Motivation Q: WHY IS STAR FORMATION SO INEFFICIENT?



Motivation Q: WHY IS STAR FORMATION SO INEFFICIENT?







Stellar Feedback: How Can We Do Better?

Injection:



(also MHD, anisotropic conduction, diffusion)

(Stellar) Feedback Does:

- generate galactic outflows (sets galaxy stellar masses)
- disrupt GMCs (sets GMC lifetimes/integrated SF 'efficiency'; difference between bound cluster+association)
- self-regulate ISM/galaxy-scale collapse (sets KS law on >kpc scales)
- > enrich ISM (metals, dust?)
- alter low-mass end of the IMF (preventing fragmentation), and (more indirectly) highmass end (limiting runaway accretion)
- determine phase structure of ISM (hot/cold balance, not necessarily morphology)
- reionize the Universe (H, He from QSOs)
- > power ISM turbulence

Feedback Does Not:

- regulate instantaneous collapse/SF 'efficiency' in GMCs/cores/dense gas (KS law on <<kpc scales)</p>
- power turbulence in contracting clouds
- alter the GMC/cloud IMF (number you see affected by lifetimes)
- alter the high-mass end (Salpeter slope) of the IMF (except to stop runaway accretion)
- power all of the ISM-scale turbulence (gravity!)
- determine (most) morphology of the ISM (gravity+supersonic turbulence)
- affect galaxy or core/young star clustering (gravity alone; independent of SF efficiency)

Cloud Properties WHERE FEEDBACK MATTERS





ISM Properties WHERE FEEDBACK MATTERS

Kennicutt-Schmidt relation emerges naturally ISOLATED GALAXIES

PFH, Quataert, & Murray, 2011a

How Efficient Are Galactic Super-Winds? WHAT MECHANISMS DRIVE THEM?

S. Muratov

S. Muratov

1.2.2

How Efficient Are Galactic Super-Winds? AND WHAT MECHANISMS DRIVE THEM?

Proto-MW: Gas Temperature:

PFH, Keres, et al. (arXiv:1311.2073)

Quenching: Don't Trust Models that Don't Do Stars Right SMALL GALAXIES BECOME BIG GALAXIES

Dwarf Metallicities are Also Surprising DEPENDS ON DETAILS OF INFLOW-OUTFLOW INTERACTIONS

Outflows suppress "new" infall of pristine material?

Metal-rich gas preferentially re-accretes in fountains?

Xiancheng Ma

Winds ("Kinematic Feedback") BLOW OUT SOME CORE MASS (AND POWER TURBULENCE)

See also Li ea 2010, Hansen ea 2011

0.1

1.0 m,∕M₀ 10.0

0.1

1.0

m,/M_o

10.0

Krumholz ea 2012, ApJ, 545, 46

"Feedback" from Radiation WITHOUT RADIATIVE TRANSFER THERE ARE TOO MANY BDs

Dimensions:	5156. AU	Without F	adiative Feed	back Ti	ime: 196935. yr	Dimensions:	5156. AU	With Ra	idiative Fee	dback	Time: 19	96935. y	
										Ballin .			
						THE STATE							
					1111								
and the second													
						and the second second							
					The second second								
No.													
		1	1	1 1 1						1 1 1 1			
0.5 0.	.0 0).5	1.0 1.	.5	2.0	-0.5 0	.0 0	.5	1.0	1.5	2.0		
	L	Log Column Density [g/cm [*]]						Log Column Density [g/cm [*]]				Matthew Bate	

My Wish List

- * "onion structure" of massive GMCs (mapping ionization fronts, X-ray regions, breakout, different shells) for ~1e3 GMCs with different ages, masses
- "onion" for galaxies: fountain/CGM (outflow/inflow) phases+kinematics (Mdot, v) as function of radius, for ~1e4 galaxies with z~0-6, M*~1e4-1e12
- census of mechanisms: stellar winds (young+agb), SNe (I & II, hypernovae?), radiation pressure ('trapping factors' for IR/lines?), photo-heating, cosmic rays (???)
- > inflow rates, not just outflow