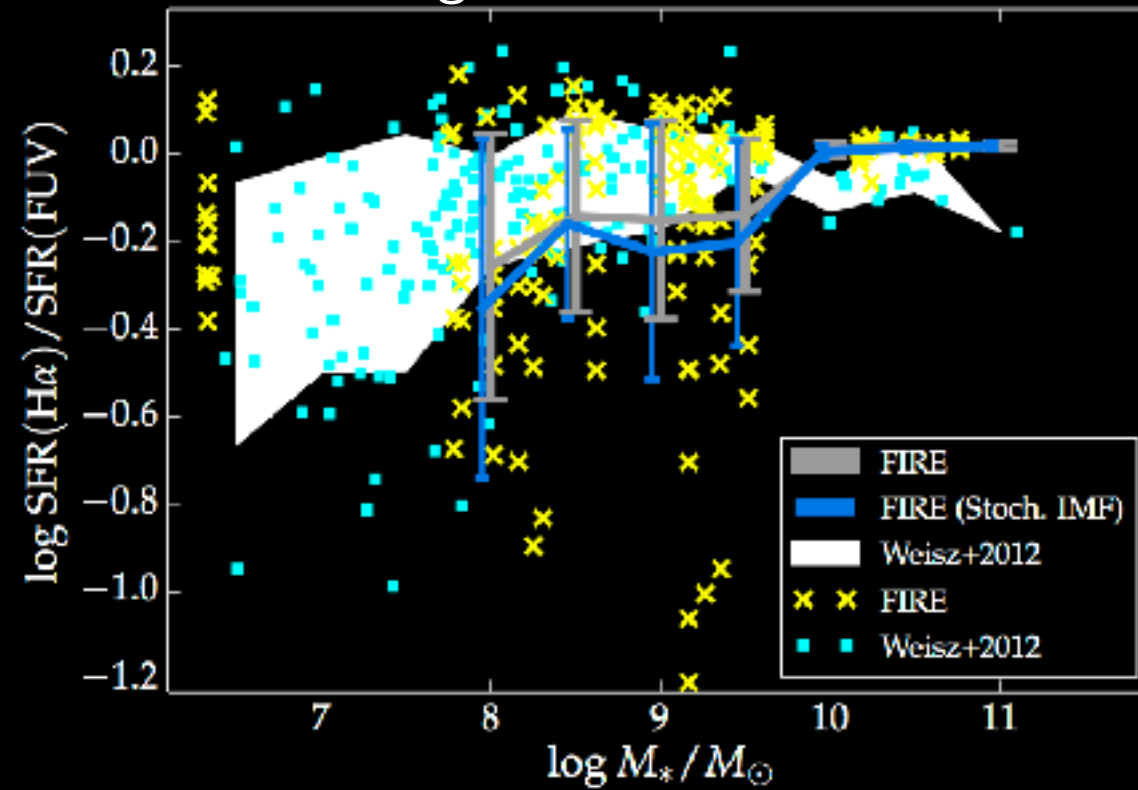
M. Sparre
arxiv:1510.03869



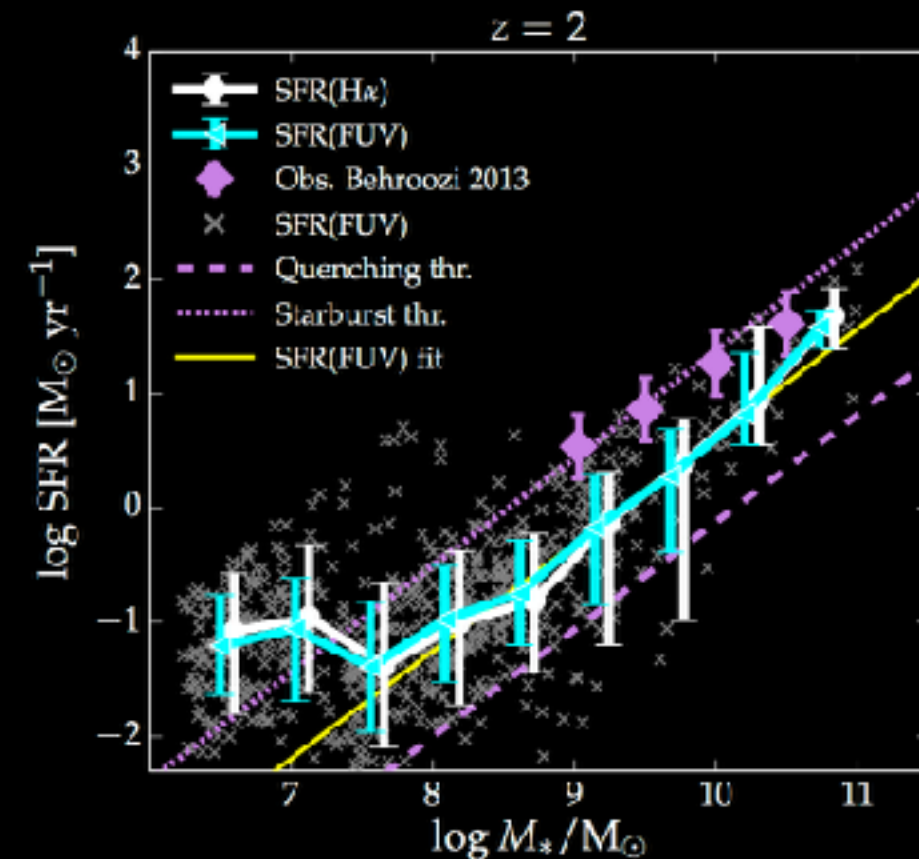
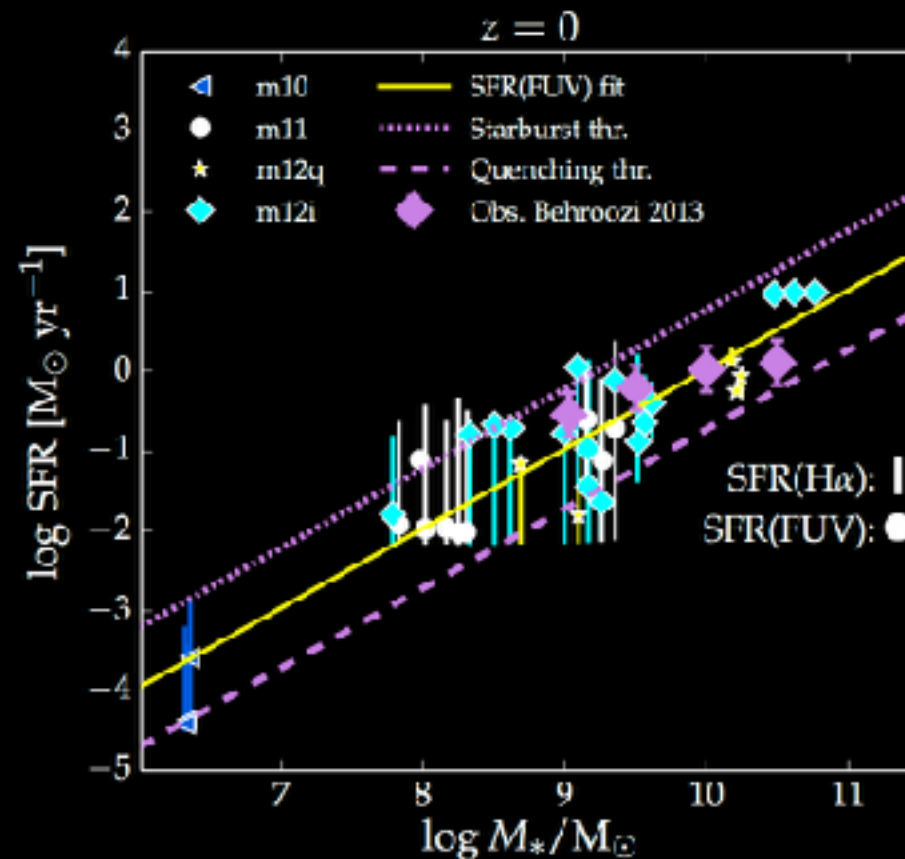
dwarfs:



massive galaxies:



Low-mass
scatter is **not** a
“hidden variable”

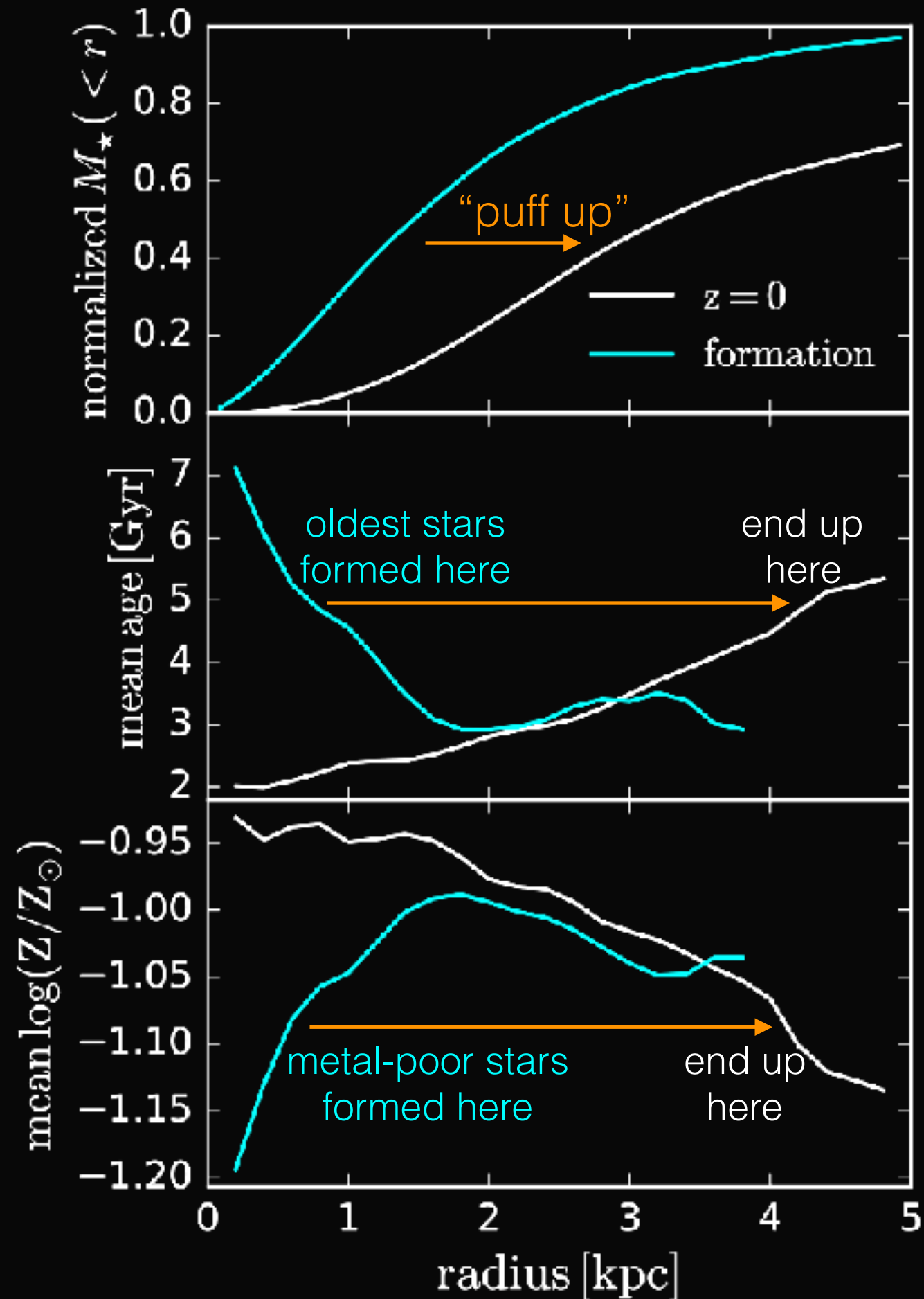


Bursty/Calm Star Formation & Galactic Structure

Direct Consequences for Structure

BURSTY SF = STARS MIXED, JUST LIKE DM

- If DM orbits perturbed, stars are too!
 - Radial anisotropy
 - Gradients “wiped out”
 - Galactic radii *oscillate*



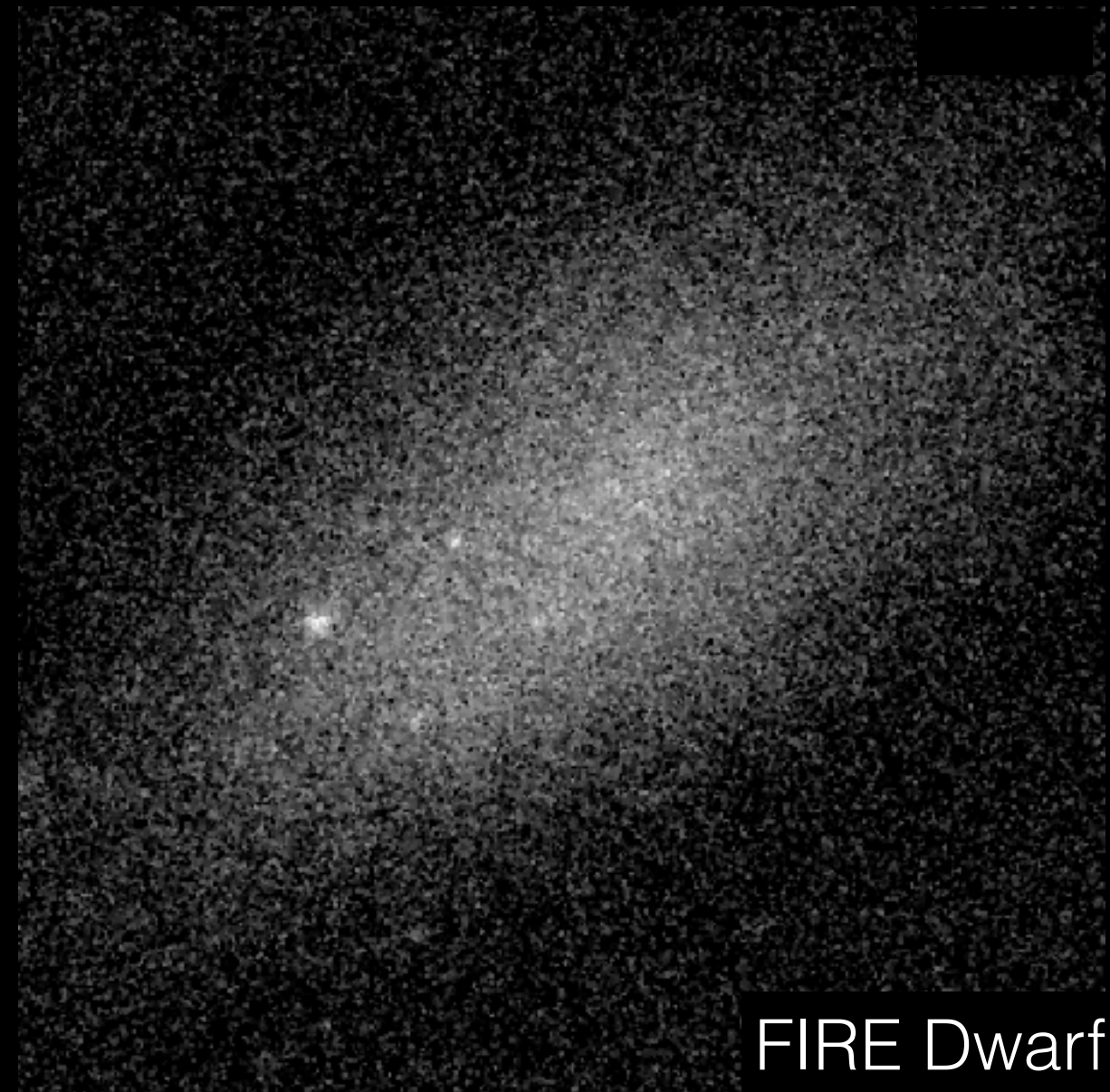
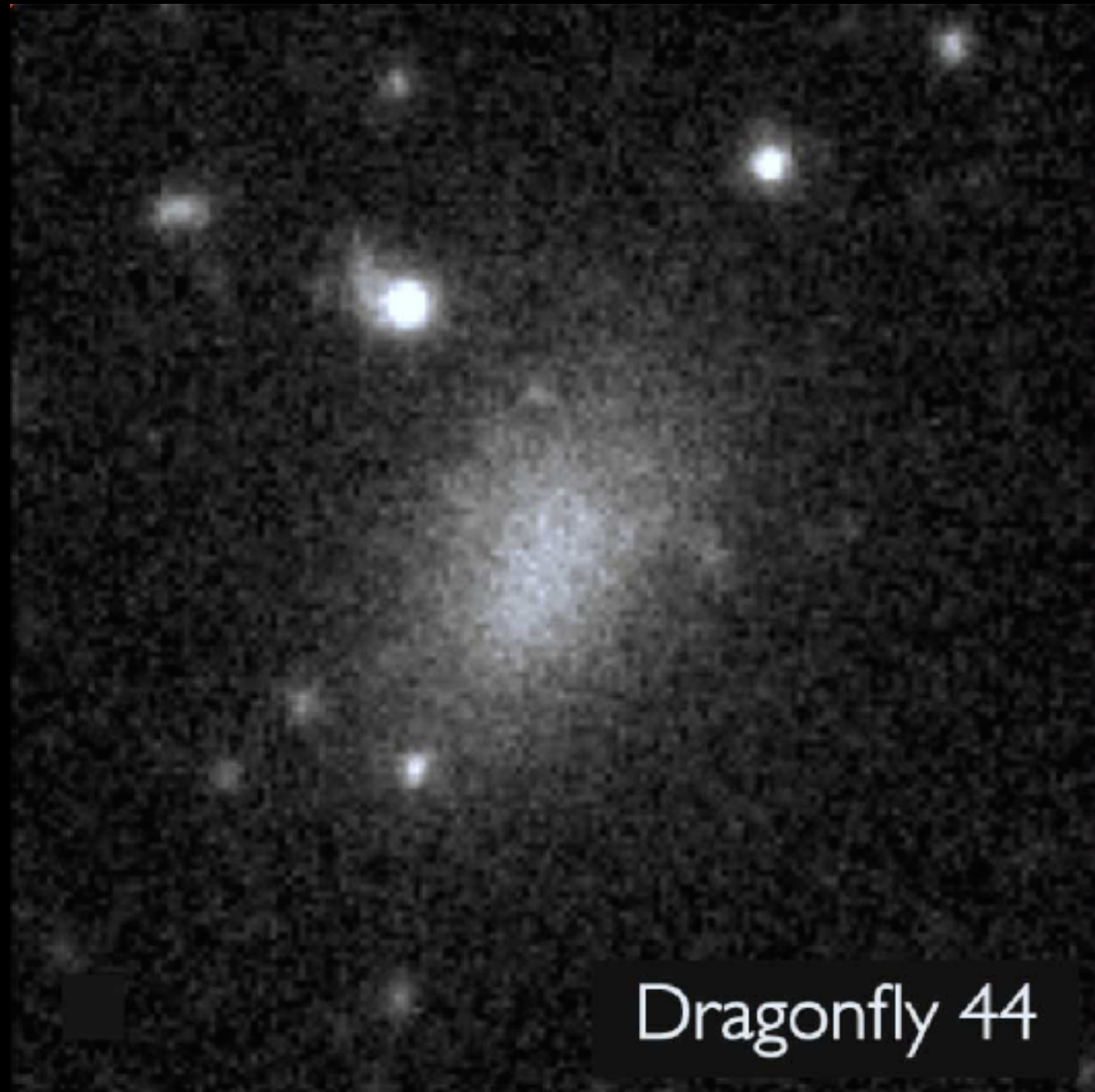
Kareem El-Badry
arXiv:1512.01235

New Classes of Galaxies

TK Chan (prep)



ULTRA-DIFFUSE SYSTEMS: THE NEW “NORMAL”



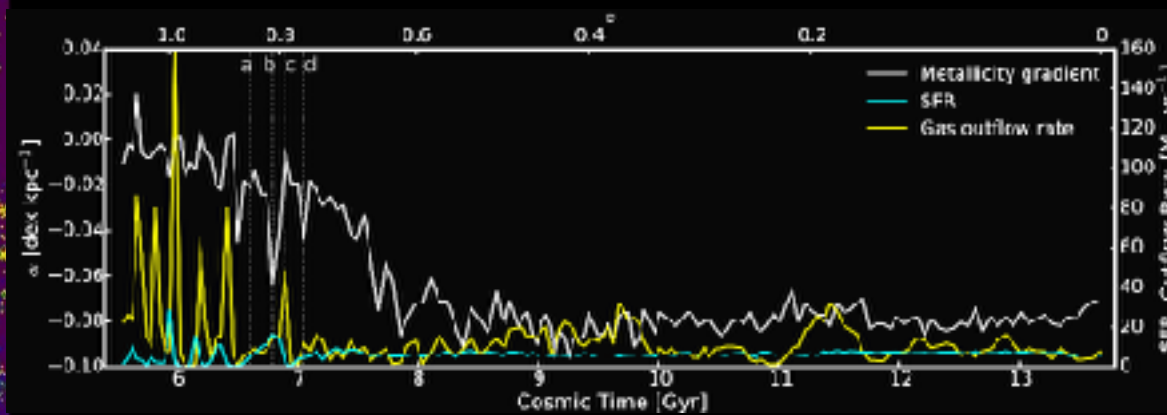
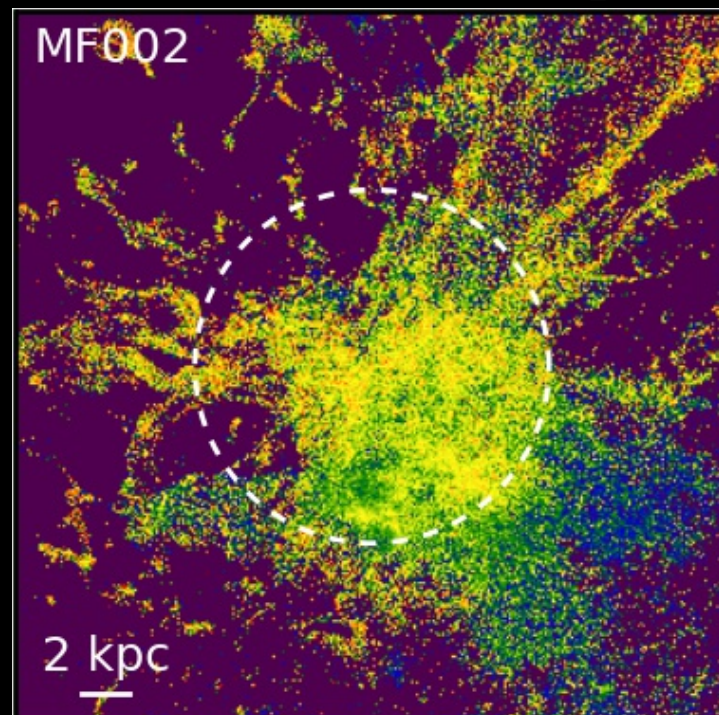
Transition from Feedback-Dominated to “Calm” (Gravity-Dominated)

BUILDUP OF METALLICITY GRADIENTS

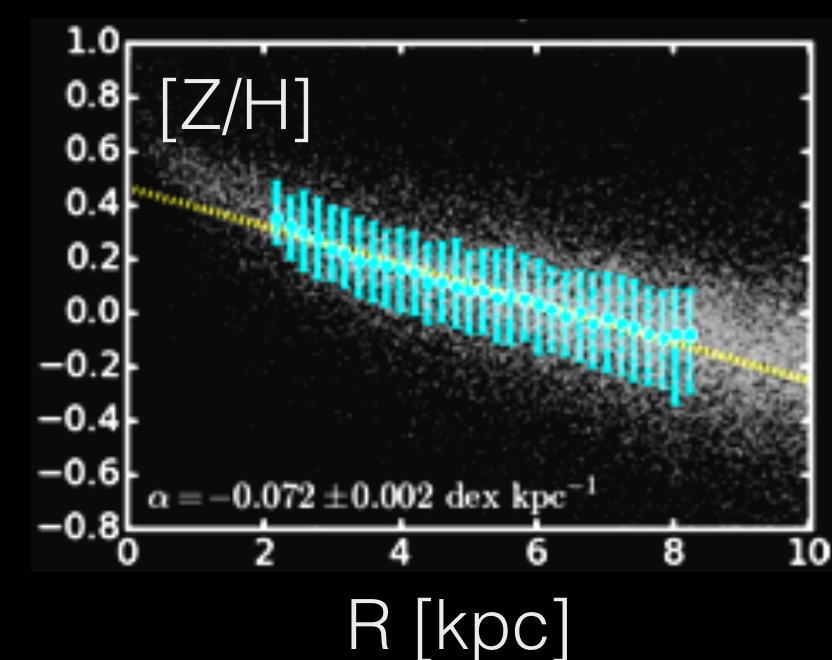
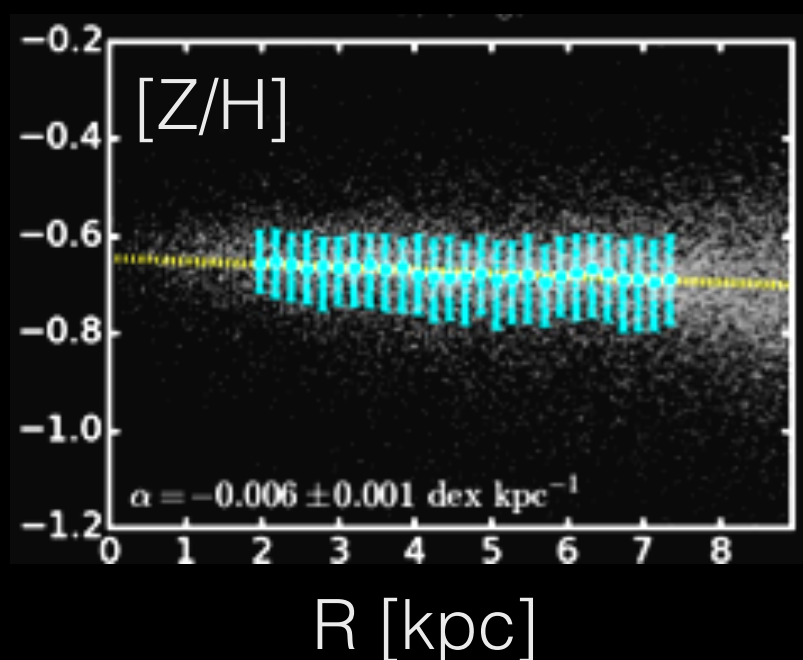
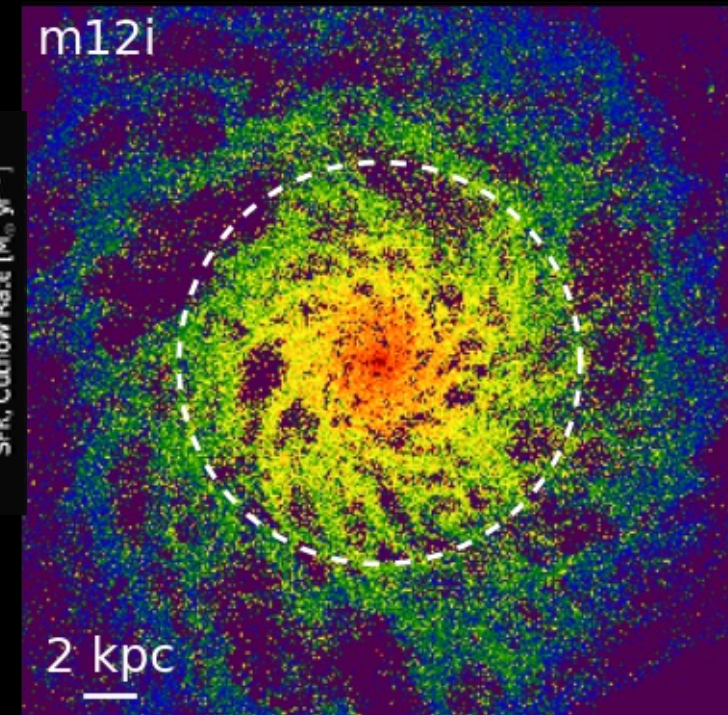


Xiangcheng Ma
(arXiv:1610.03498)

“feedback-dominated” phase



“gravity-dominated” phase



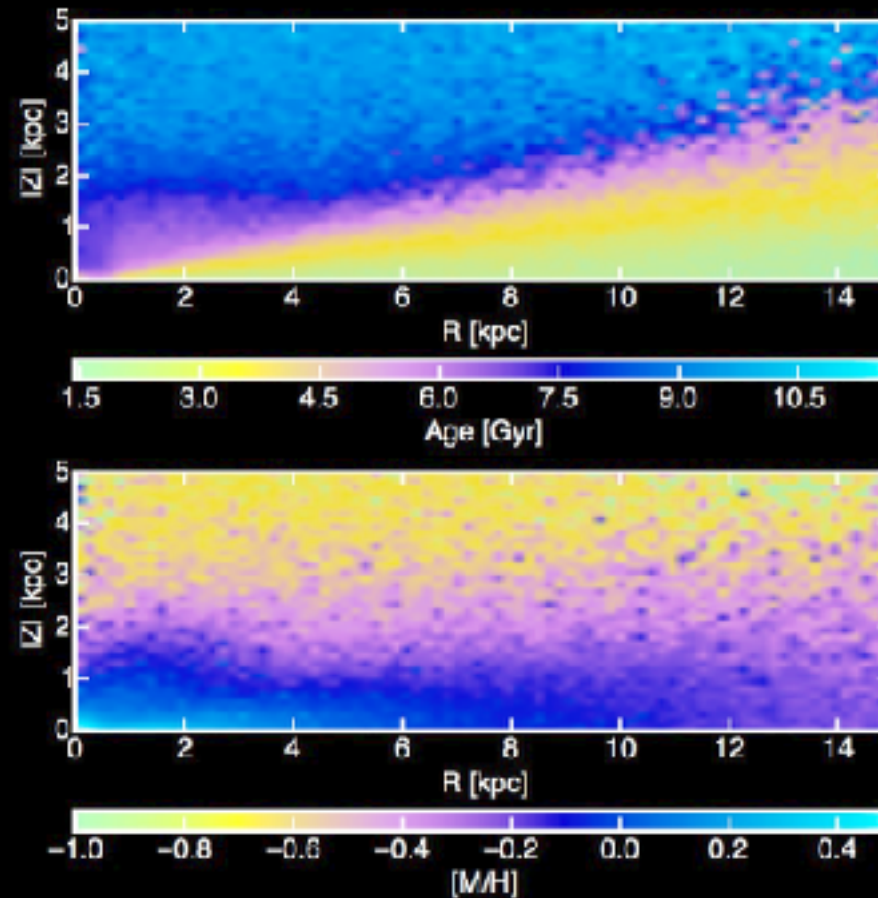
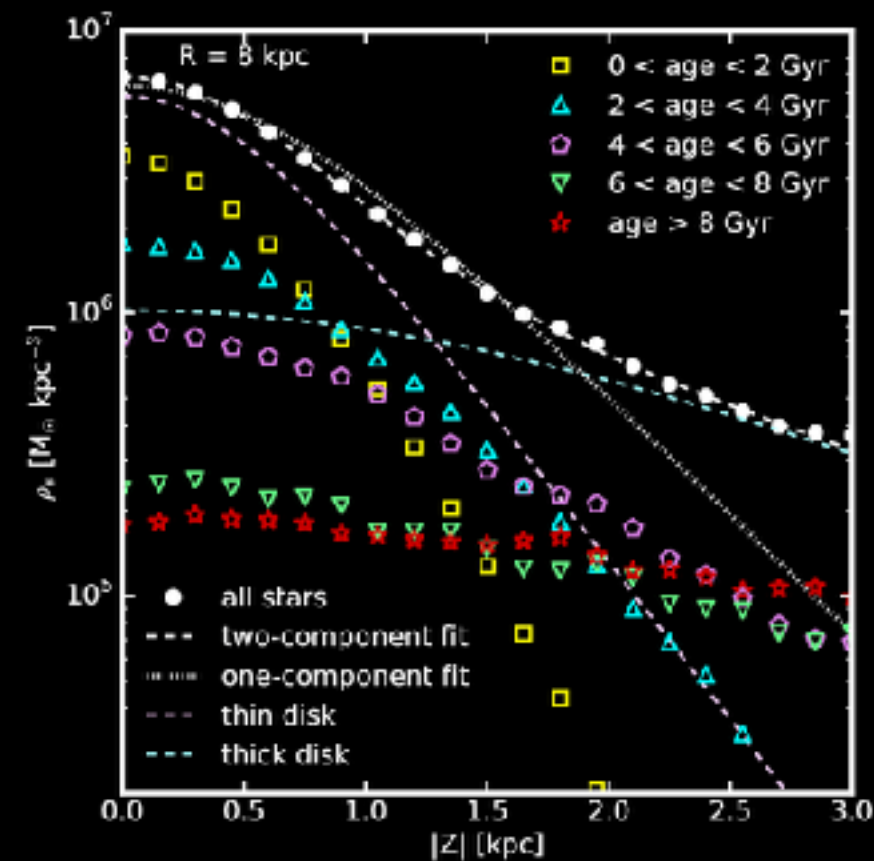
Transition from Feedback-Dominated to “Calm” (Gravity-Dominated)

THICK $\rightarrow$ THIN DISK



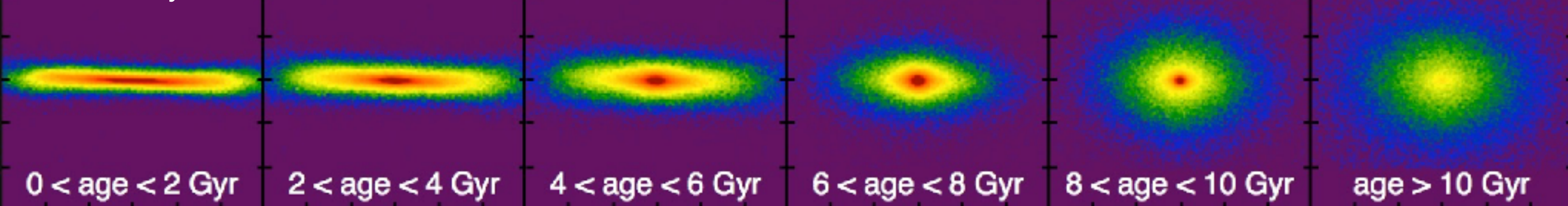
Xiangcheng Ma
(arXiv:1608.04133)

Ana Bonaca
(arXiv:1704.05463)

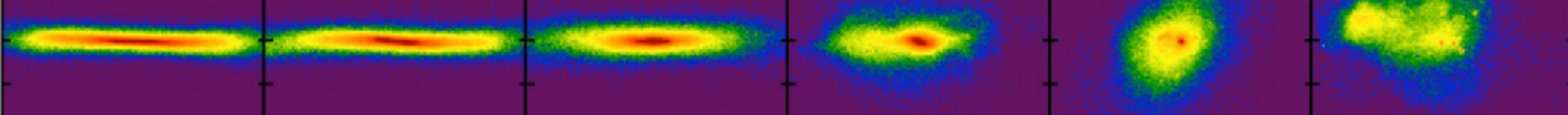


Detailed vertical+radial
abundance gradients & kinematics
of thin/thick disk populations

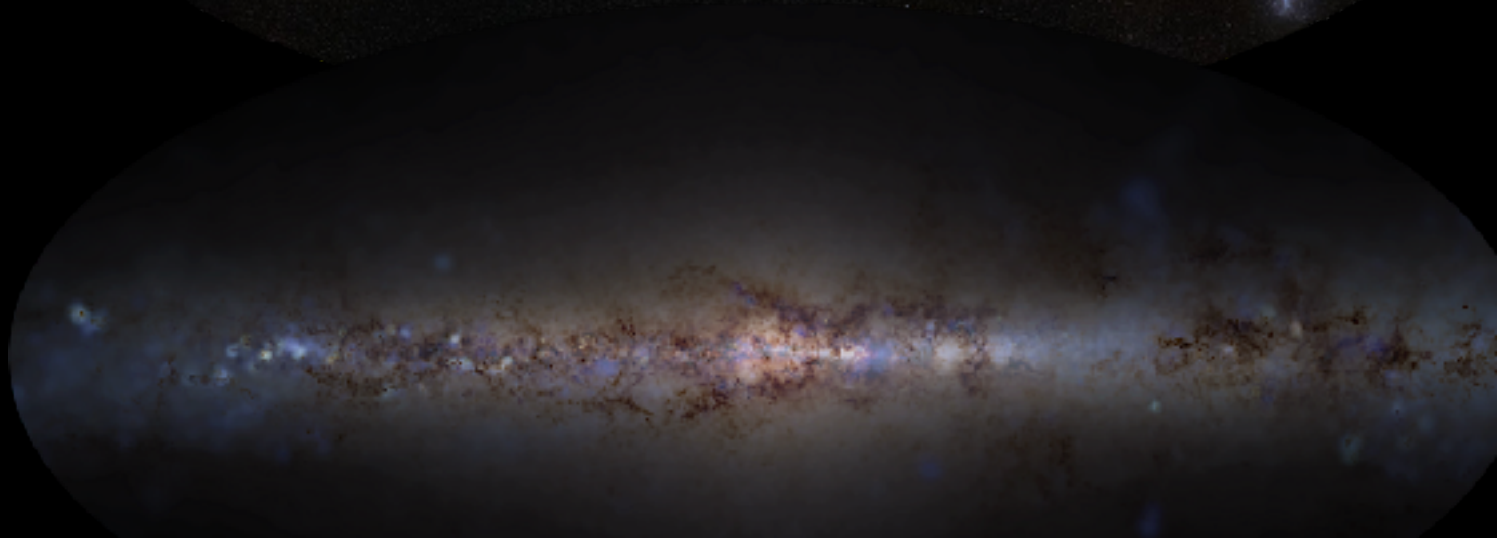
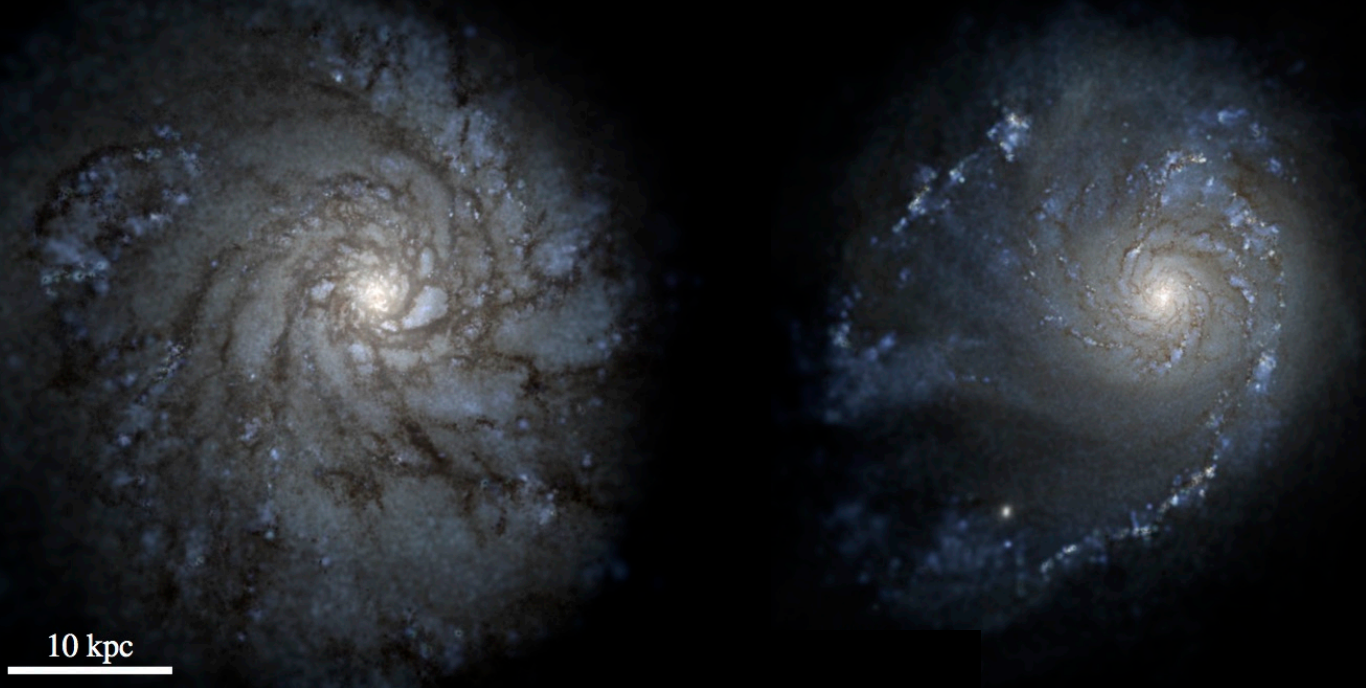
Stars Today:



At formation:



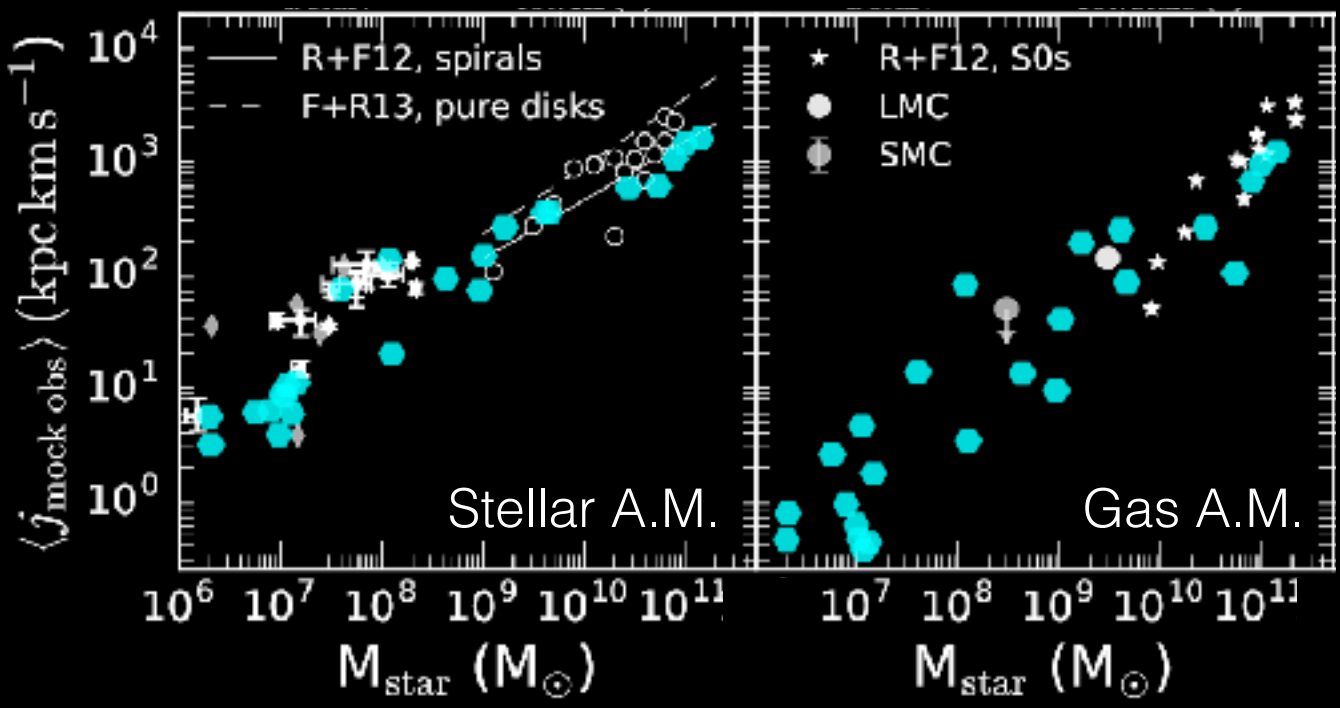
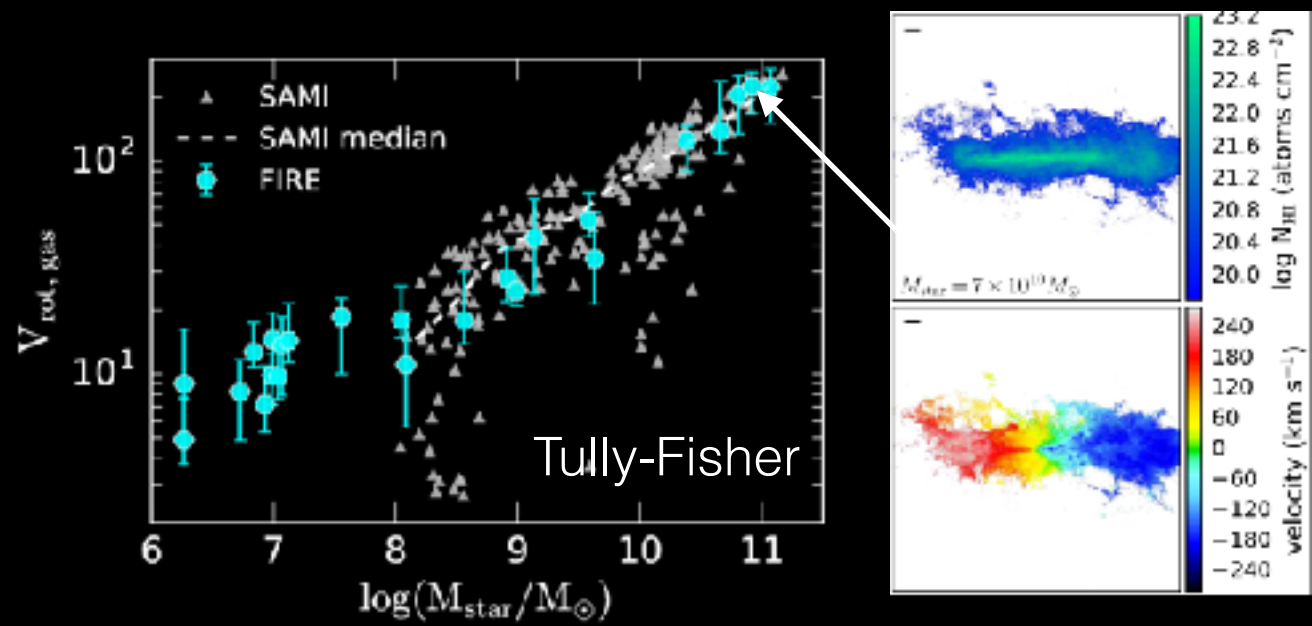
Thin Disks Emerge Naturally... but when/where?



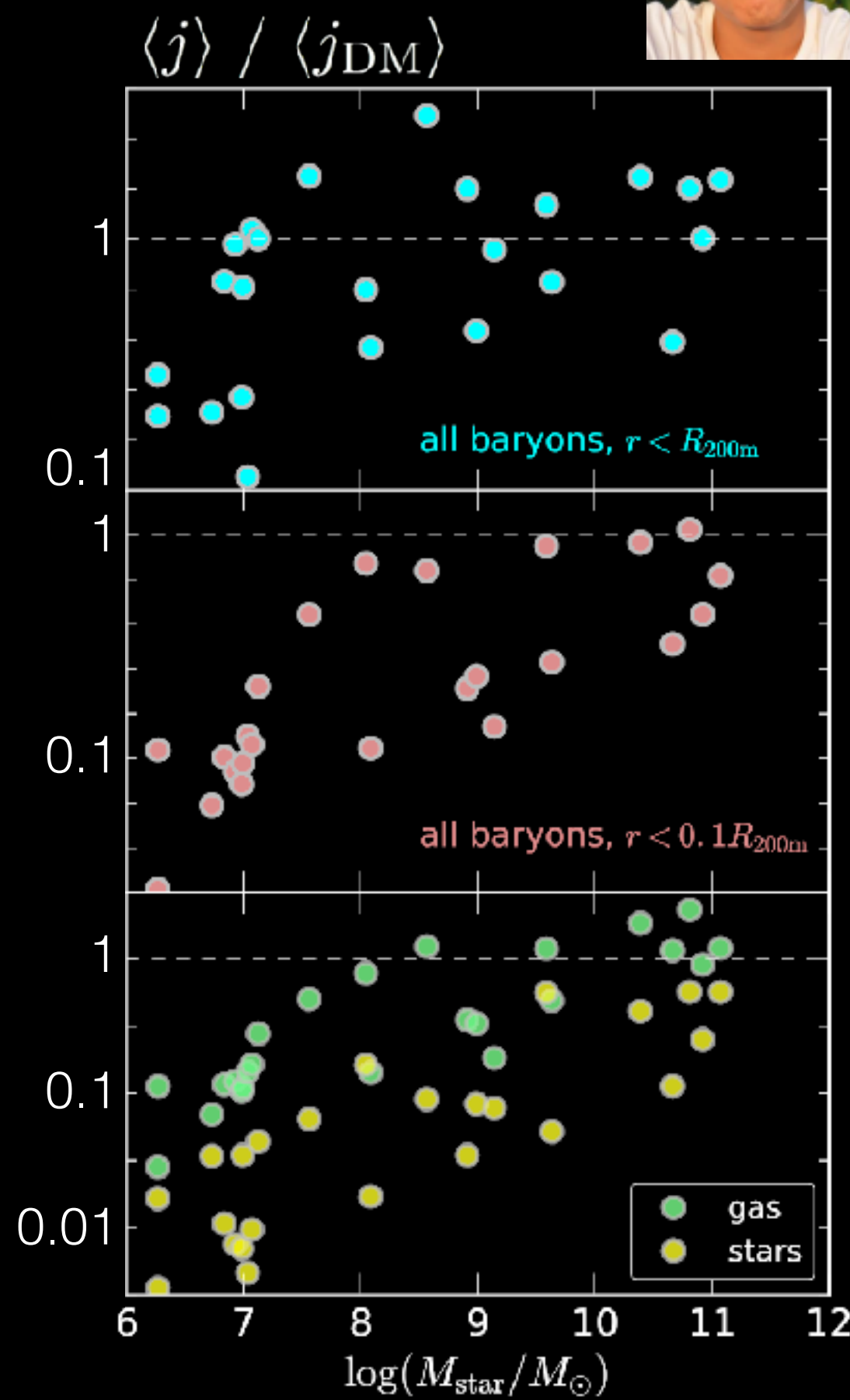
Garrison-Kimmel
et al., in prep

Angular Momentum of Gas+Stars

WHY DO DWARFS NOT HAVE (THIN) DISKS?

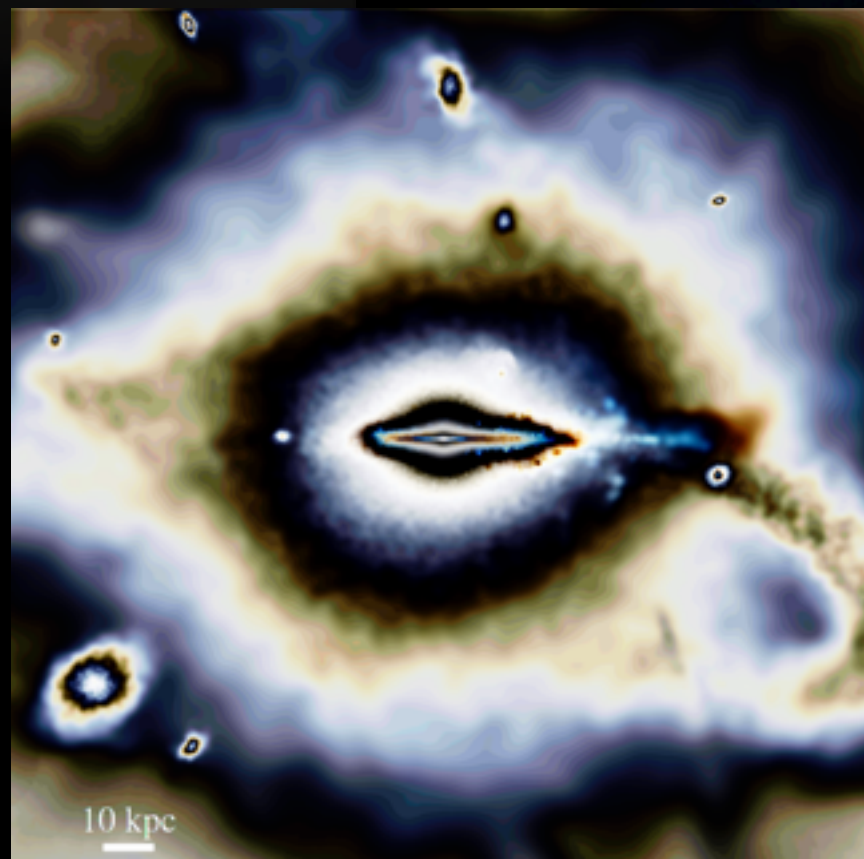
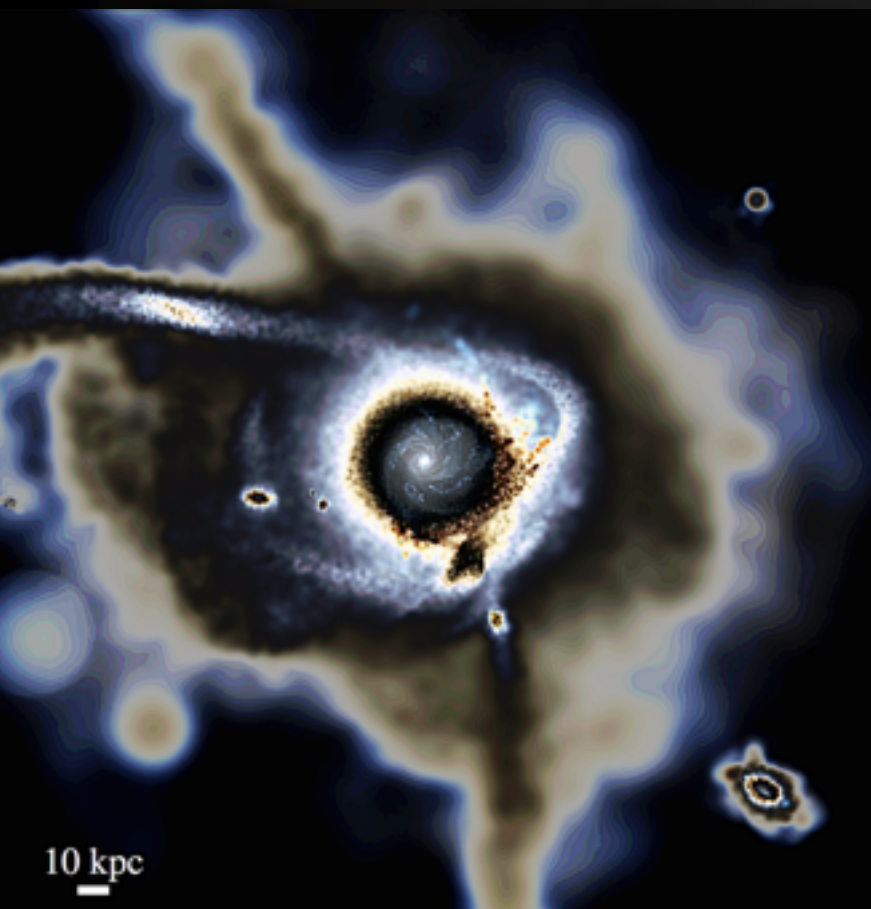
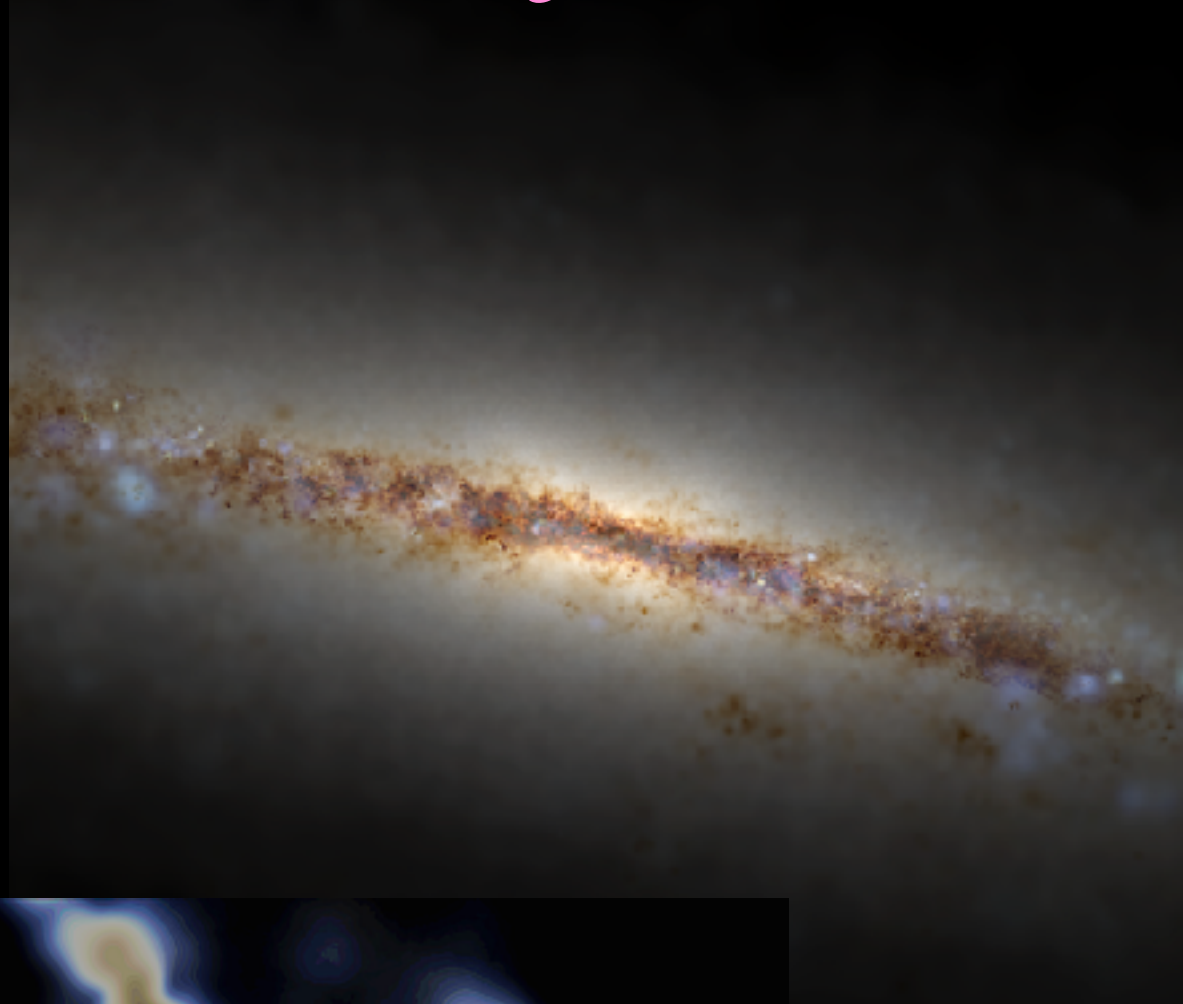


- Thick/irregular [clumpy+bursts+pressure]
- Suppressed late-time accretion [UVB+FB]



Halo Structure

Mock GAIA Catalogues with $\sim 100,000,000$ Stars in the (Simulated) Galaxy



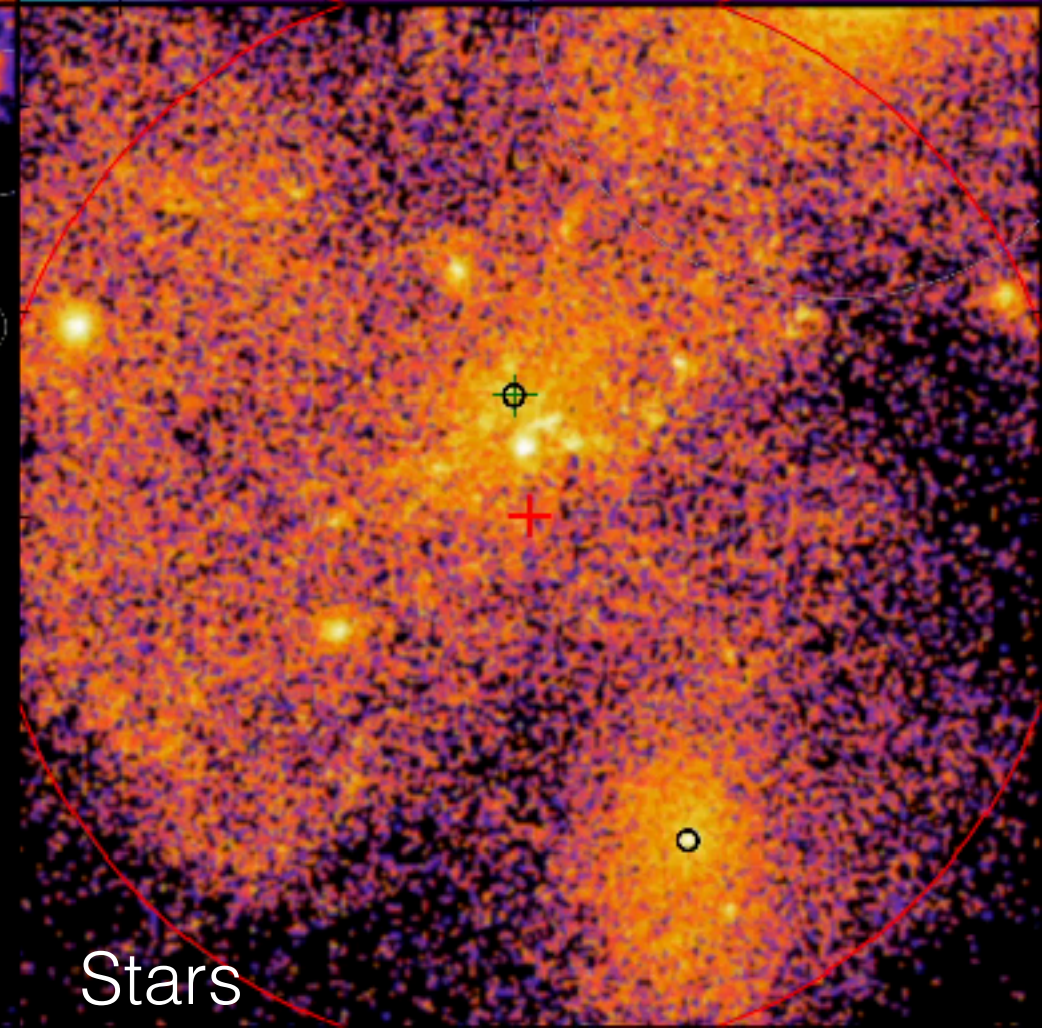
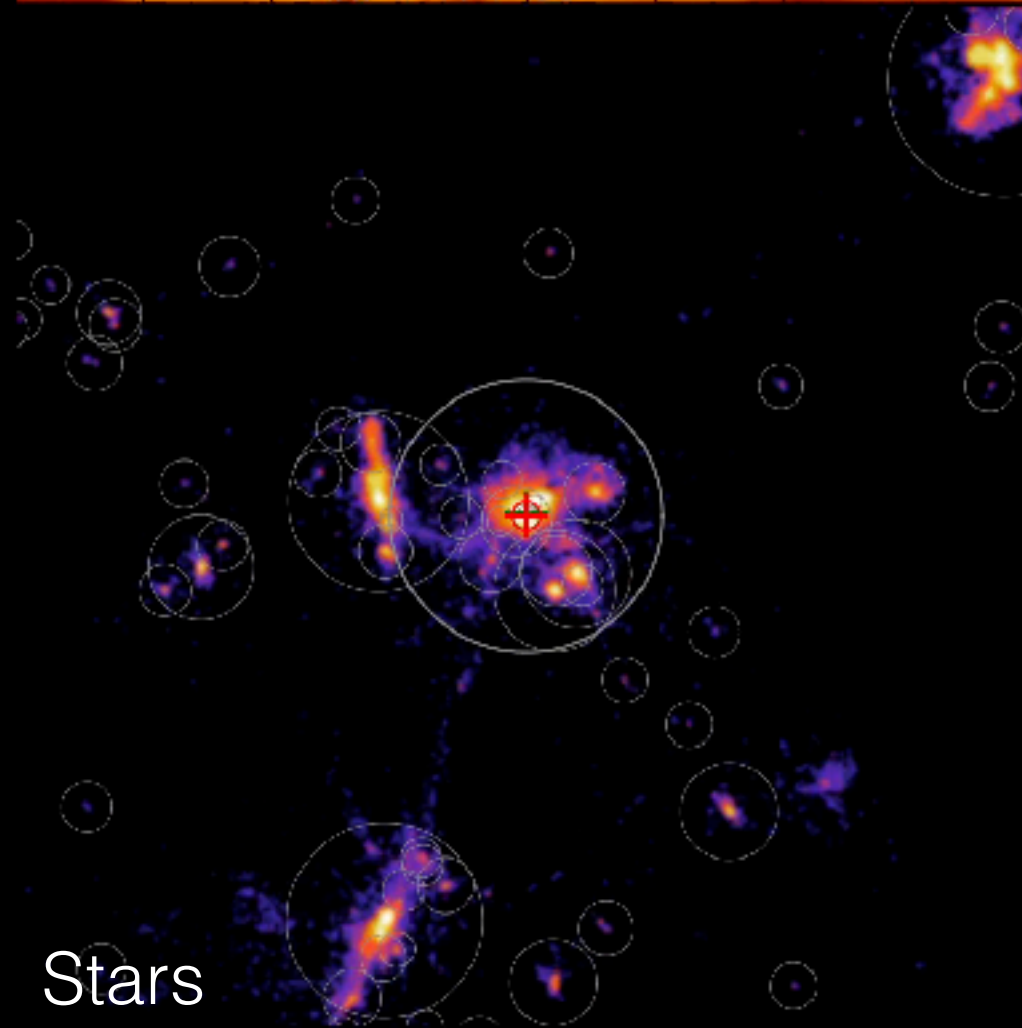
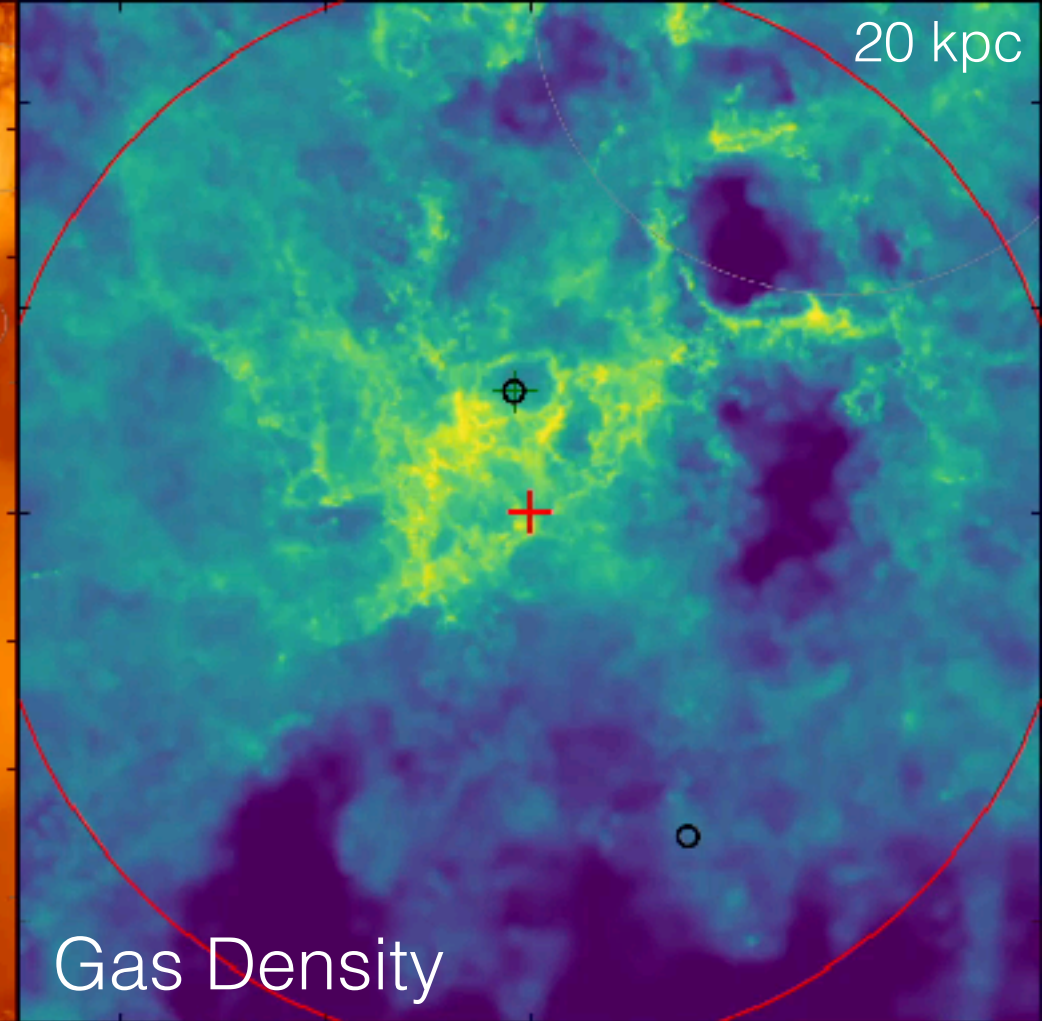
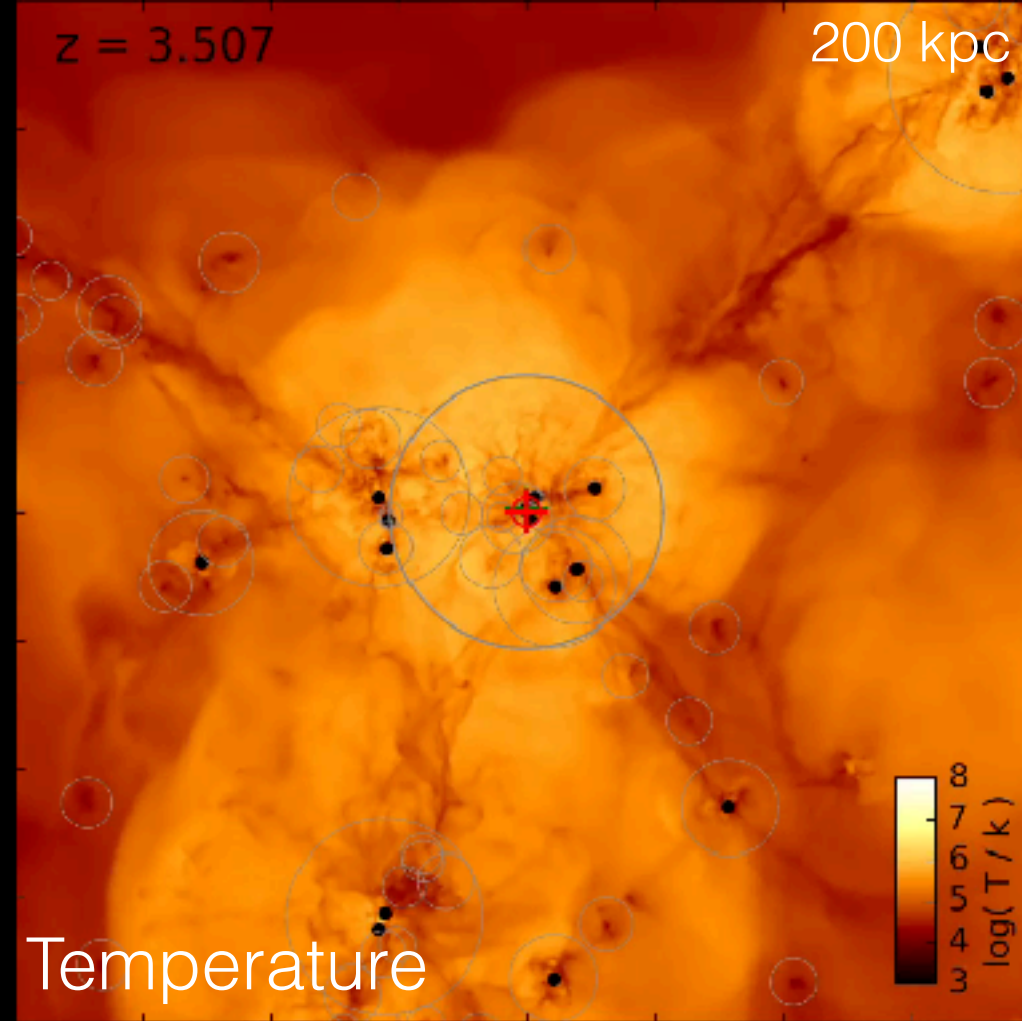
Sanderson et
al. (in prep)



What About AGN?

Lumpiness + SNe

Need big seeds
or “anchors”



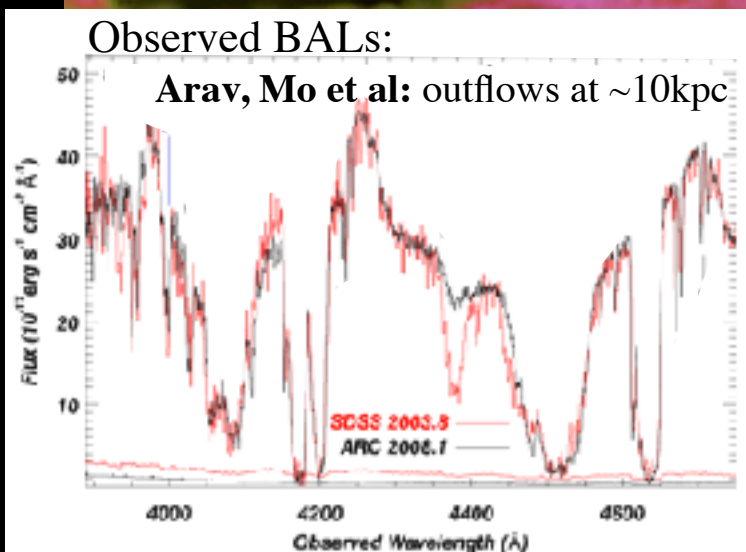
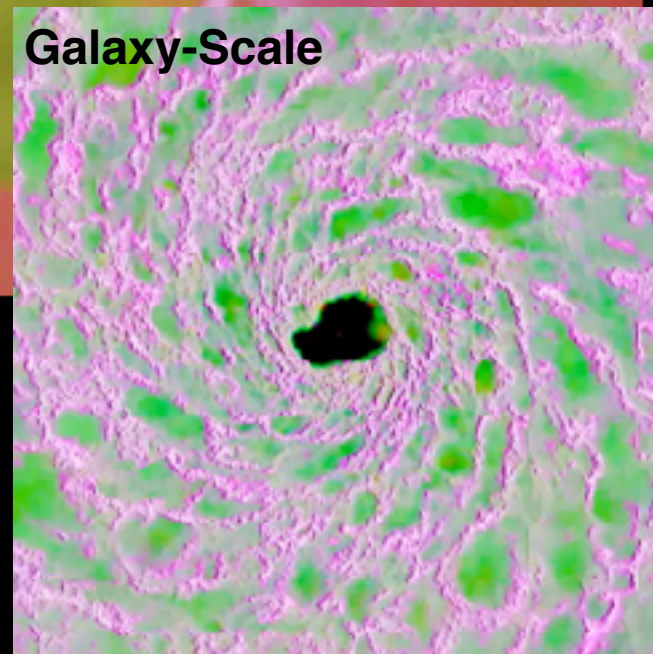
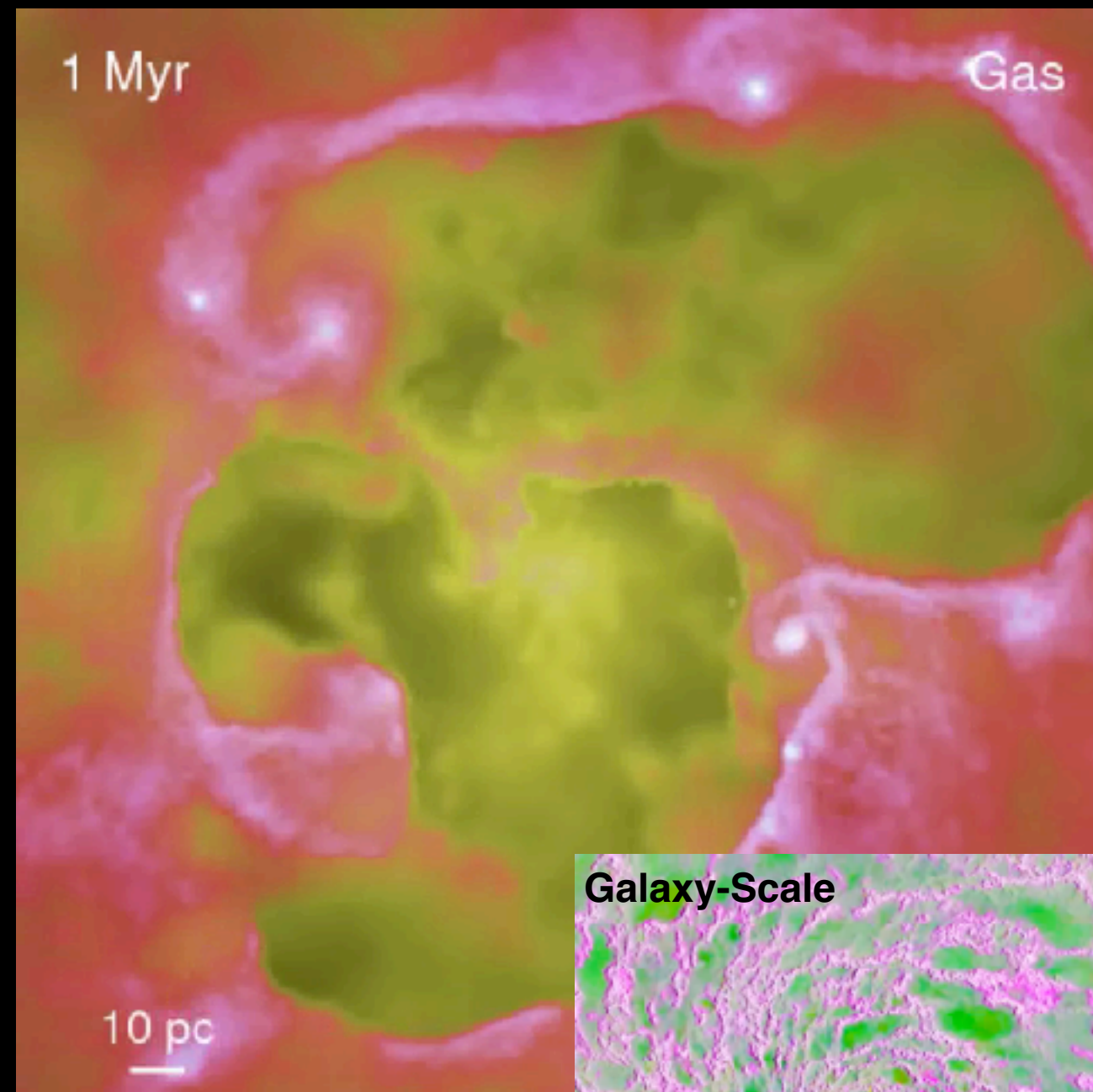
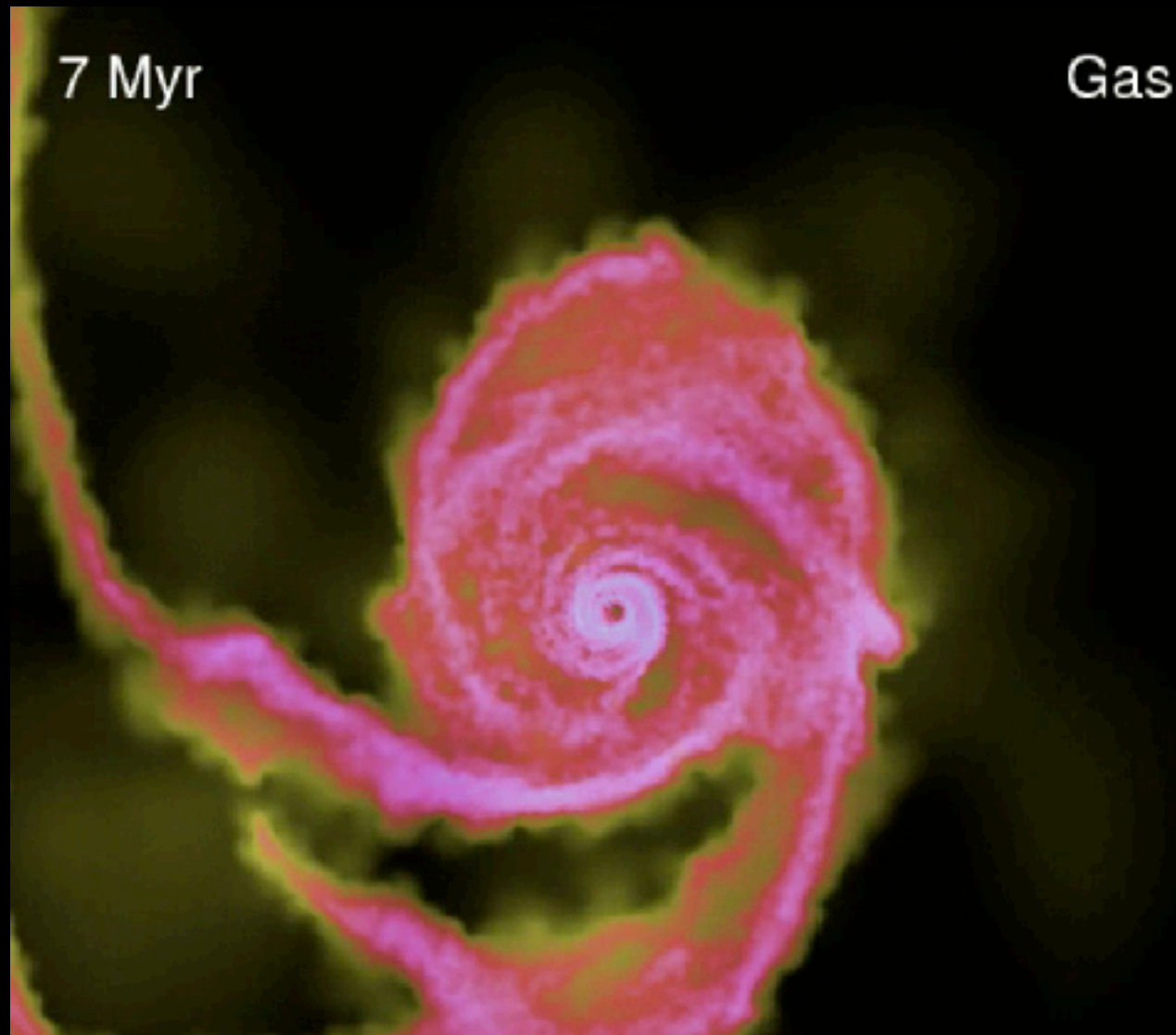
D. Angles-Alcazar
arXiv:1707.03832



Accretion Disk Winds: 0.01-10,000 pc

No BAL Winds

With BAL Winds



$$\dot{M}_{\text{launch}}(0.1 \text{ pc}) = 0.5 \dot{M}_{\text{BH}}$$

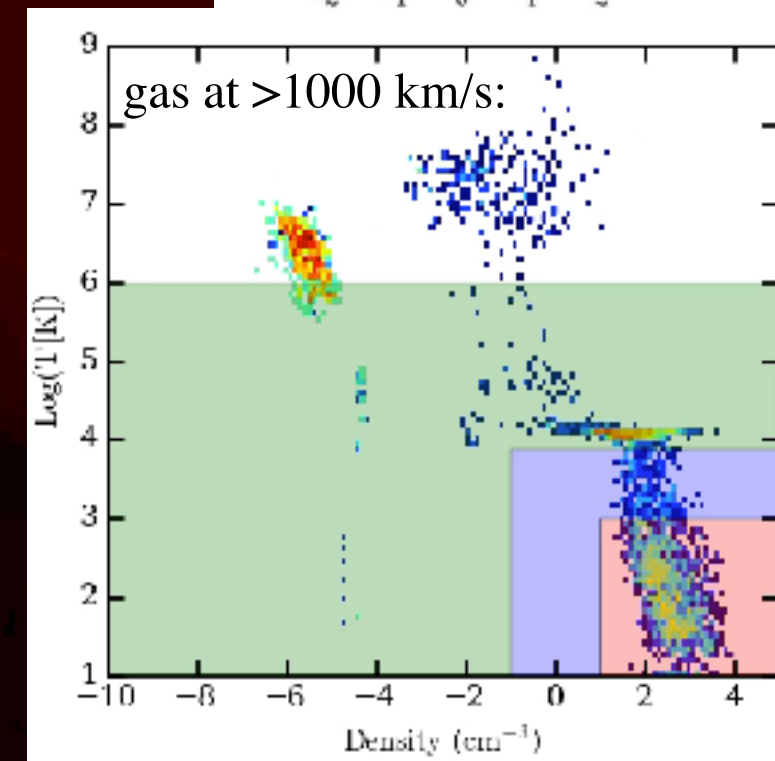
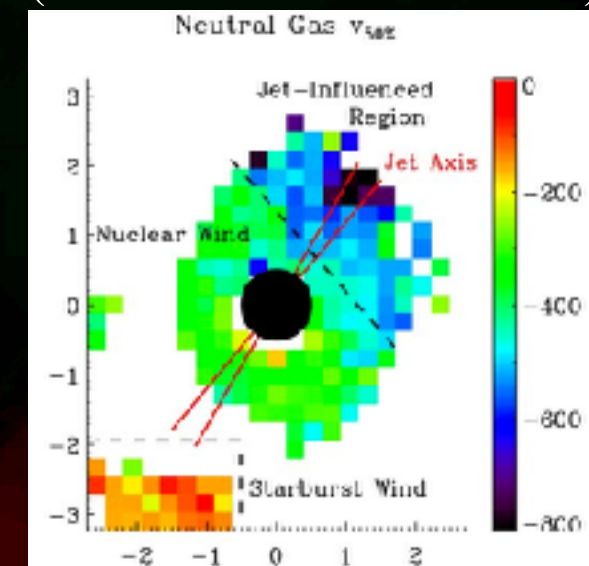
$$v_{\text{launch}}(0.1 \text{ pc}) = 10,000 \text{ km/s}$$

Accretion Disk Winds: 0.01-10,000 pc



Torrey et al.
in prep

Mrk 231
(+all other warm ULIRGs)

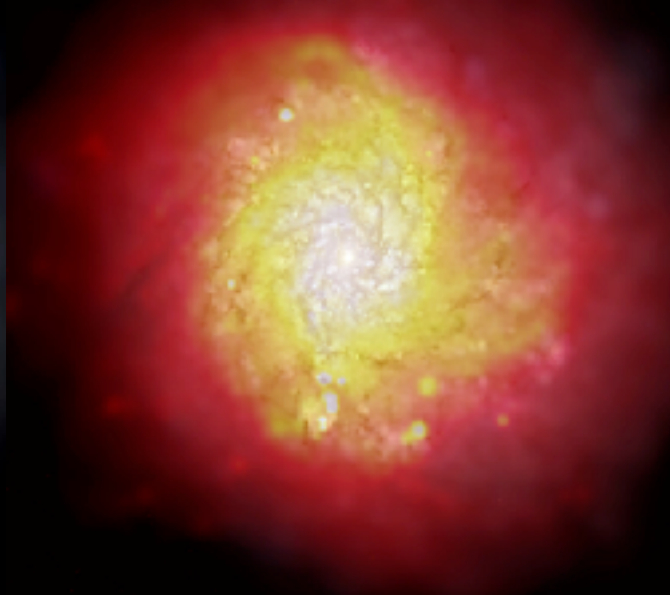
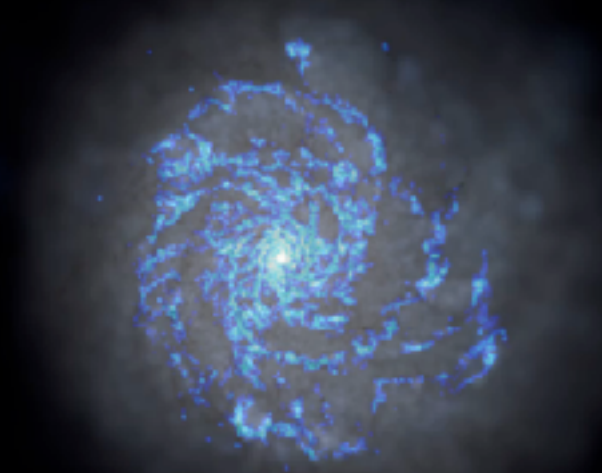


Observed Starlight

Molecular (CO)

X-Rays

Dust



- Dust-Gas Mixtures Inherently Unstable (Squire+ 17)
- IMF: Feedback or Galaxy-Scale Models are Wrong (Guszejnov+ 17)
- Stellar clustering is Universal (Guszejnov+ 17)
- Realistic clusters: Cloud surface density determines properties (Grudic+ 17)
- Globulars resolved(?) (Kim+ 17)
- KS=feedback: dense laws; SF ‘starts’ with instability (Orr+17)
- Weak dependence of ISM/SF on MHD, etc (Su+ 17)
- Giant clumps ~ scaled GMCs (Oklopčić+ 17)
- Bursty SF important to observed SFR relations (Sparre+ 16)
- Bursty SF perturbs dwarfs (El-Badry+ 16), disk settling key (Ma+16)
- Halo structure (Sanderson+) & AGN (Torrey, Angles-Alcazar) in prep...



Galaxy Merger