

Milky Way

Starburst Disks

Star Formation, Black Holes, and Feedback in Galaxy Formation

Philip Hopkins

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Lars Hernquist, Dusan Keres, Todd Thompson, Desika Narayanan,

Dan Kasen, T. J. Cox, Chris Hayward, Kevin Bundy, & more



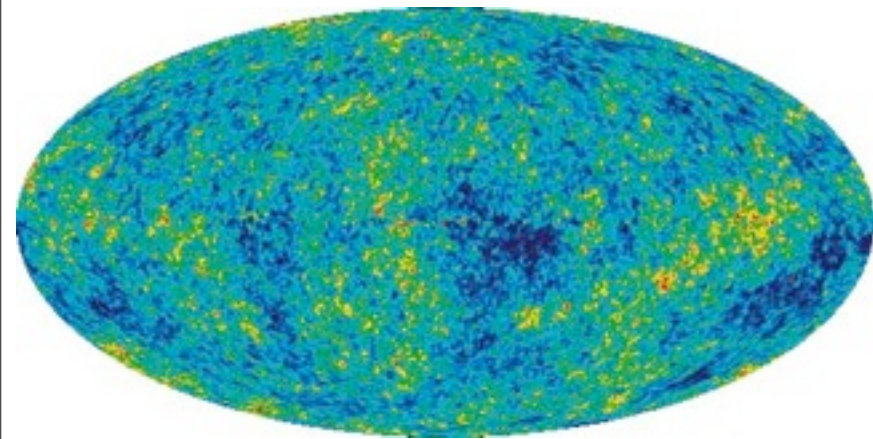
Overview

- **(1) (Some) Open Problems**
- **(2) Stellar “Feedback” Processes:**
 - **Isolated Galaxies: Feedback Physics & the ISM**
 - **Interacting/Merging Galaxies**
 - **Cosmological Implications**
- **(3) Super-Massive Black Holes & Accretion?**

Motivation

THE BIG PICTURE

Today



$z \sim 1090$
($t \sim 400,000$ yr)

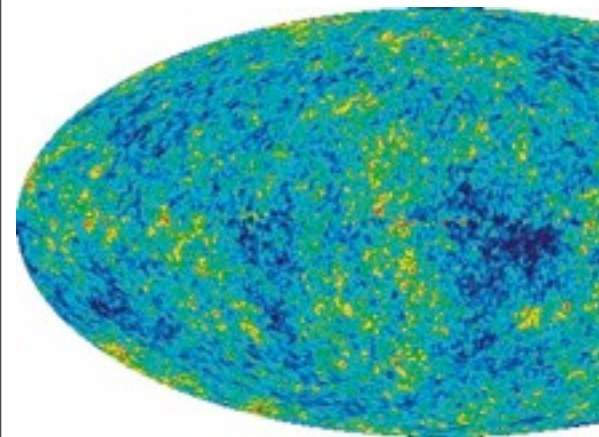
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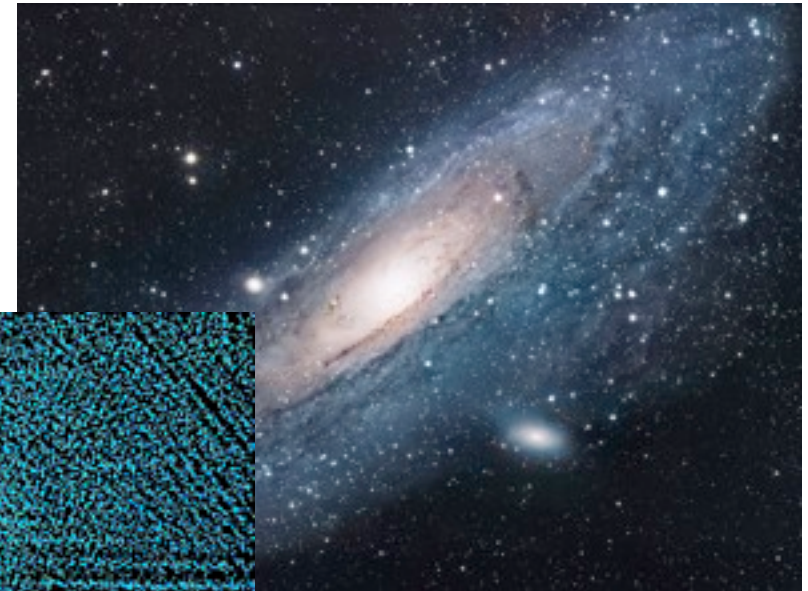
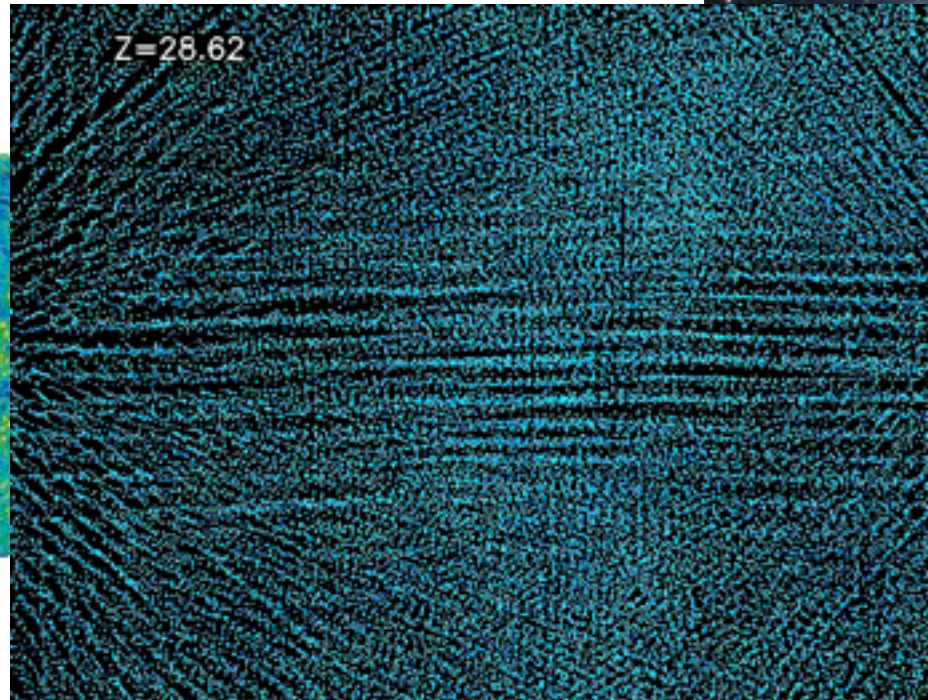
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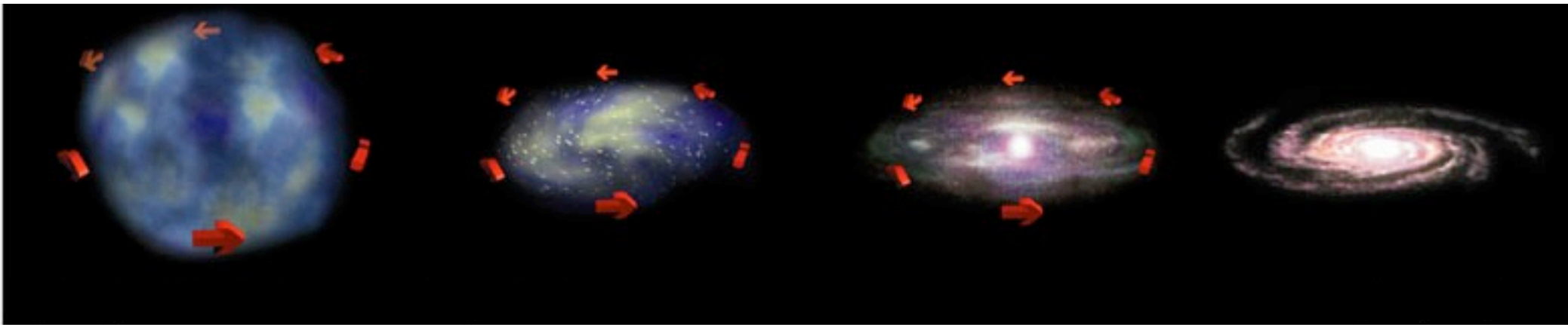
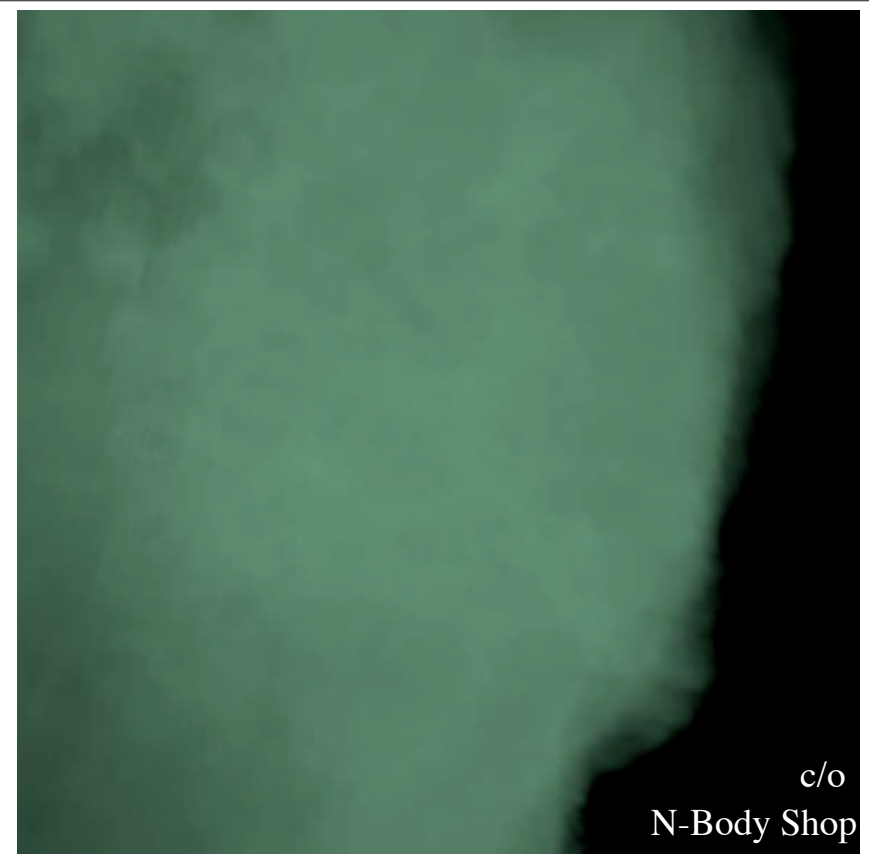
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($t \sim 400,000$ yr)



Motivation

HOW DID WE GET TO GALAXIES TODAY?

- Dark matter halos collapse:
gas cools into a disk

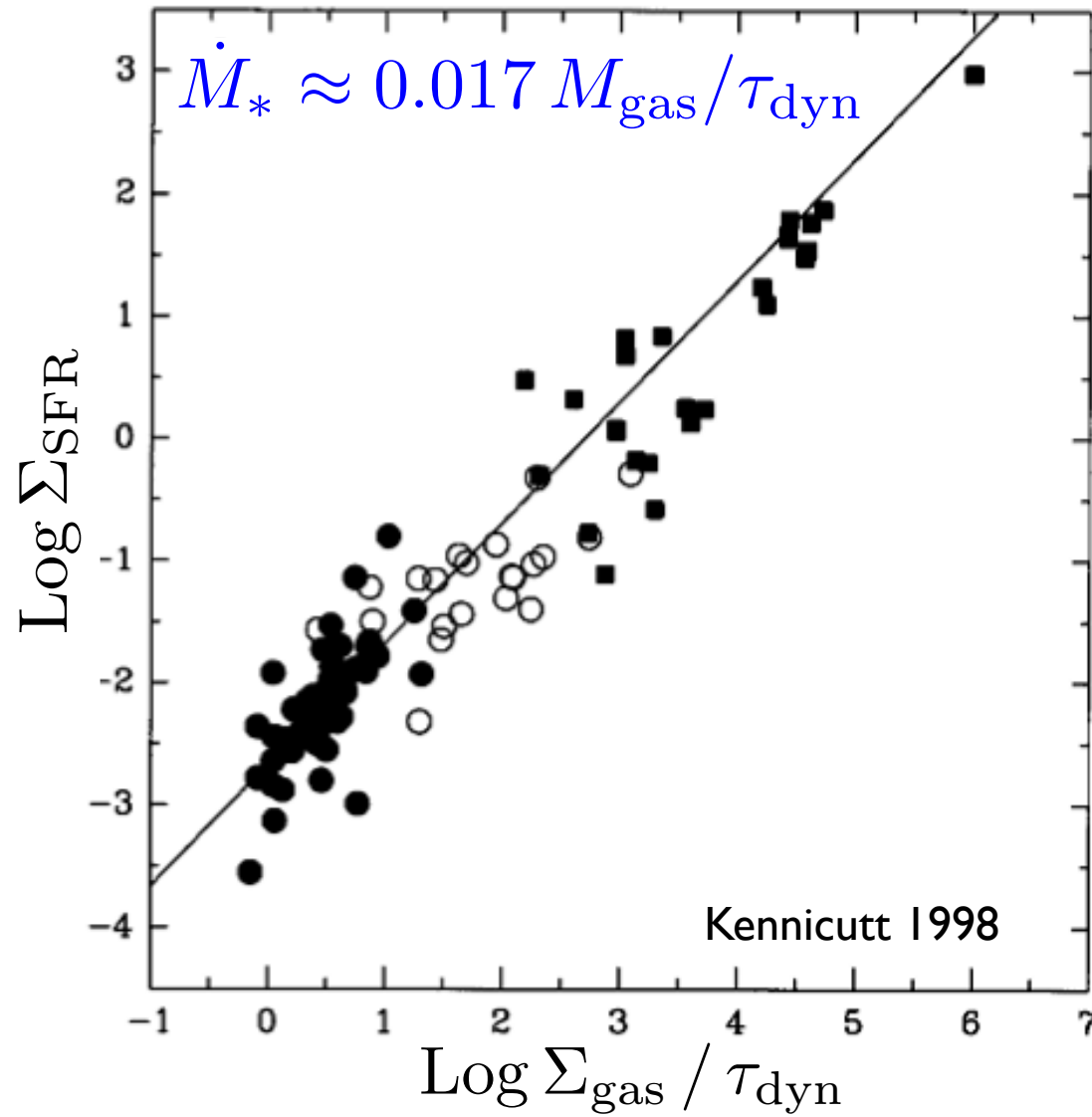


- What happens once gas is actually inside galaxies?

The Problem: Baryons

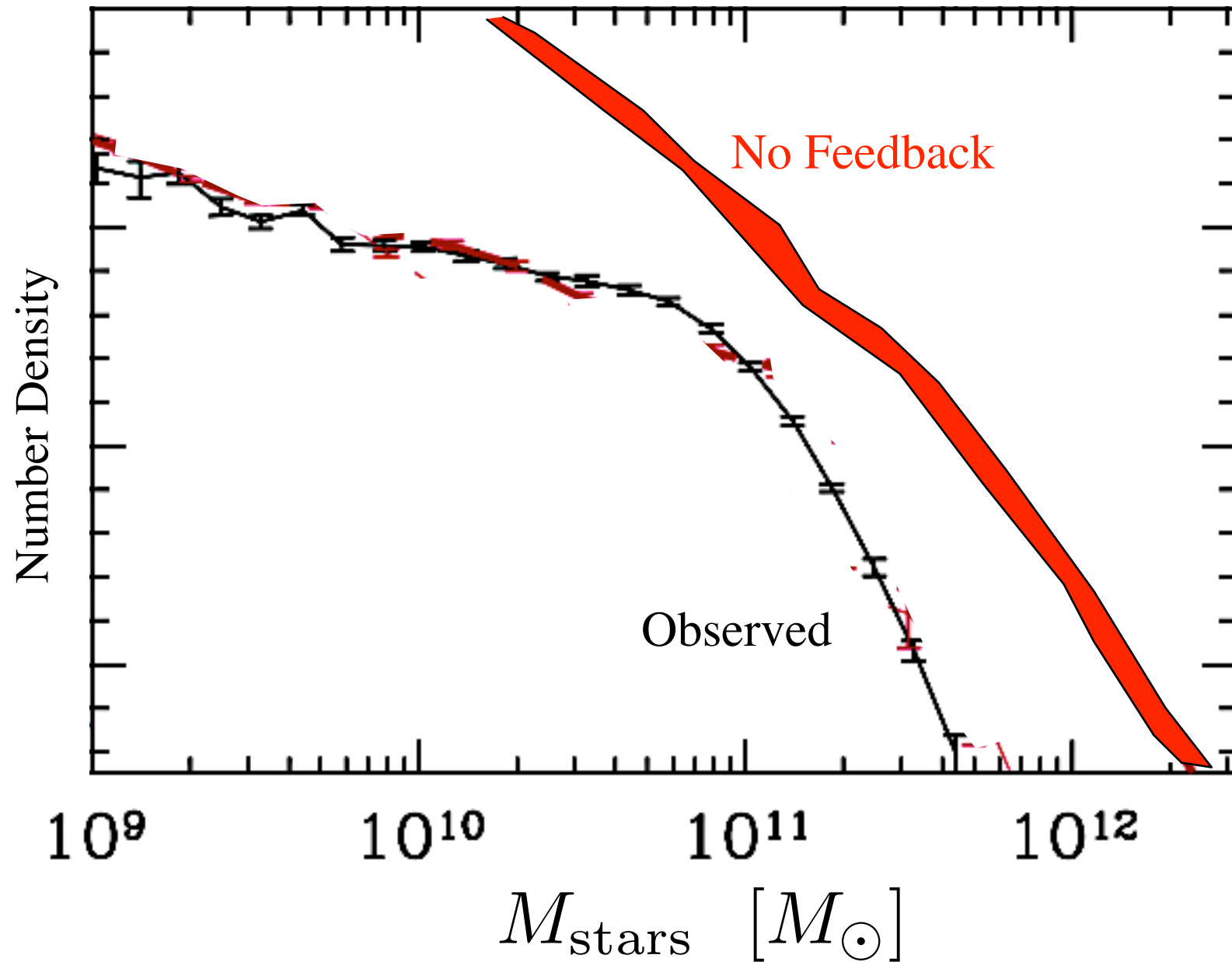
Motivation

Q: WHY IS STAR FORMATION SO INEFFICIENT?



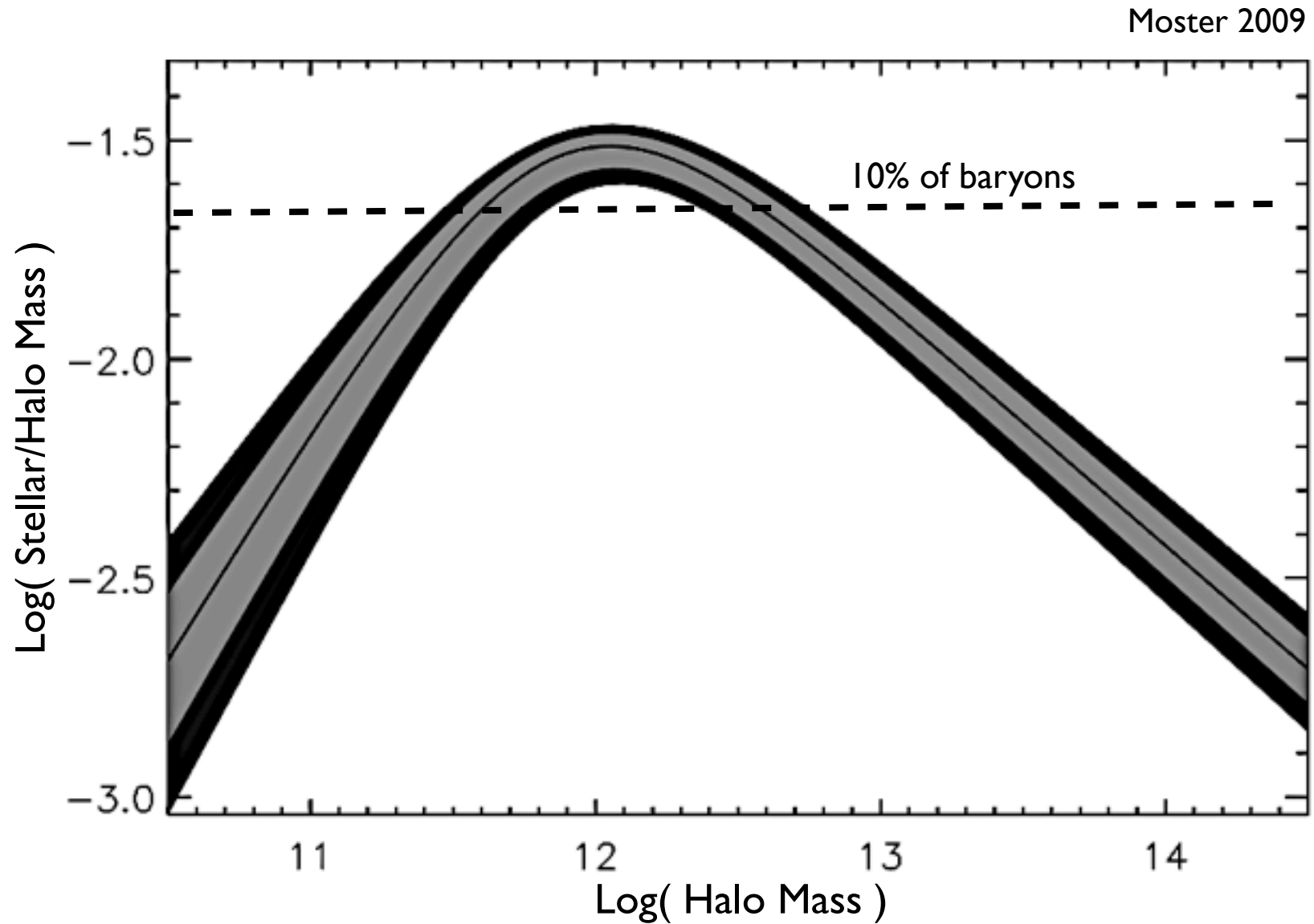
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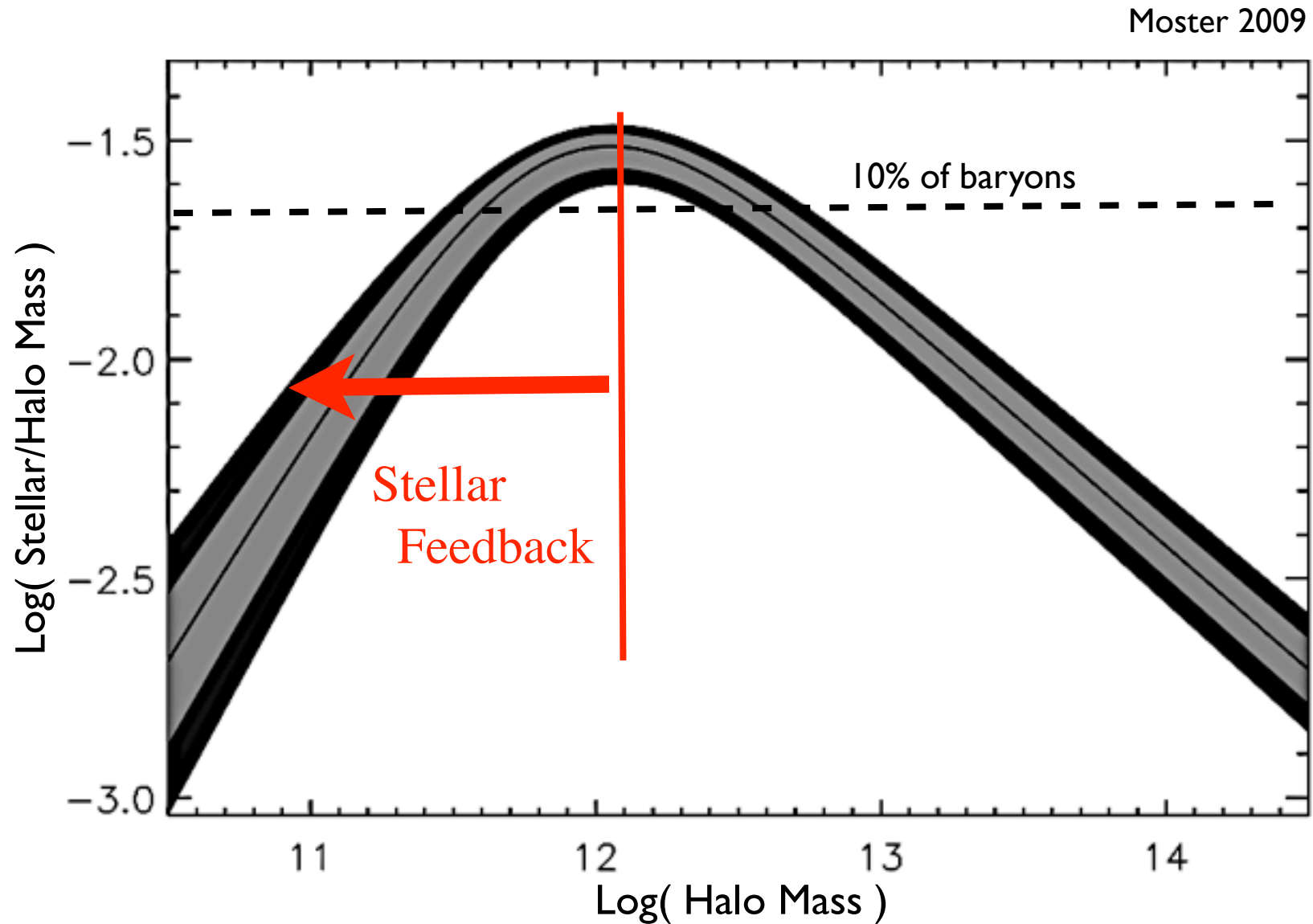
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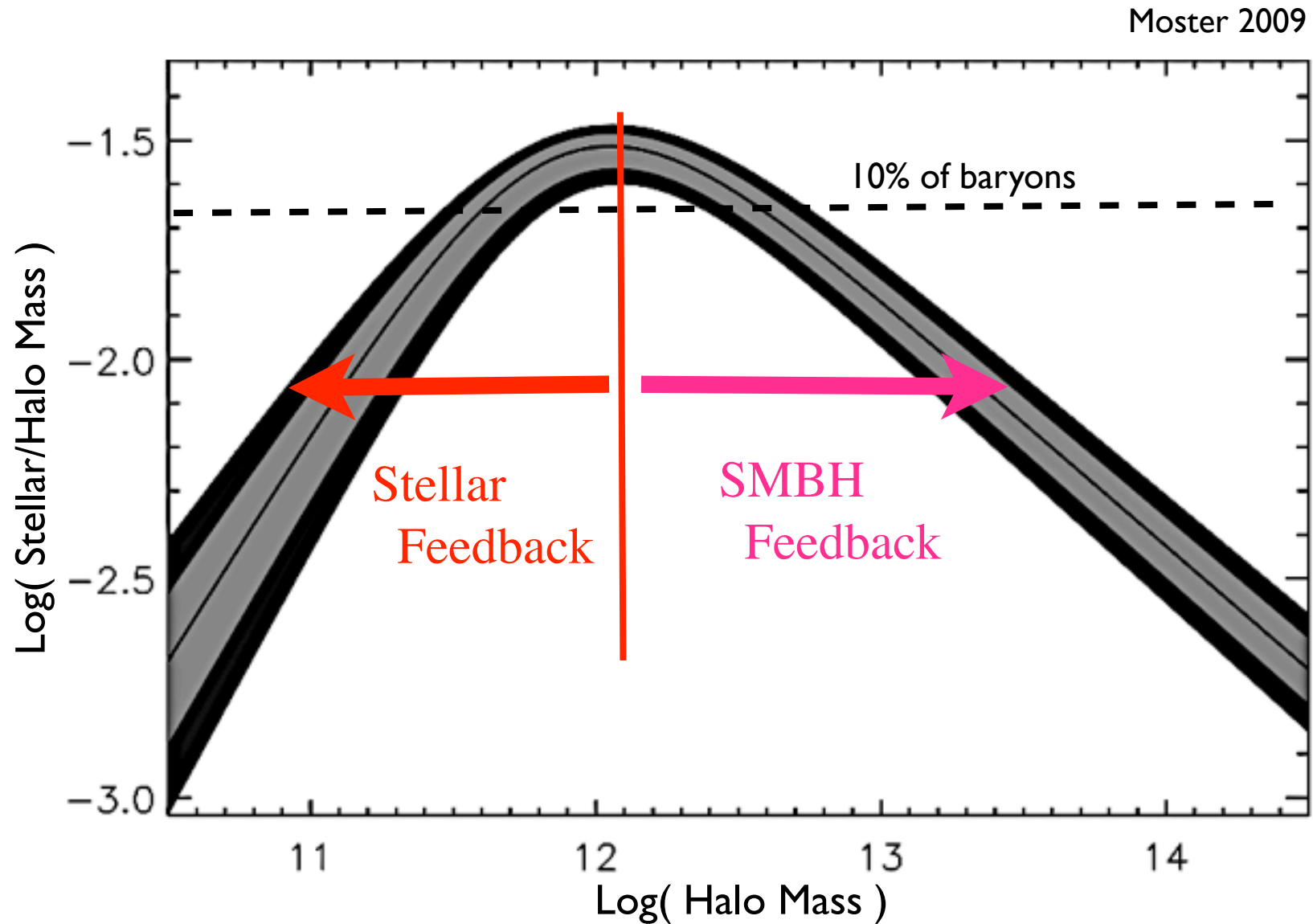
Motivation

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Stellar Feedback is the Key!

SO WHAT'S THE PROBLEM?

- Standard (in Galaxy Formation):
Couple SNe ($\sim 10^{51}$ erg/SN)
as “heating”/thermal energy

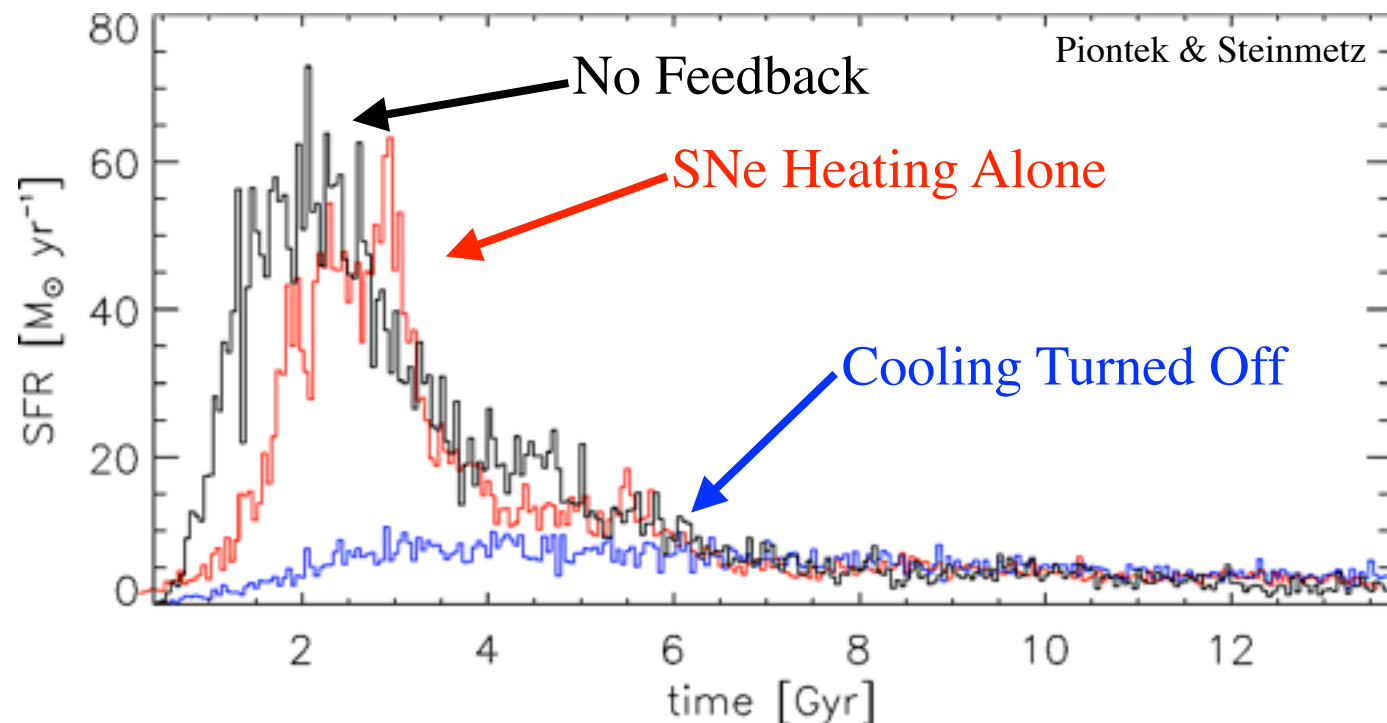
- FAILS:

$$t_{\text{cool}} \sim 4000 \text{ yr} \left(\frac{n}{\text{cm}^{-3}} \right)^{-1}$$

$$t_{\text{dyn}} \sim 10^8 \text{ yr} \left(\frac{n}{\text{cm}^{-3}} \right)^{-1/2}$$

- “Cheat”:

- Turn off cooling
- Force wind by hand
(‘kick’ out of galaxy)



Stellar Feedback: How Can We Do Better?



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- High-resolution ($\sim 1\text{pc}$), molecular cooling ($<100\text{ K}$), SF only at highest densities ($n_{\text{H}} > 1000\text{ cm}^{-3}$)



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 - SNe (II & Ia)
 - Stellar Winds
 - Photoionization (HII Regions)



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- *Explicit* Momentum Flux:

- Radiation Pressure

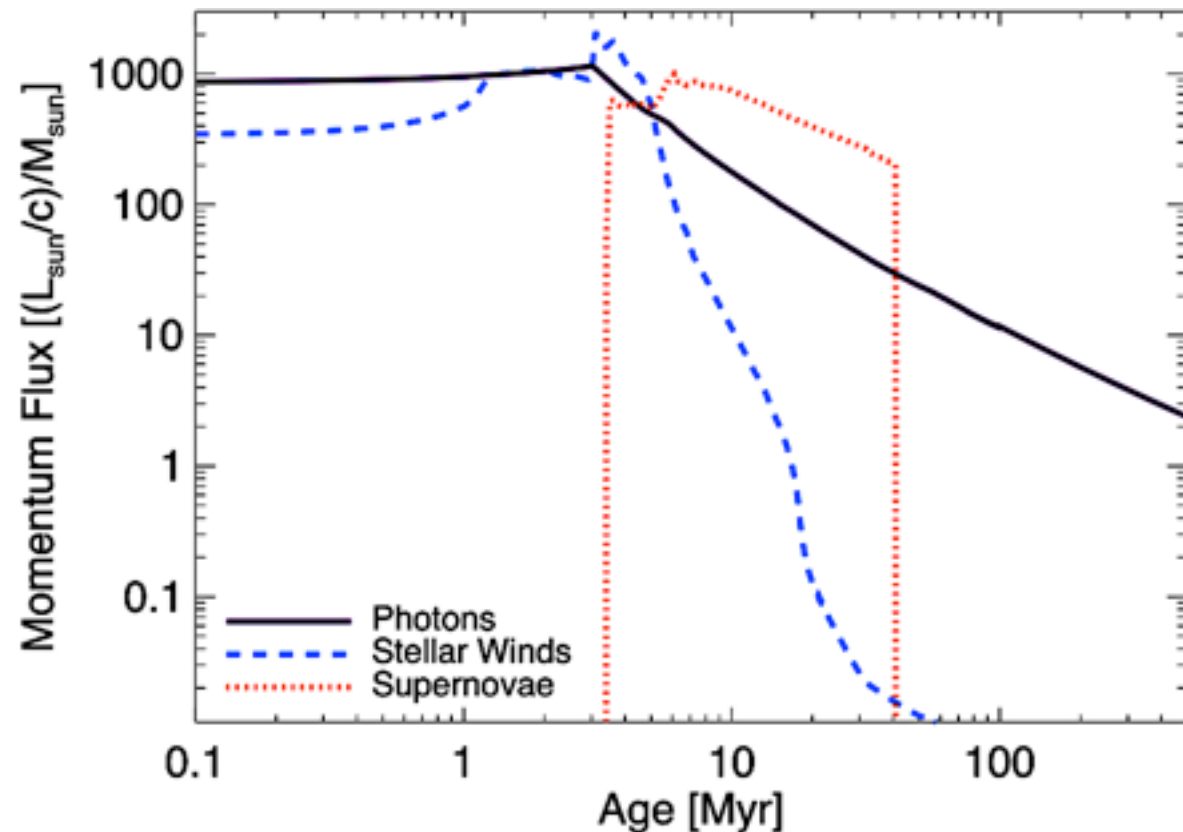
$$\dot{P}_{\text{rad}} \sim \frac{L}{c} (1 + \tau_{\text{IR}})$$

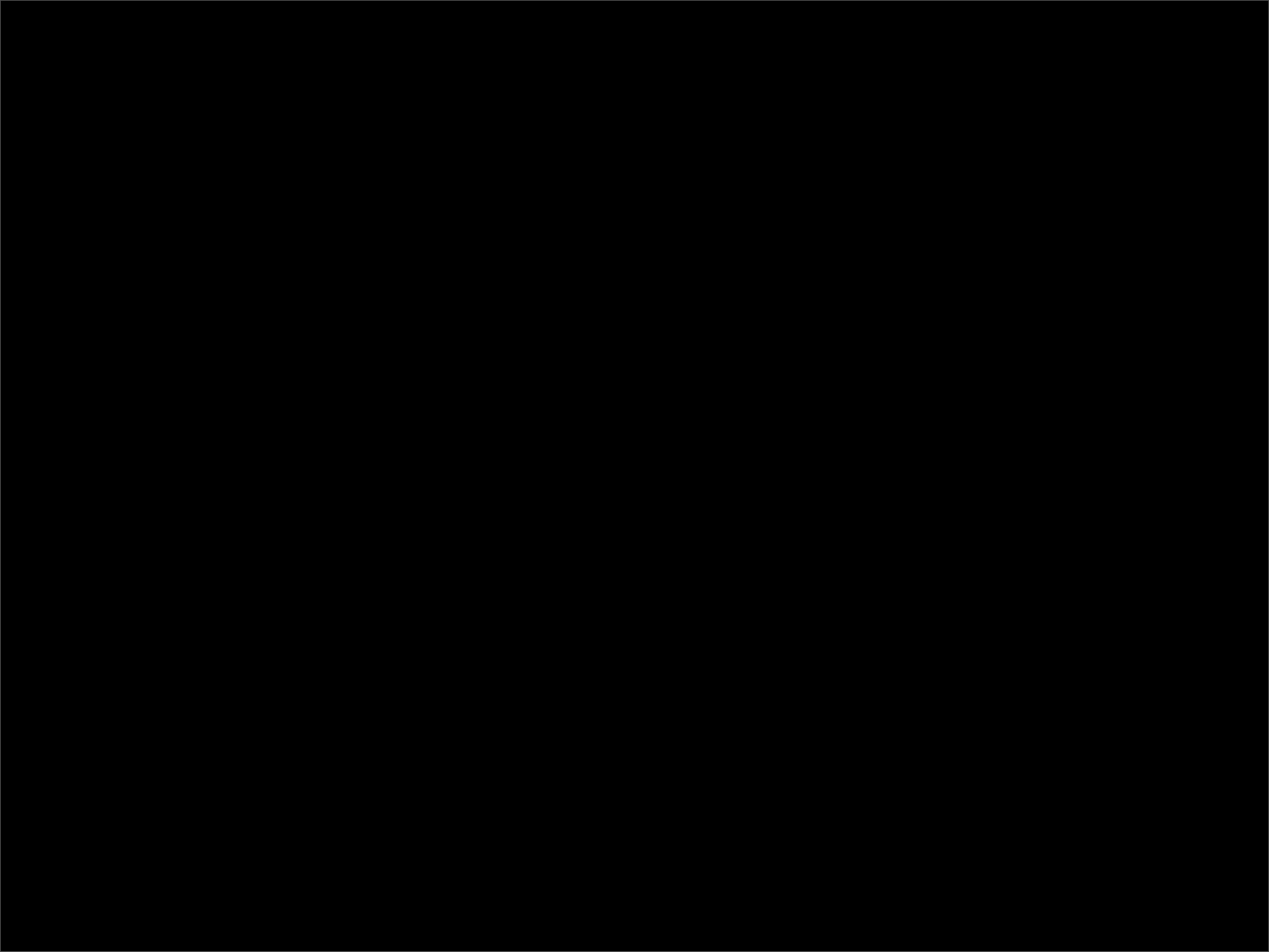
- SNe

$$\dot{P}_{\text{SNe}} \sim \dot{E}_{\text{SNe}} v_{\text{ejecta}}^{-1}$$

- Stellar Winds

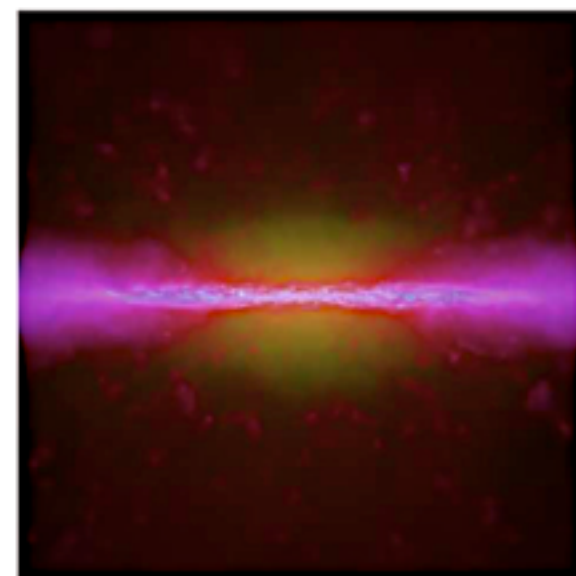
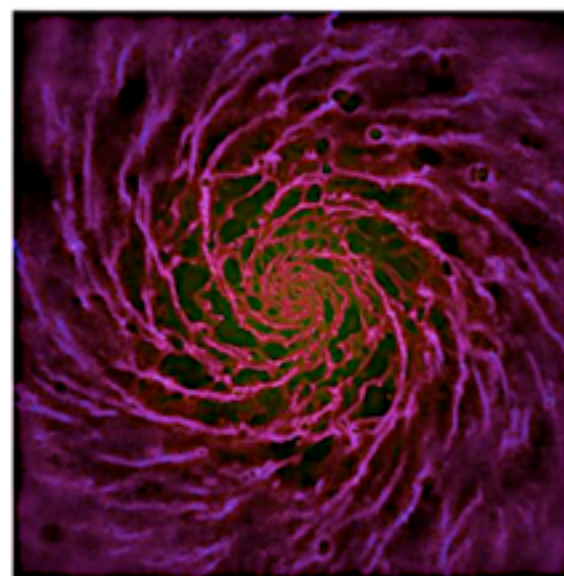
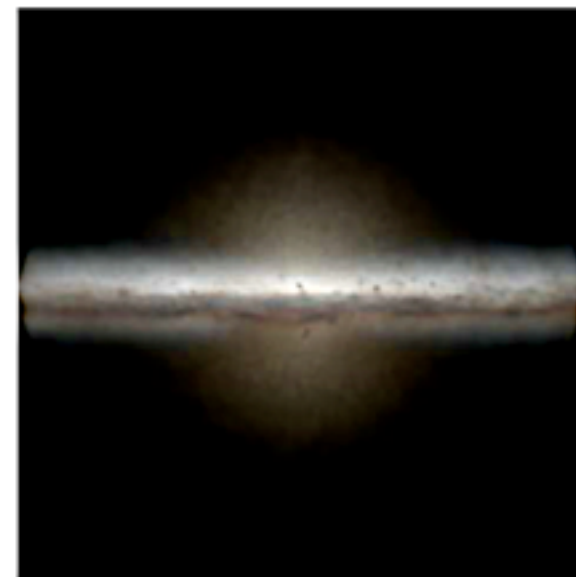
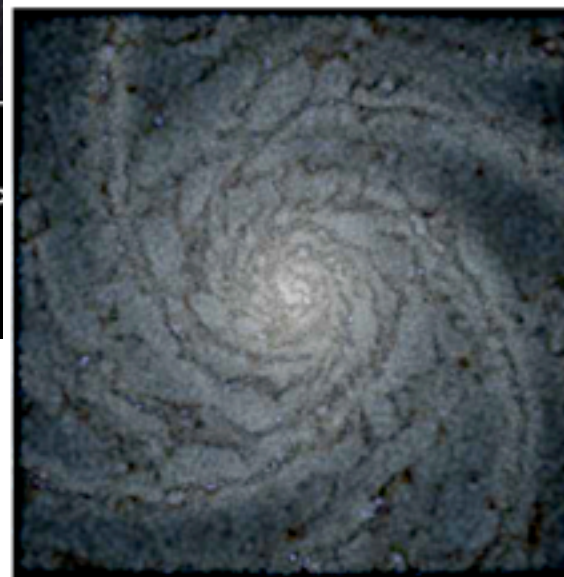
$$\dot{P}_{\text{W}} \sim \dot{M} v_{\text{wind}}$$





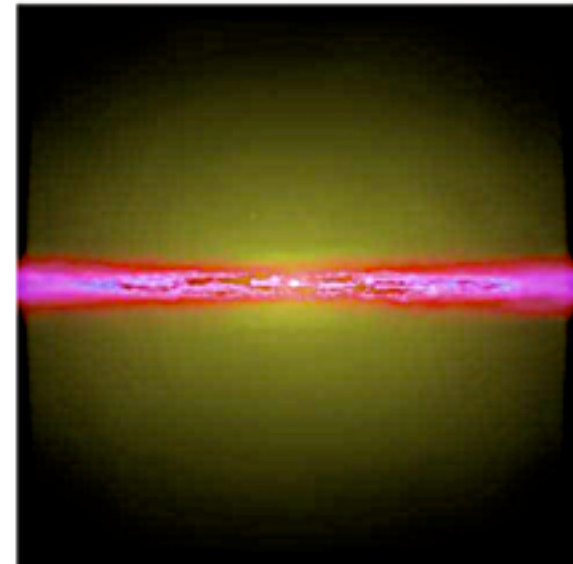
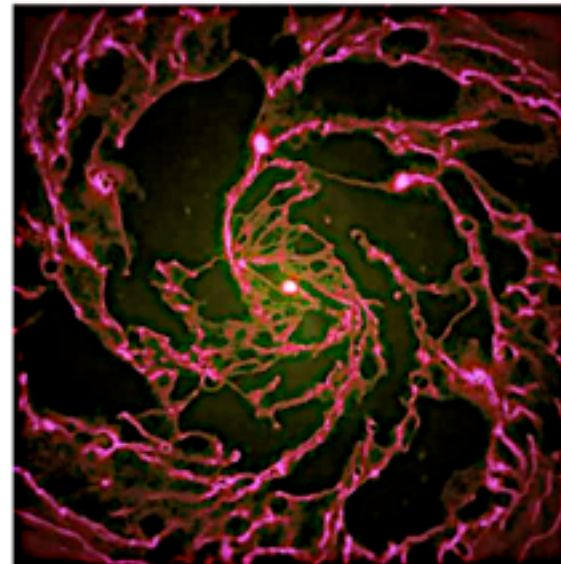
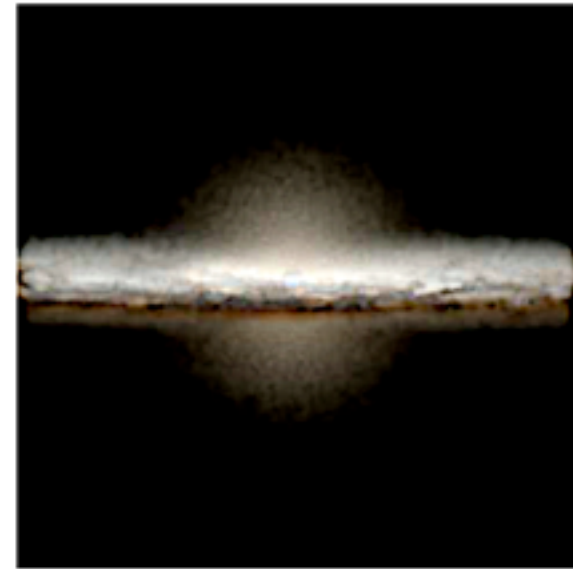
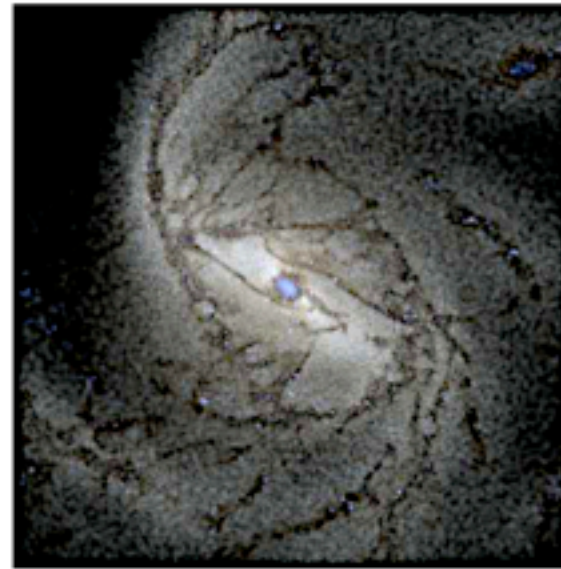


Spiral Galaxy M101 Spitzer Space Telescope • Hubble Space Telescope
 NASA / JPL-Caltech / ESA / CXC / STScI

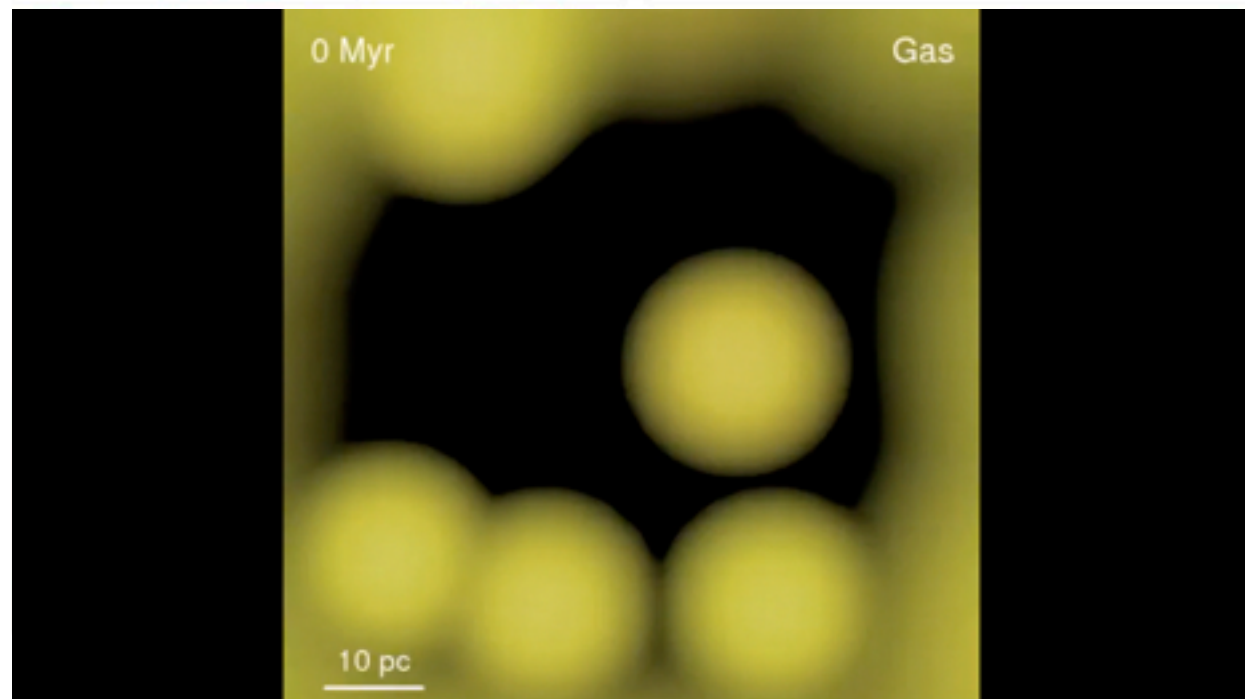
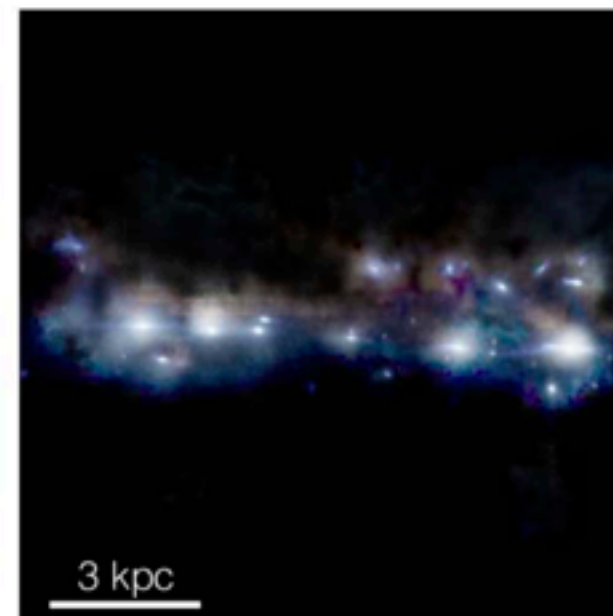
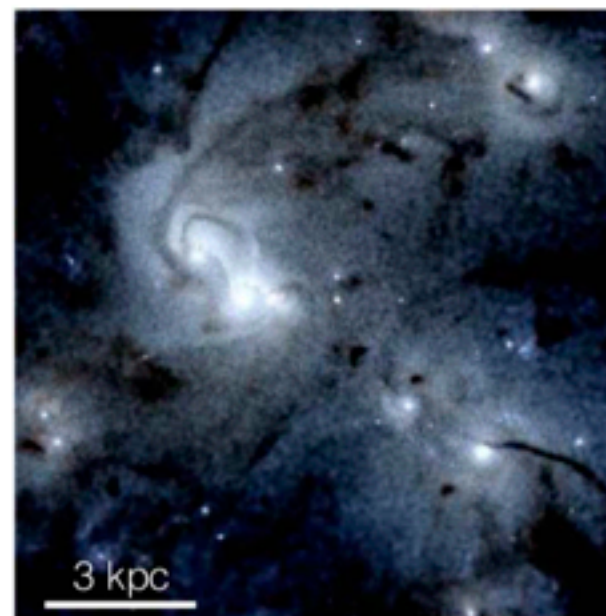
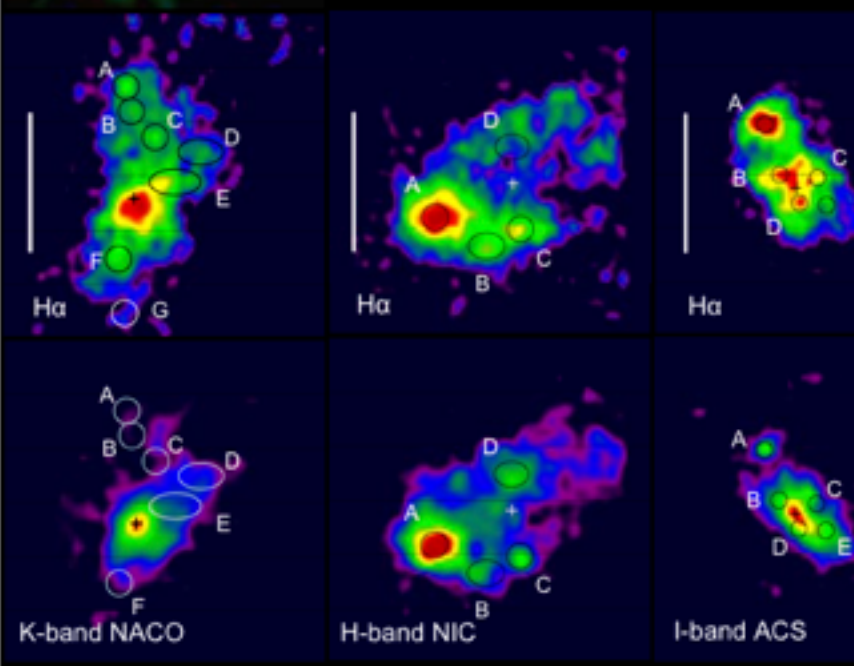
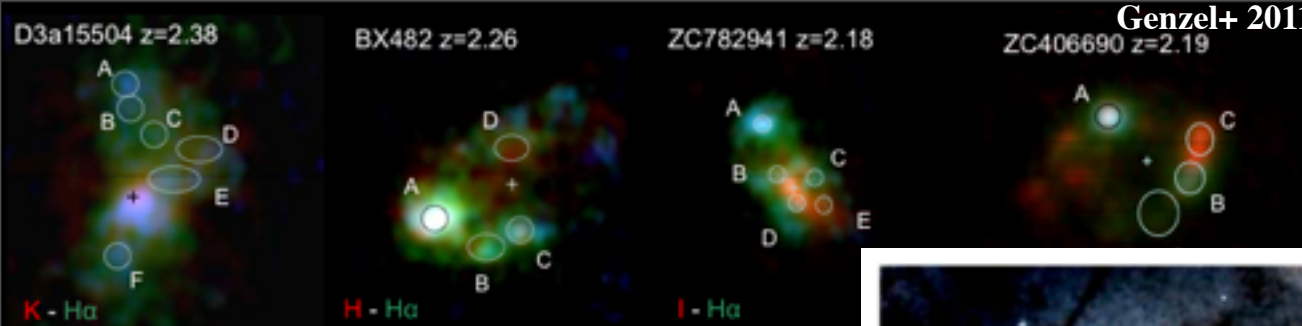


Hopkins, Quataert, & Murray, 2011b

NGC 1097 (Spitzer)



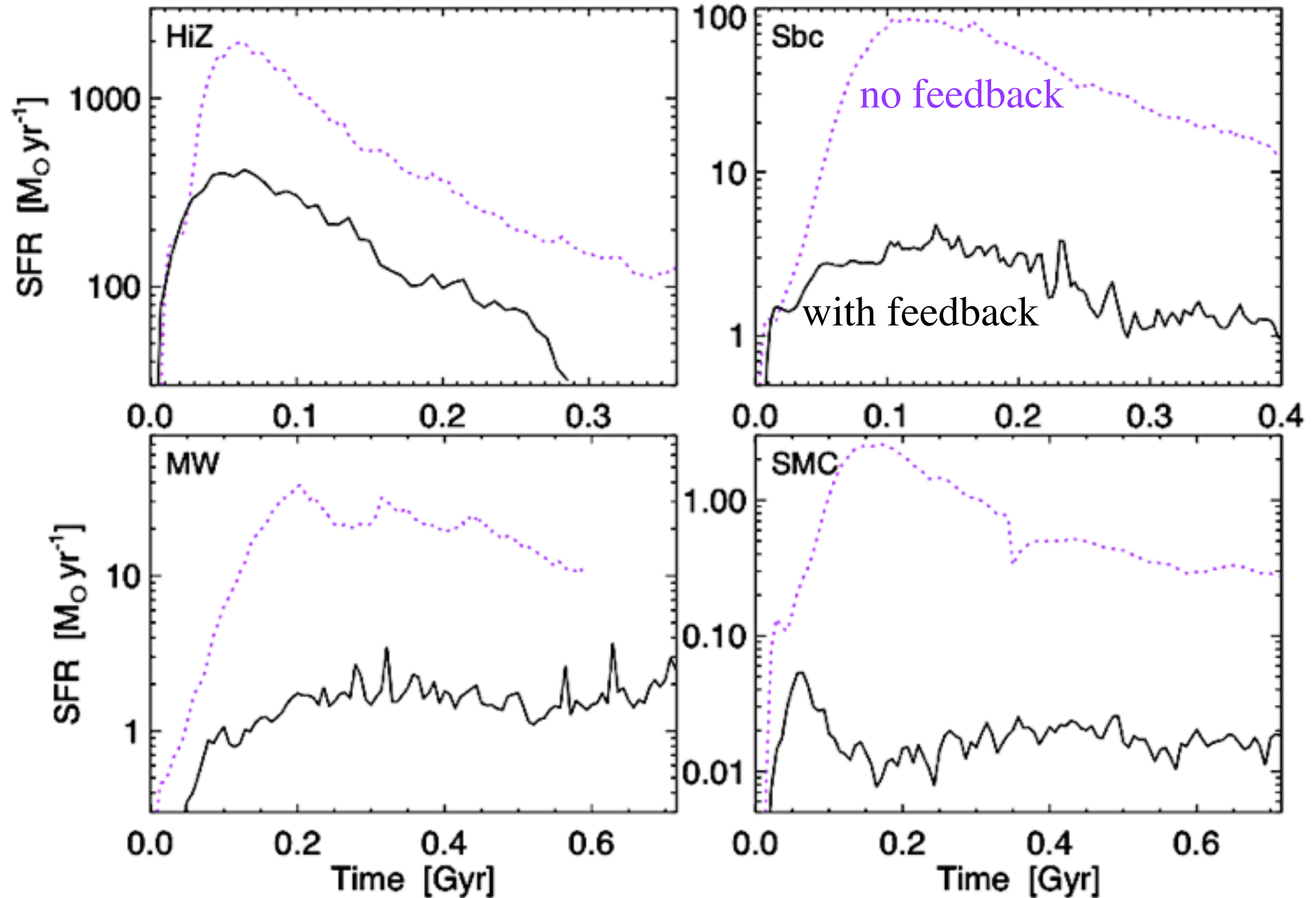
Hopkins, Quataert, & Murray, 2011b



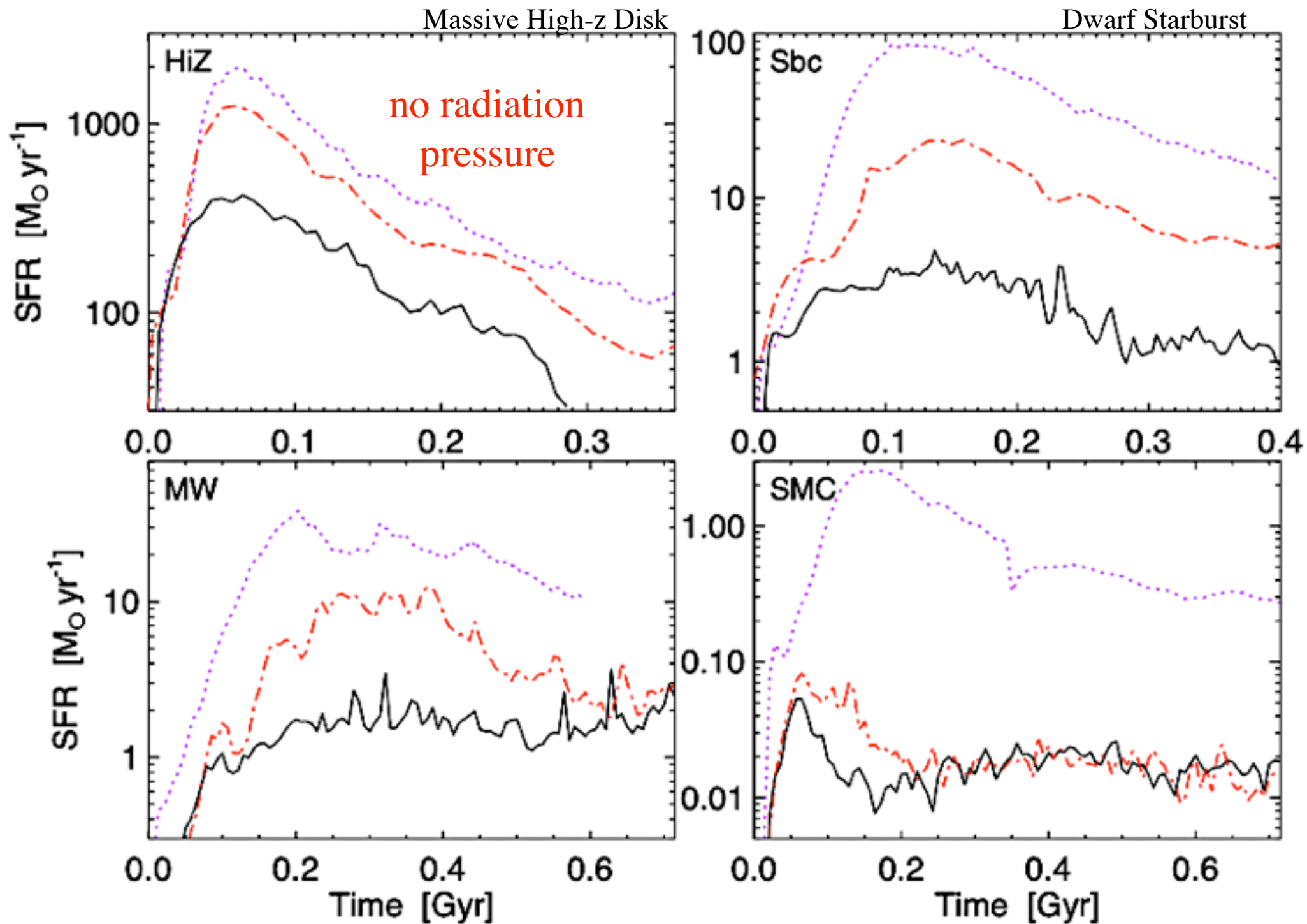
Stellar Feedback gives Self-Regulated Star Formation

Massive High-z Disk

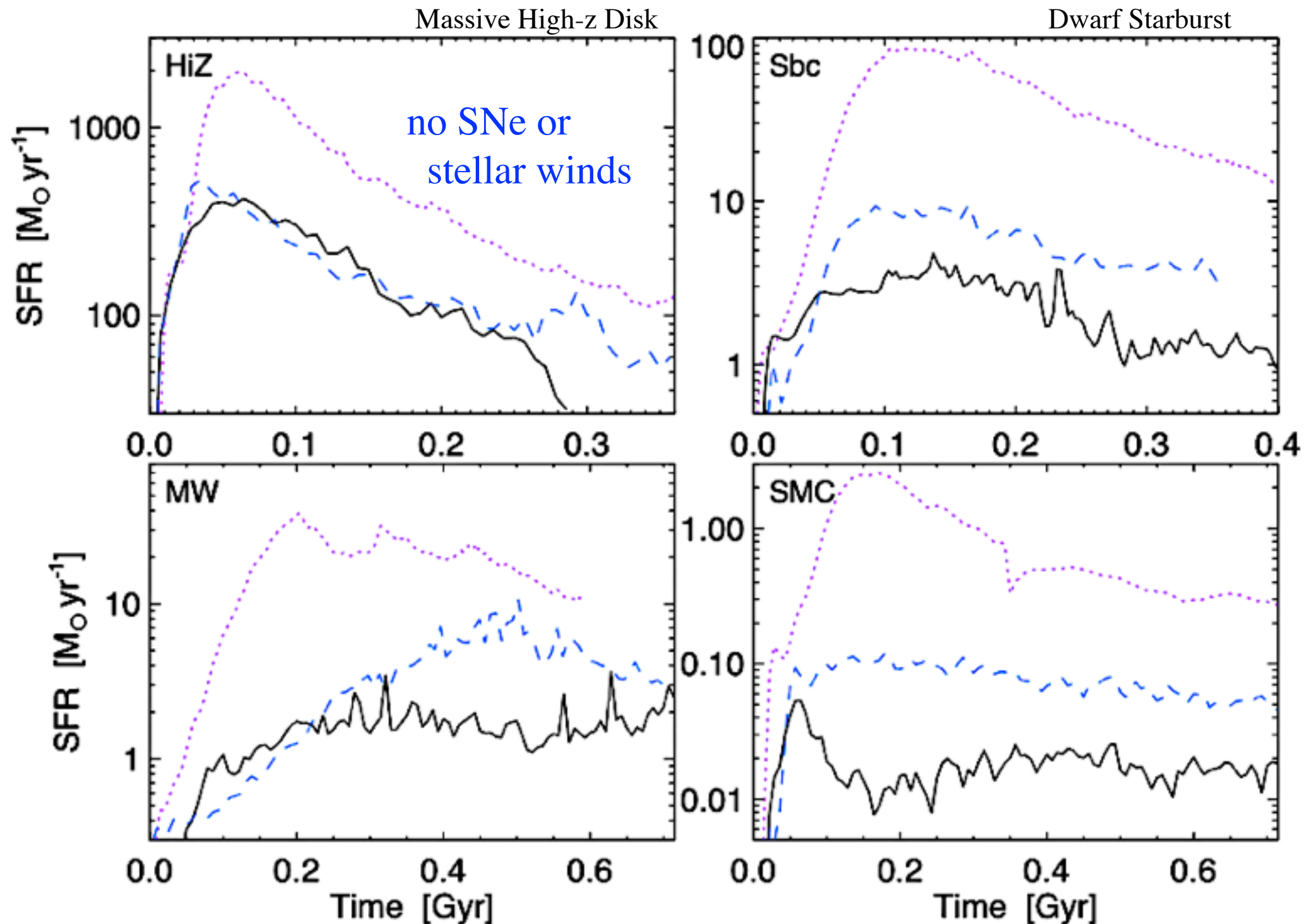
Dwarf Starburst



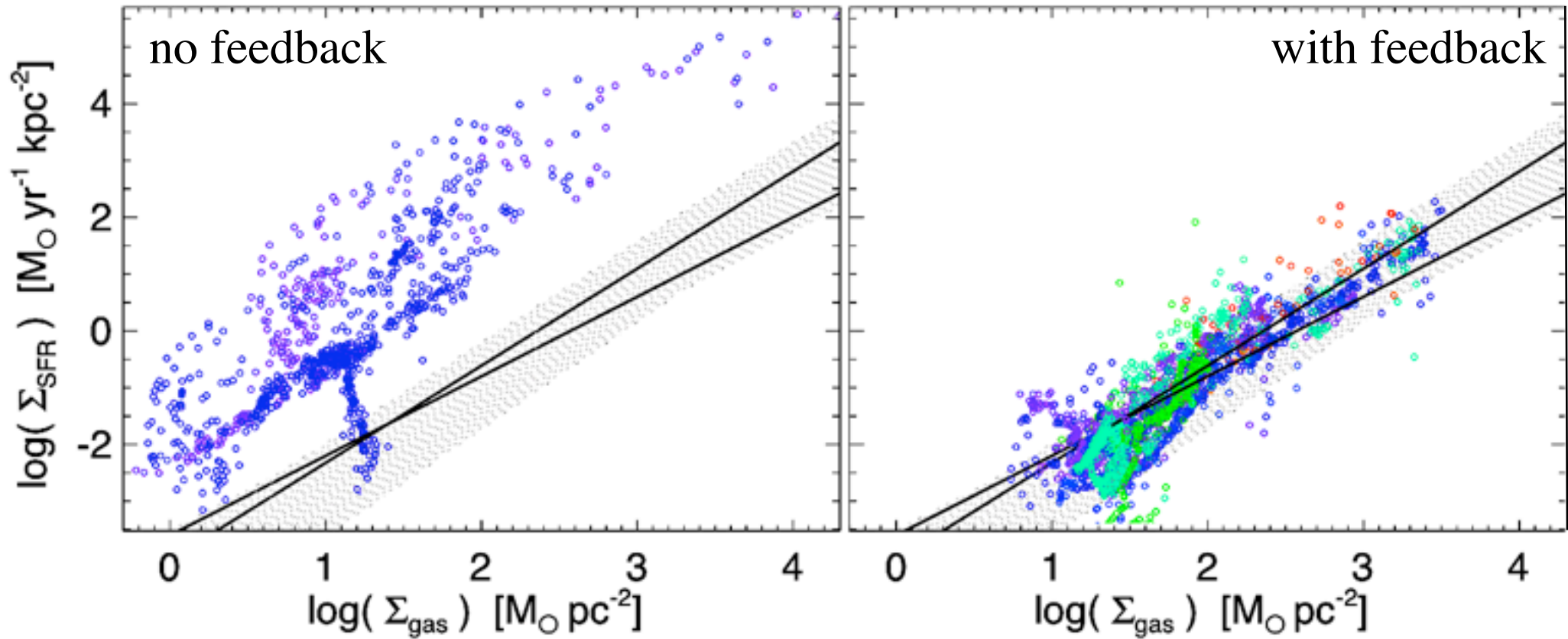
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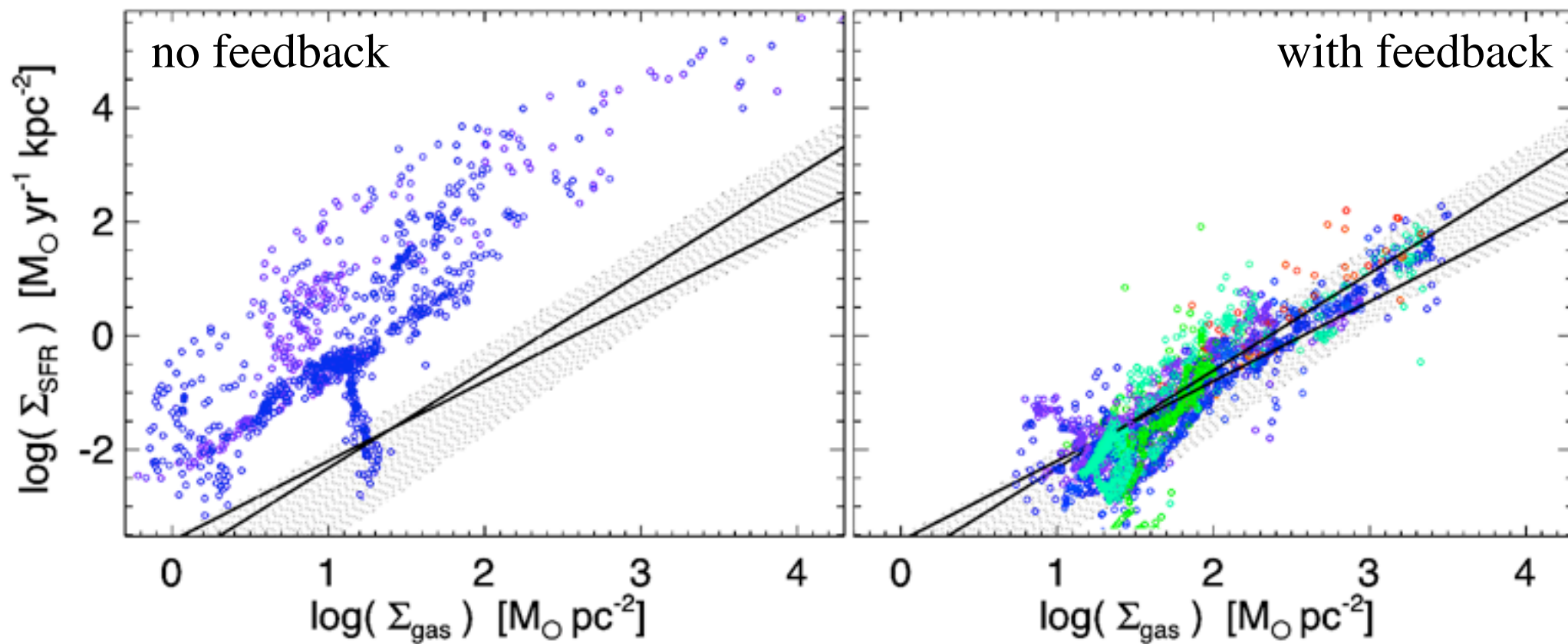


Kennicutt-Schmidt relation emerges naturally



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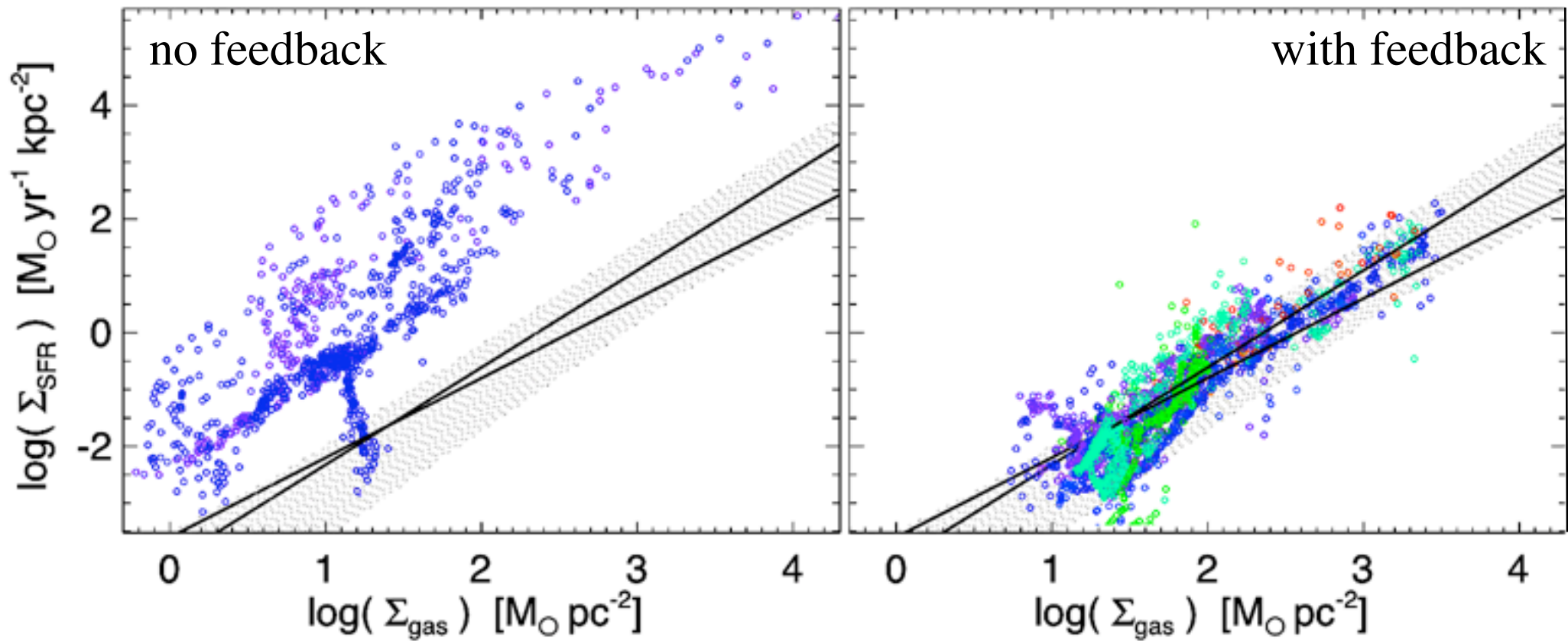
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$$\dot{\Sigma}_* \sim 0.02 \Sigma_{\text{gas}} / \tau_{\text{dyn}}$$



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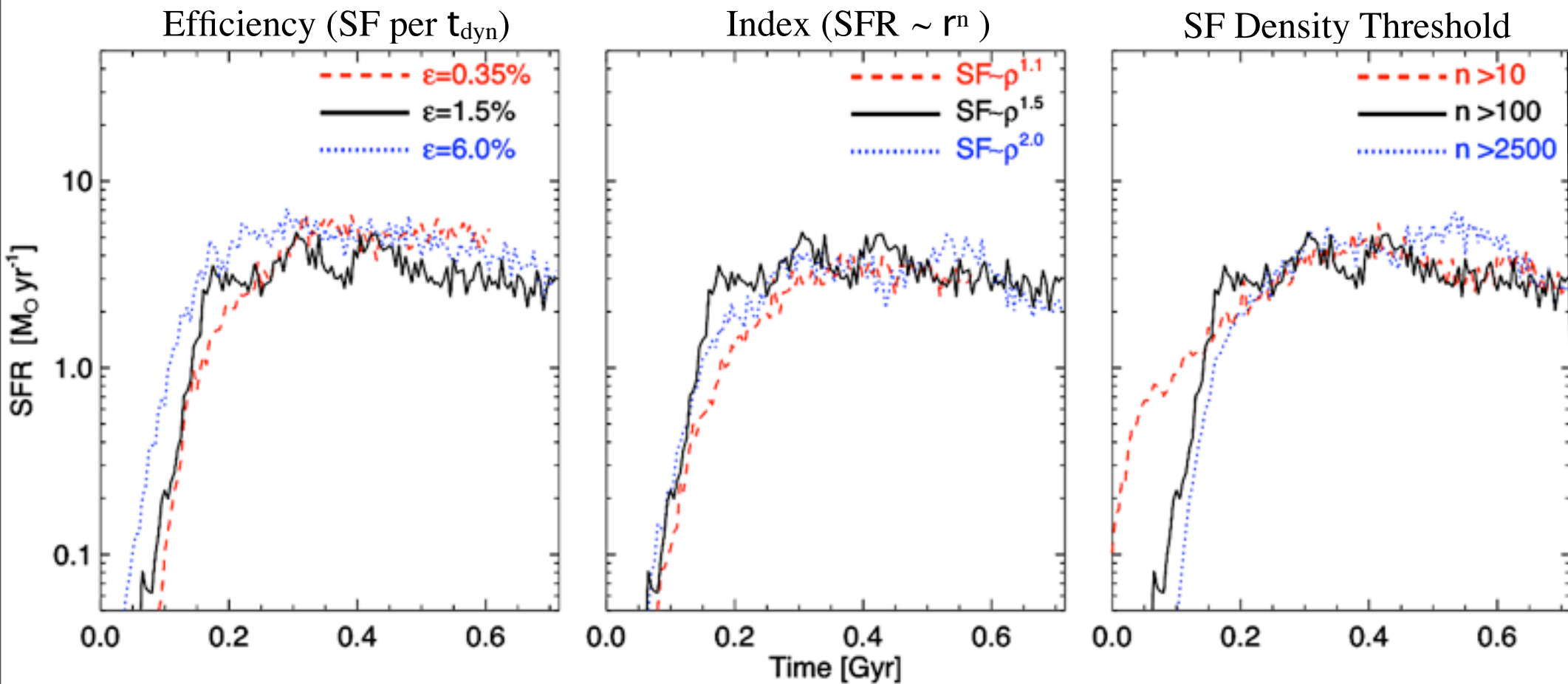
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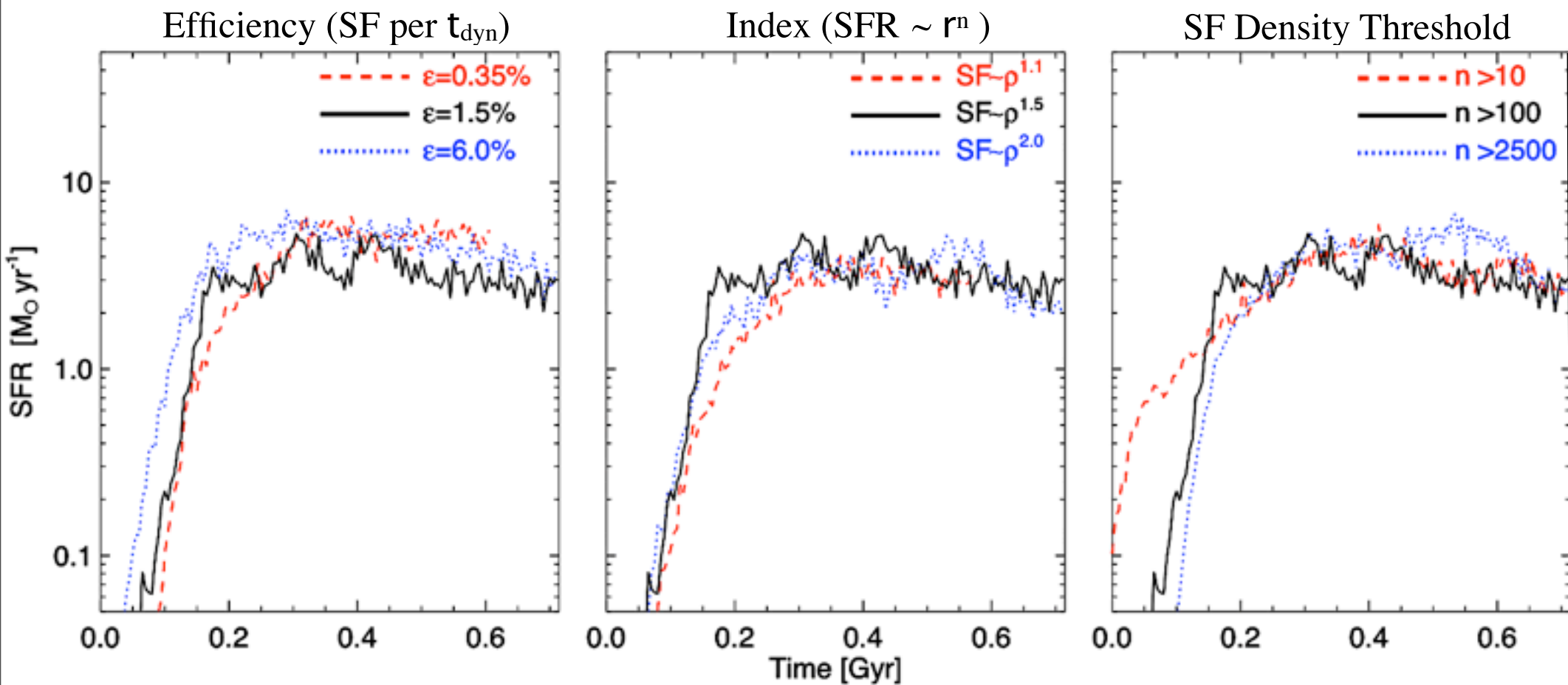
$$\longrightarrow \dot{\Sigma}_* \sim \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_* c} \right) \Sigma_{\text{gas}} \Omega \sim 0.02 \Sigma_{\text{gas}} \Omega$$

Global Star Formation Rates are *INDEPENDENT* of High-Density SF Law



Hopkins, Quataert, & Murray 2011
also Saitoh et al. 2008

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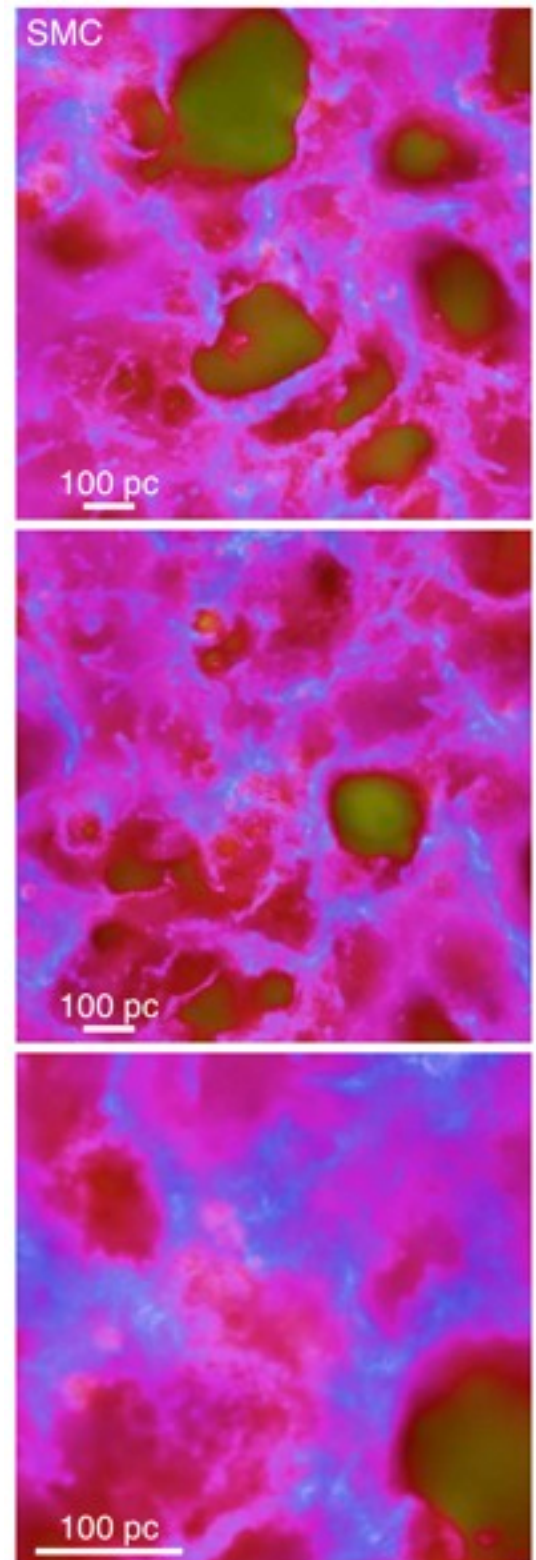
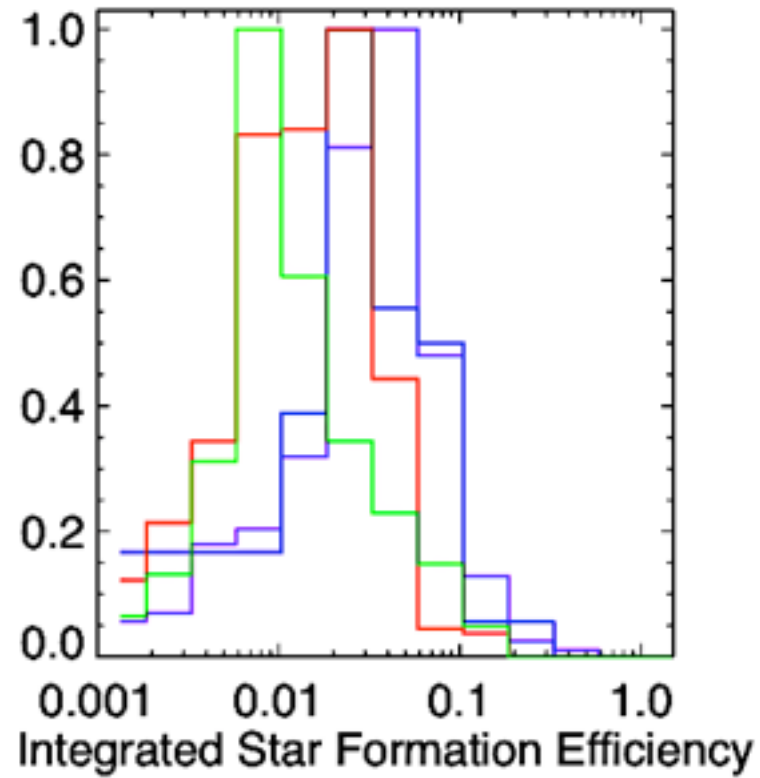
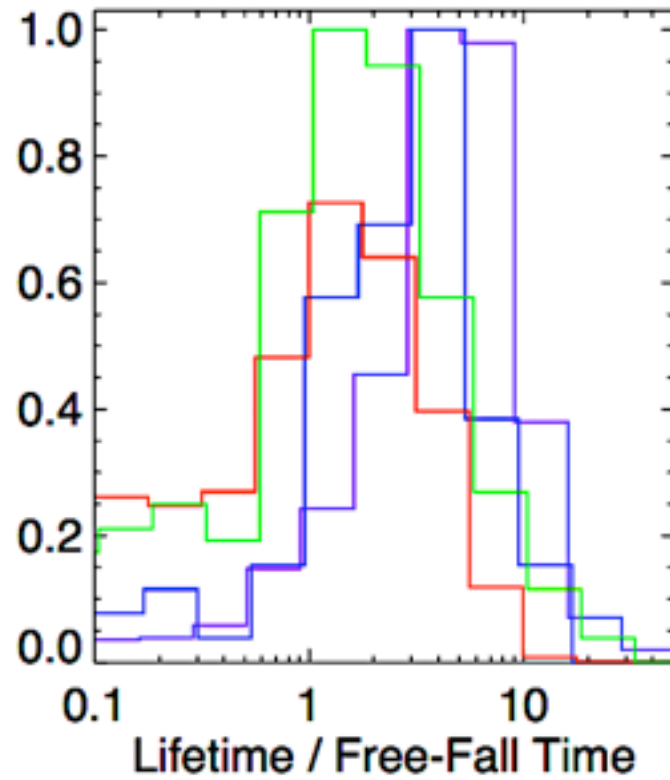
➤ Set by feedback (i.e. SFR) needed to maintain marginal stability

Hopkins, Quataert, & Murray 2011
also Saitoh et al. 2008

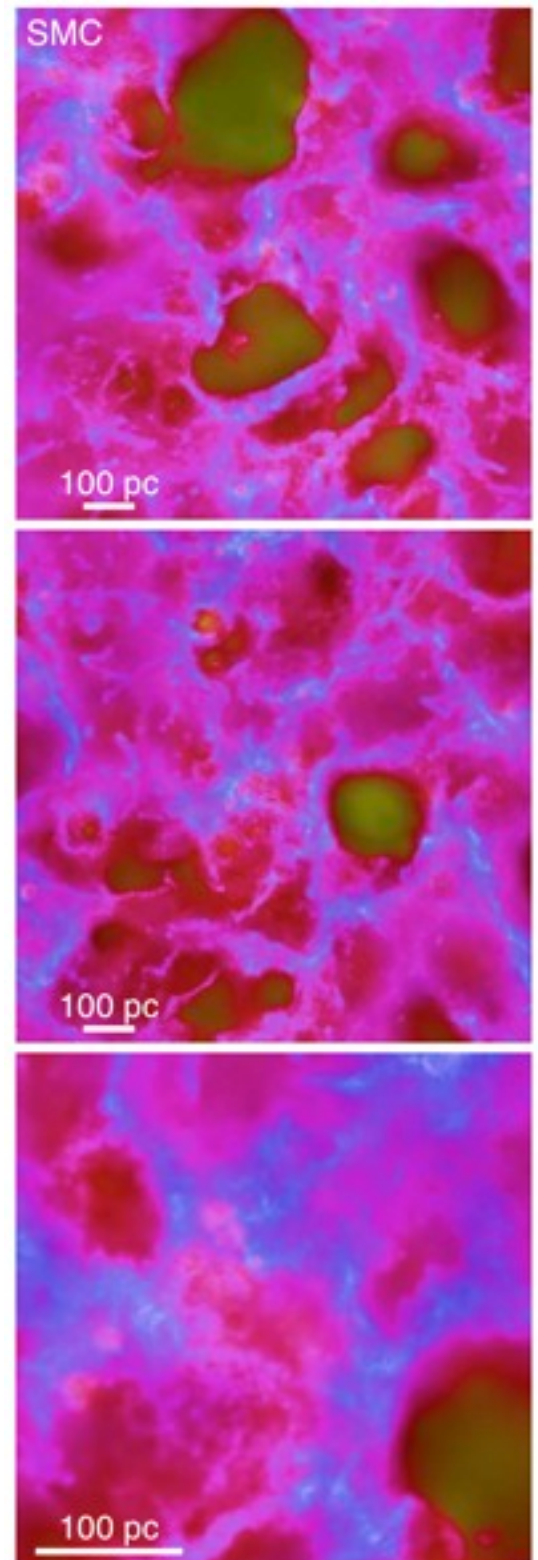
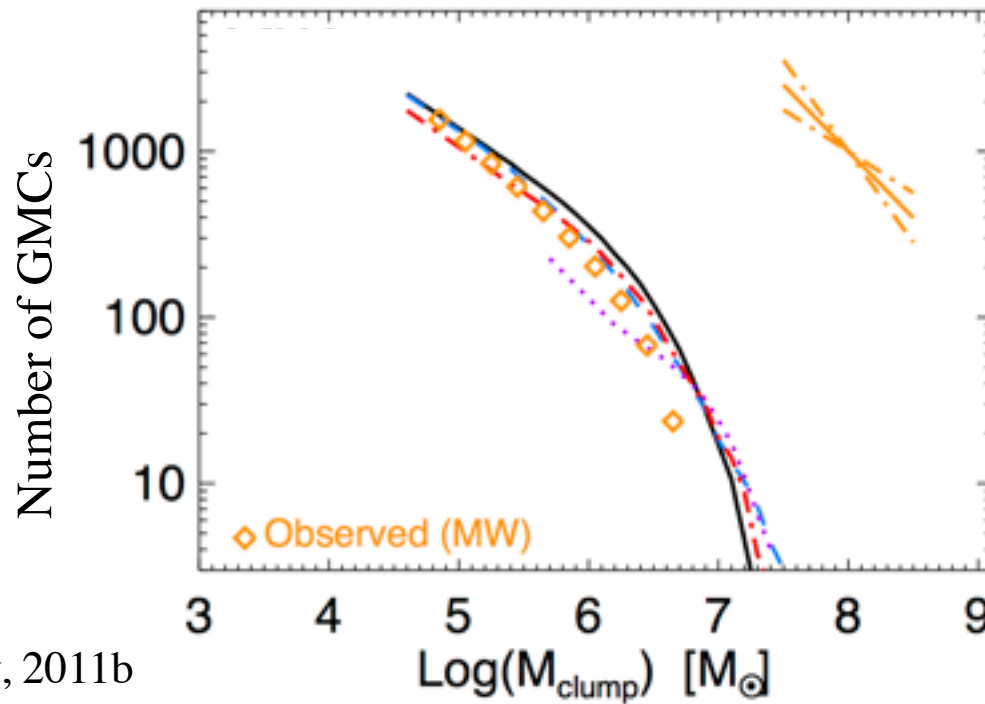
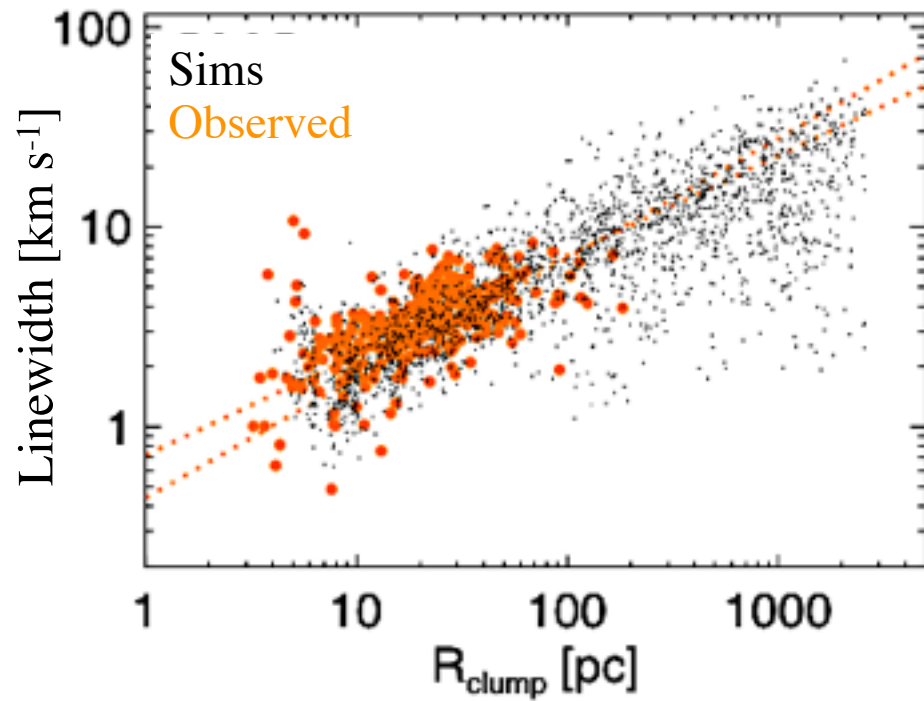
What Else Can We Study About Star Formation and the ISM?

Properties of GMCs

DEPENDENCE ON FEEDBACK AND OTHER SCALINGS



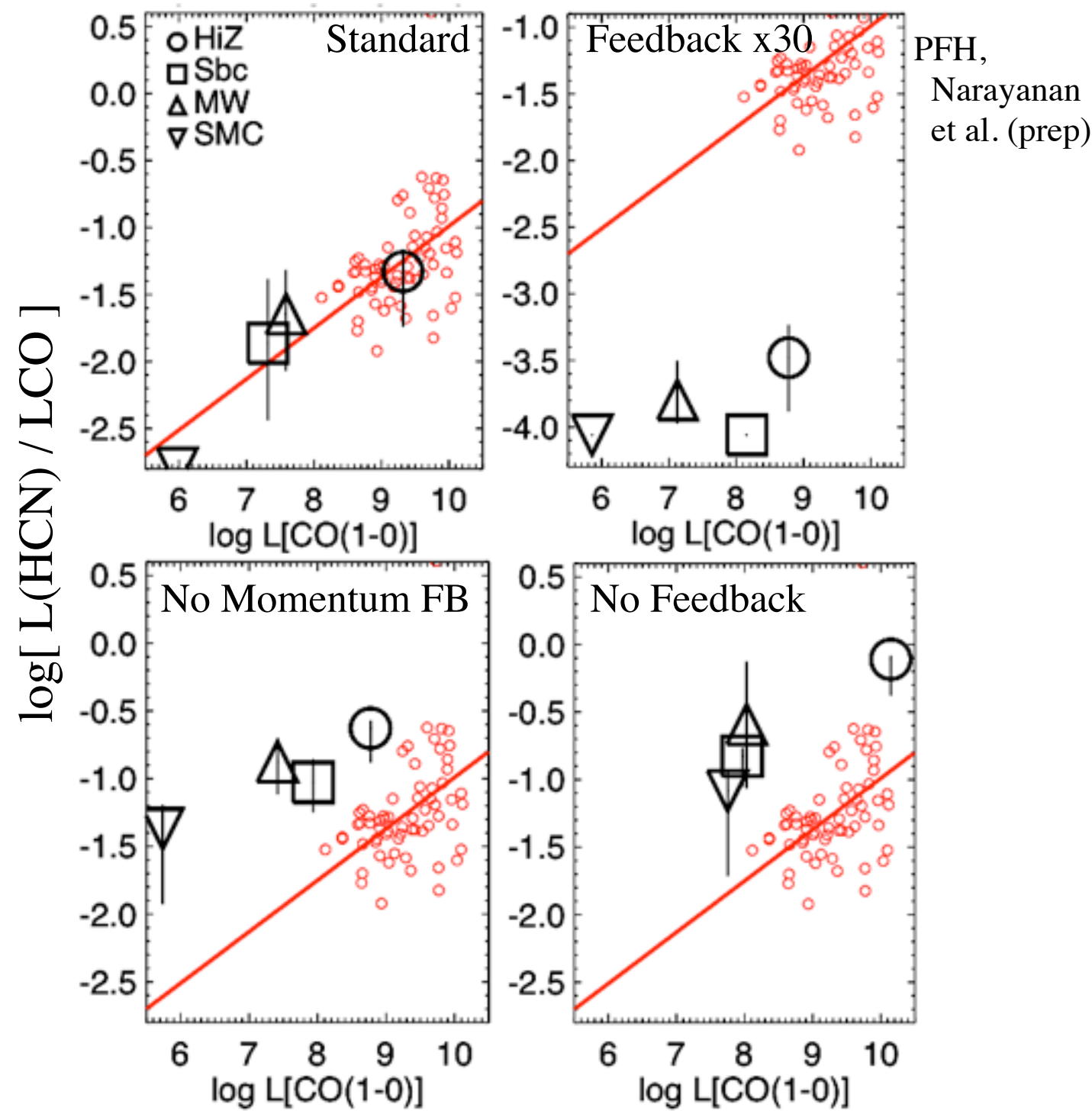
Properties of GMCs & Gas “Clumps”



PFH, Quataert, & Murray, 2011b

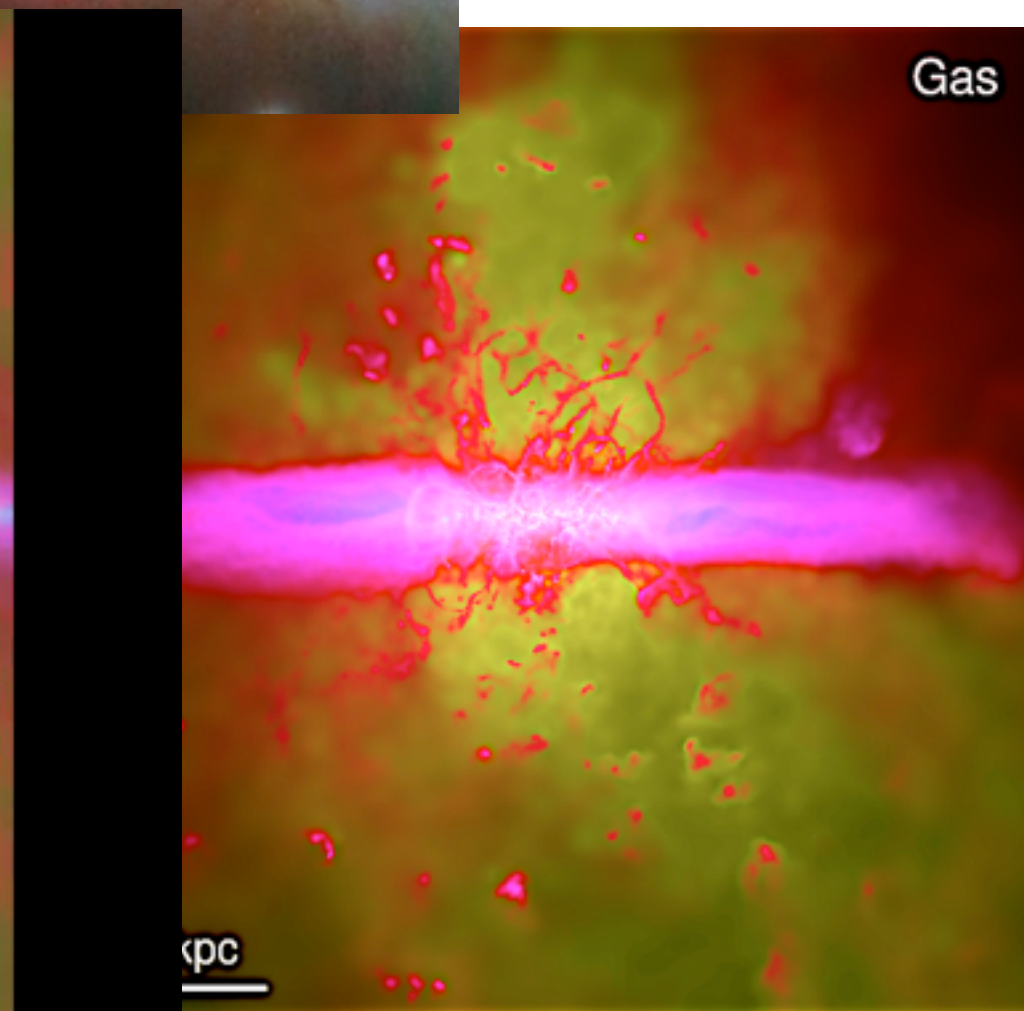
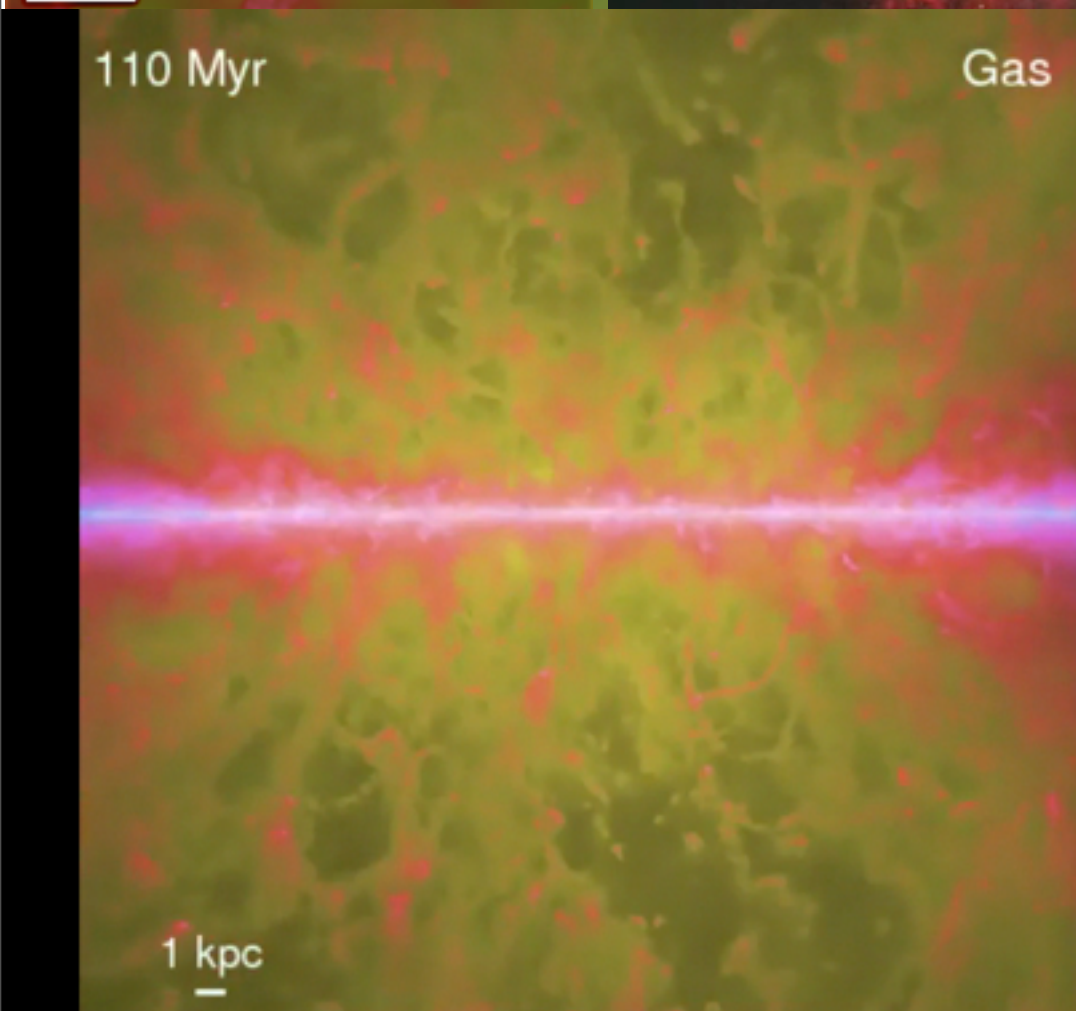
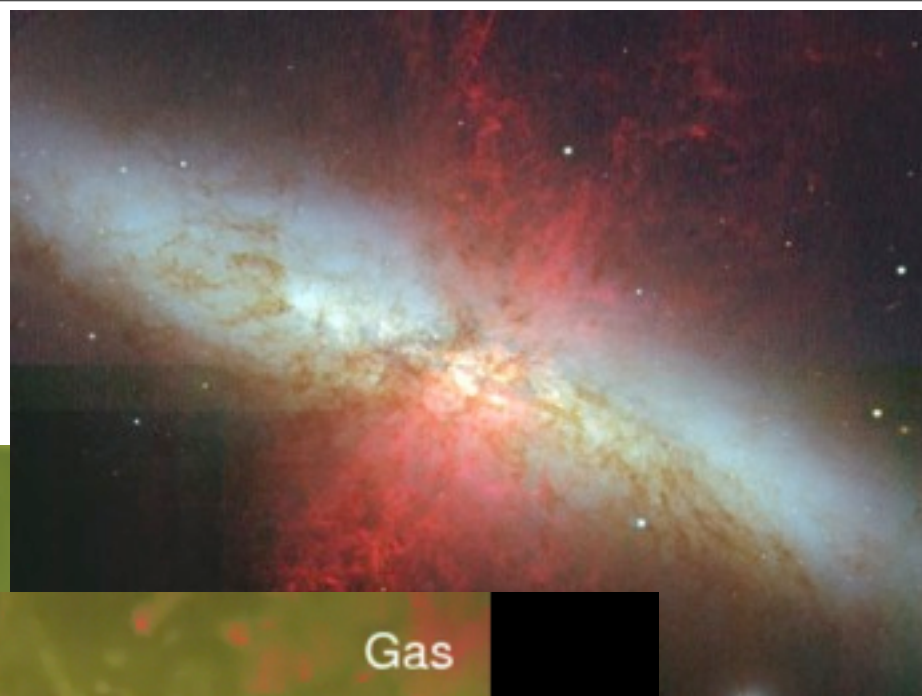
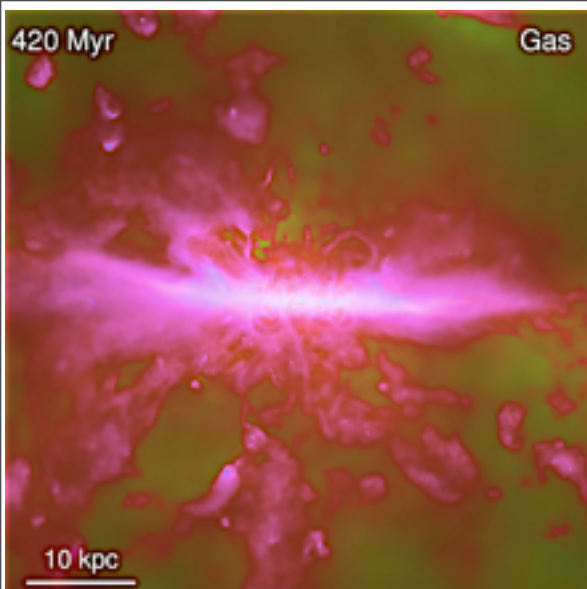
Feedback is Reflected in Dense Gas

TRACERS OF STAR FORMATION EFFICIENCY



The Gas not Forming Stars: Galaxy Winds and the Baryon Cycle

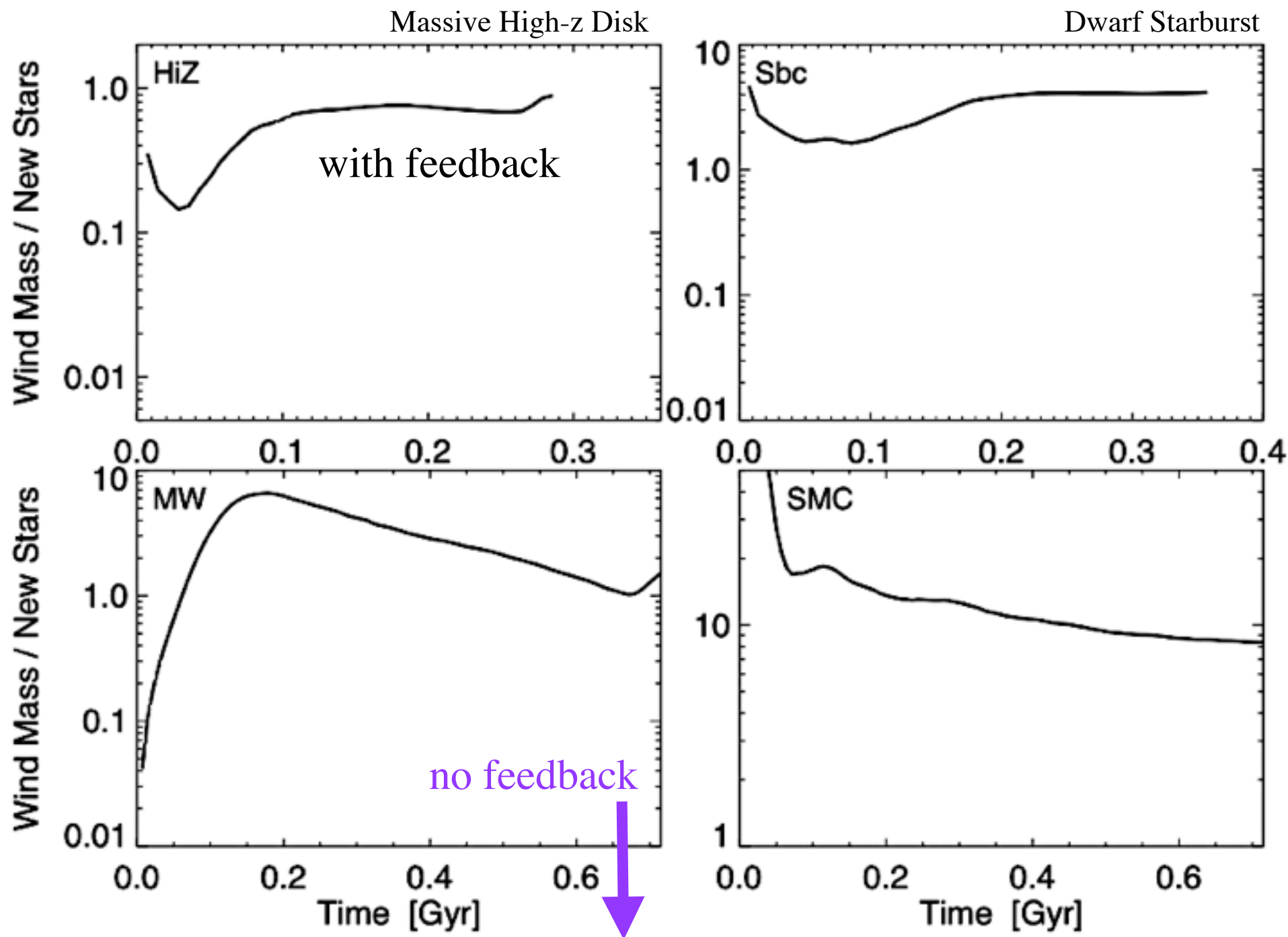
Galactic Super-Winds



How Efficient Are Galactic Super-Winds?

AND WHAT MECHANISMS DRIVE THEM?

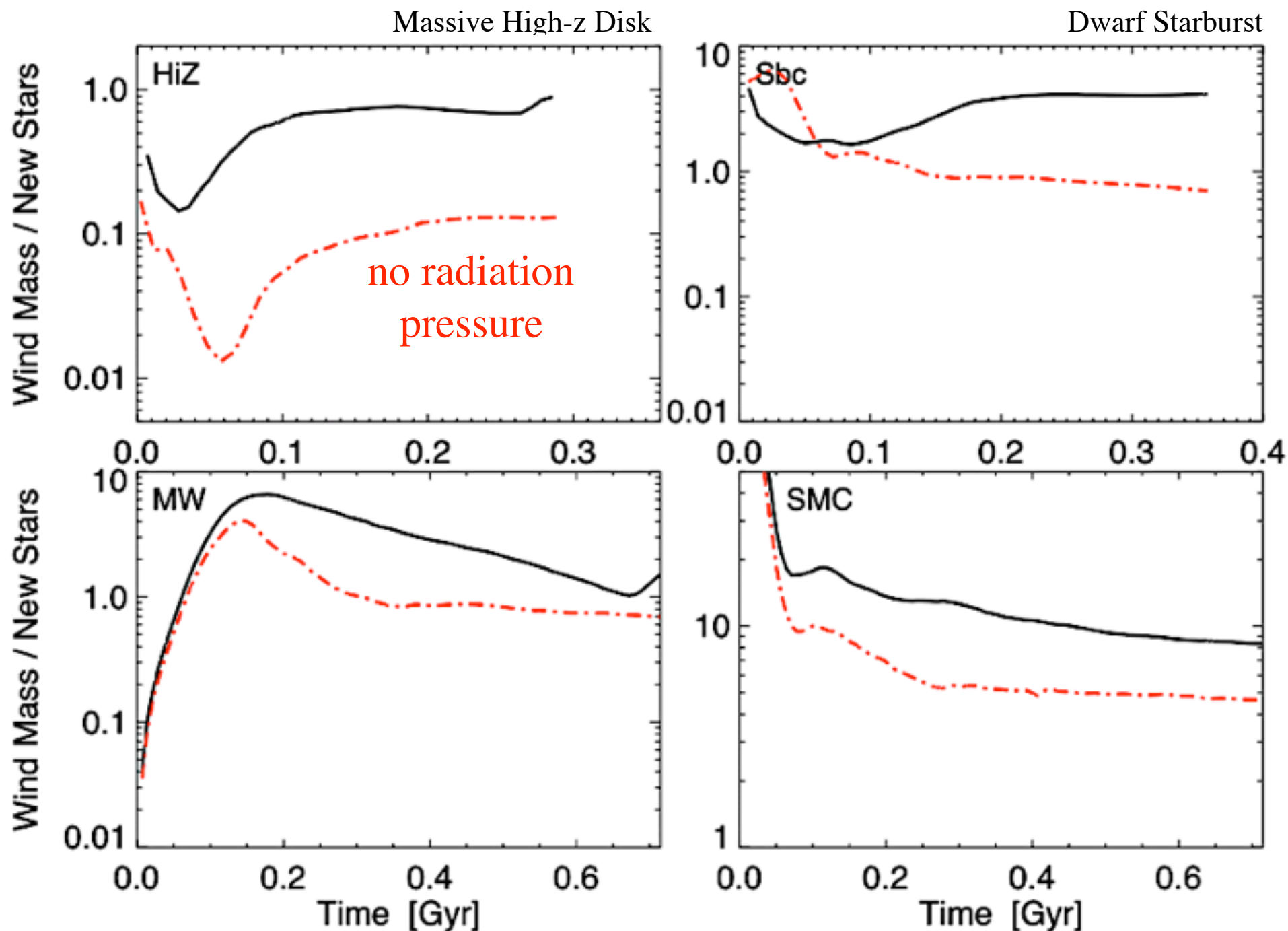
PFH, Quataert, & Murray, 2011c



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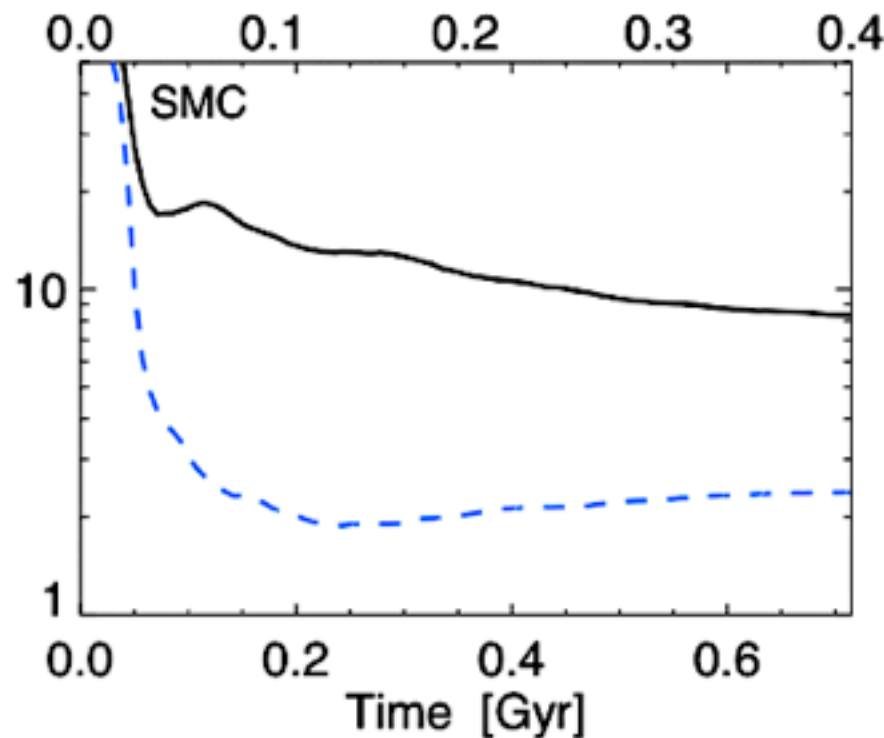
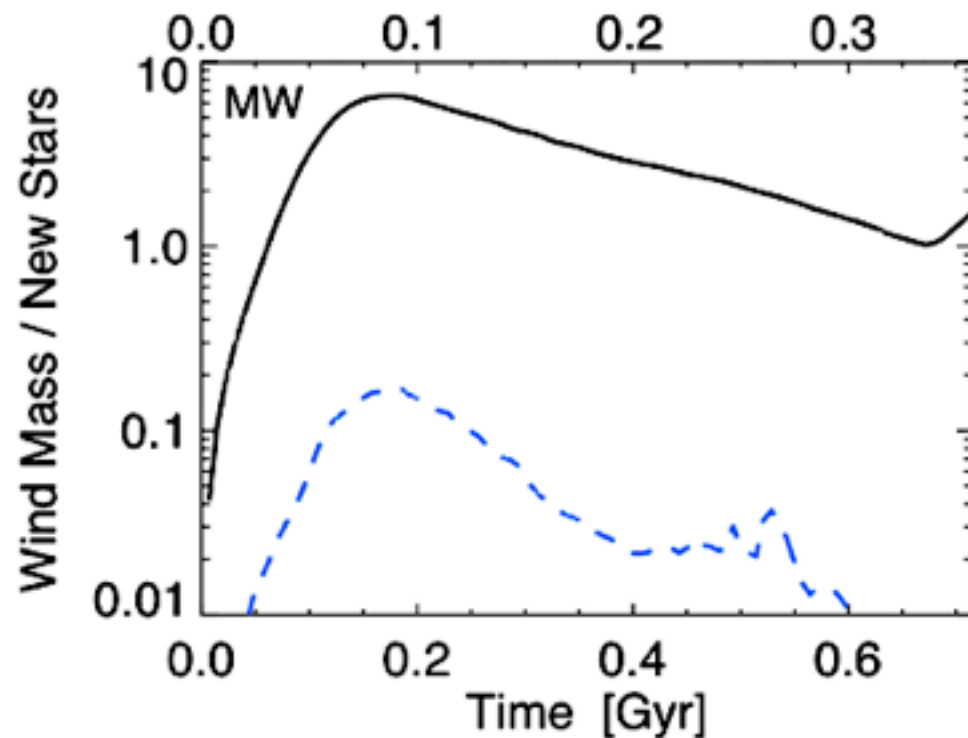
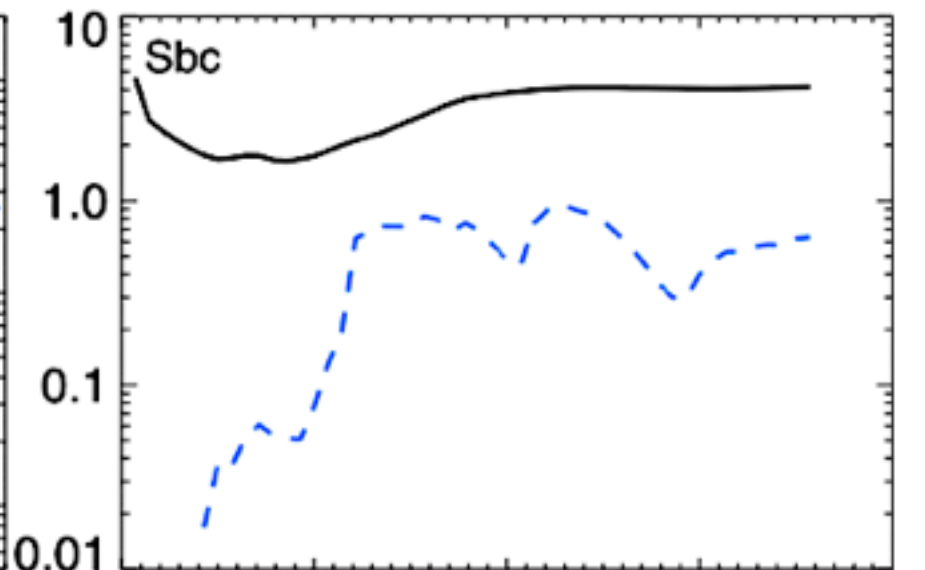
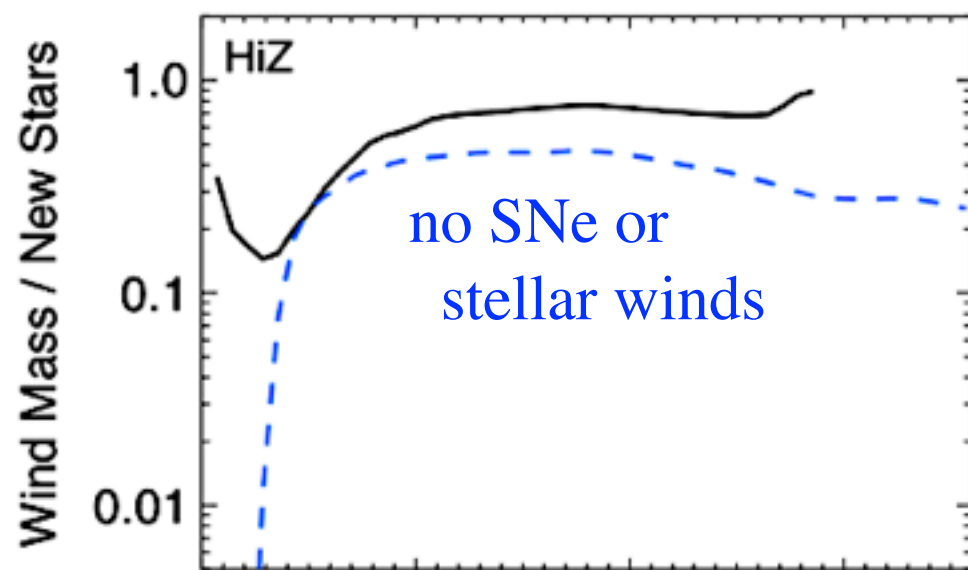
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PFH, Quataert, & Murray, 2011c

Massive High-z Disk

Dwarf Starburst



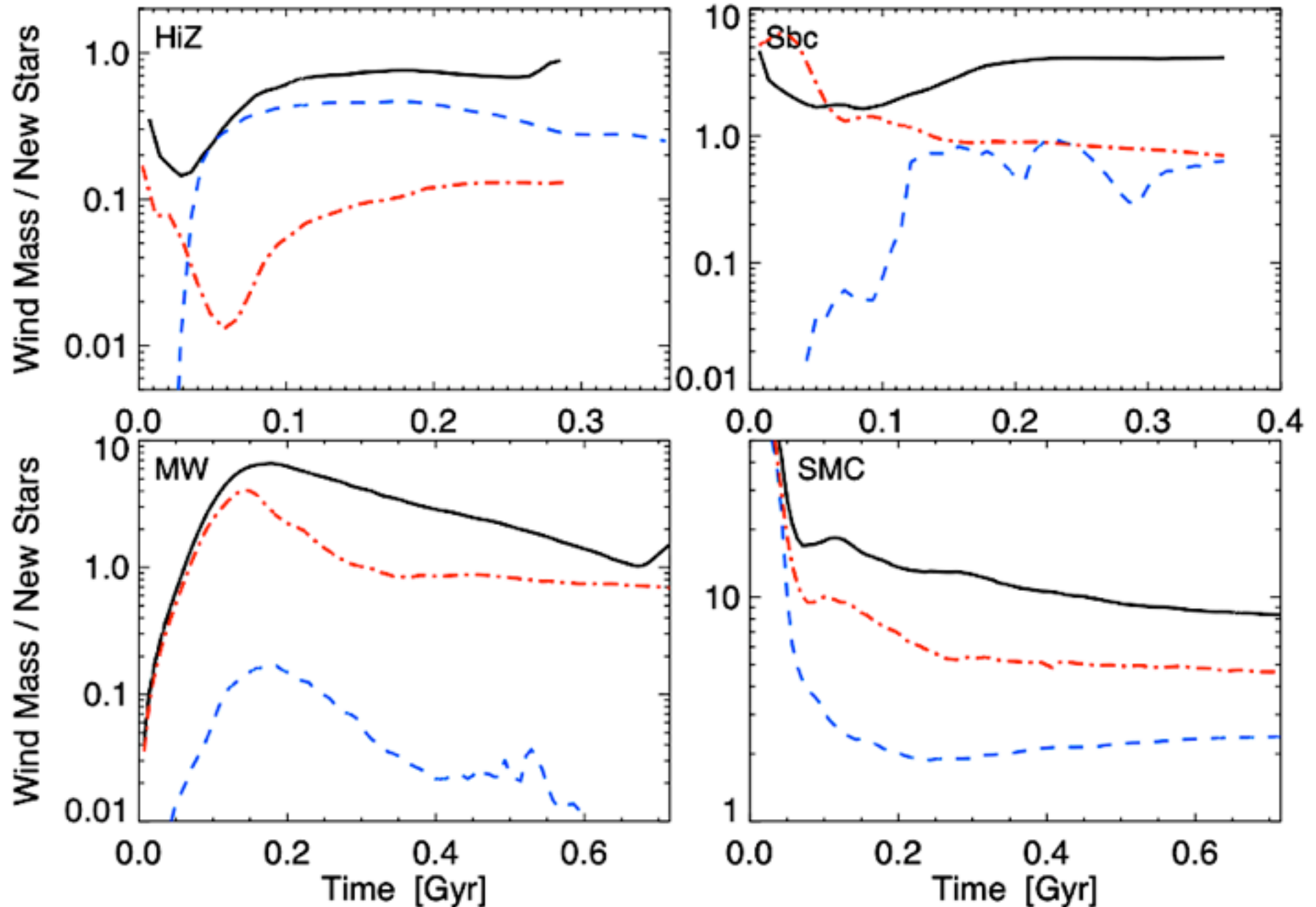
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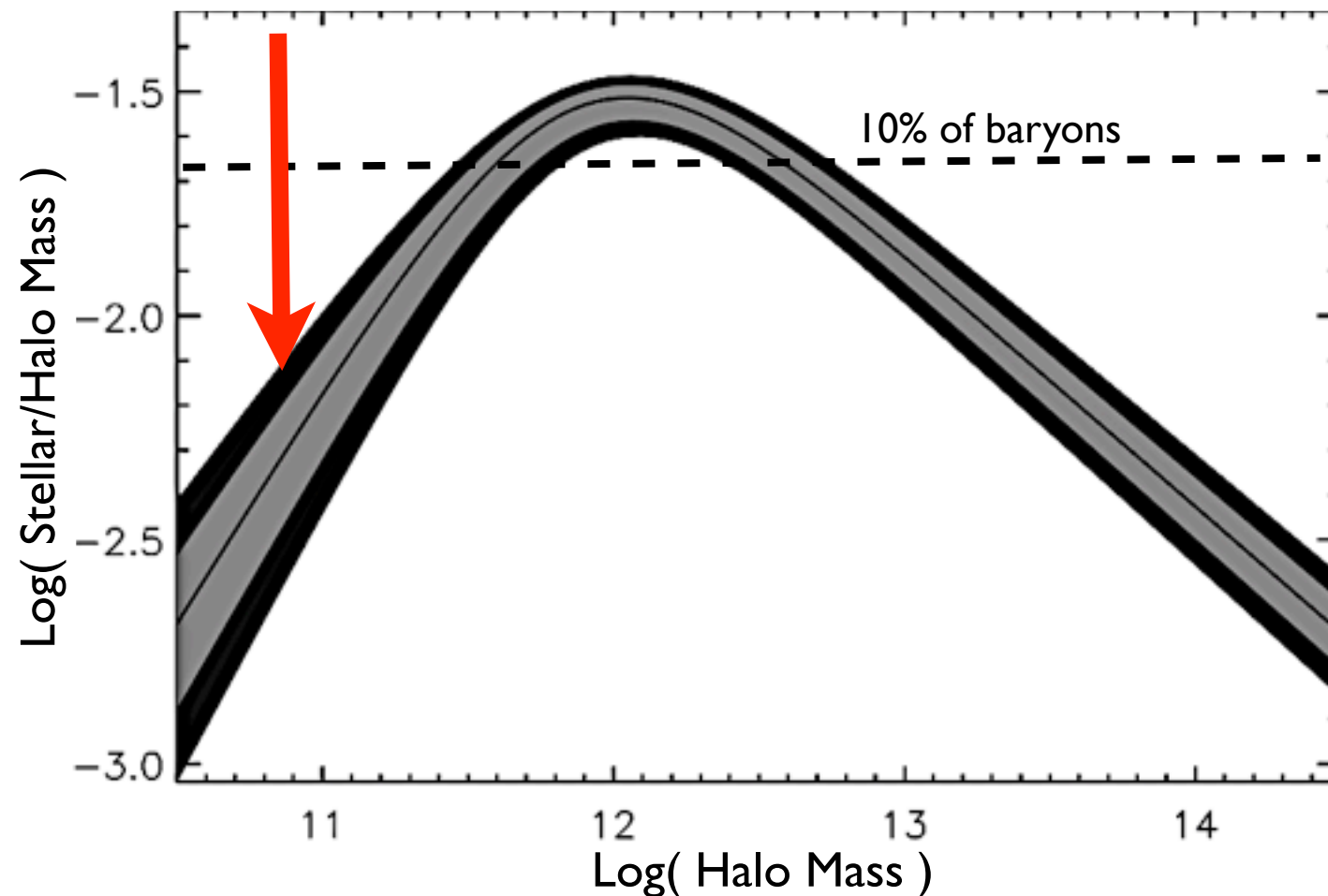
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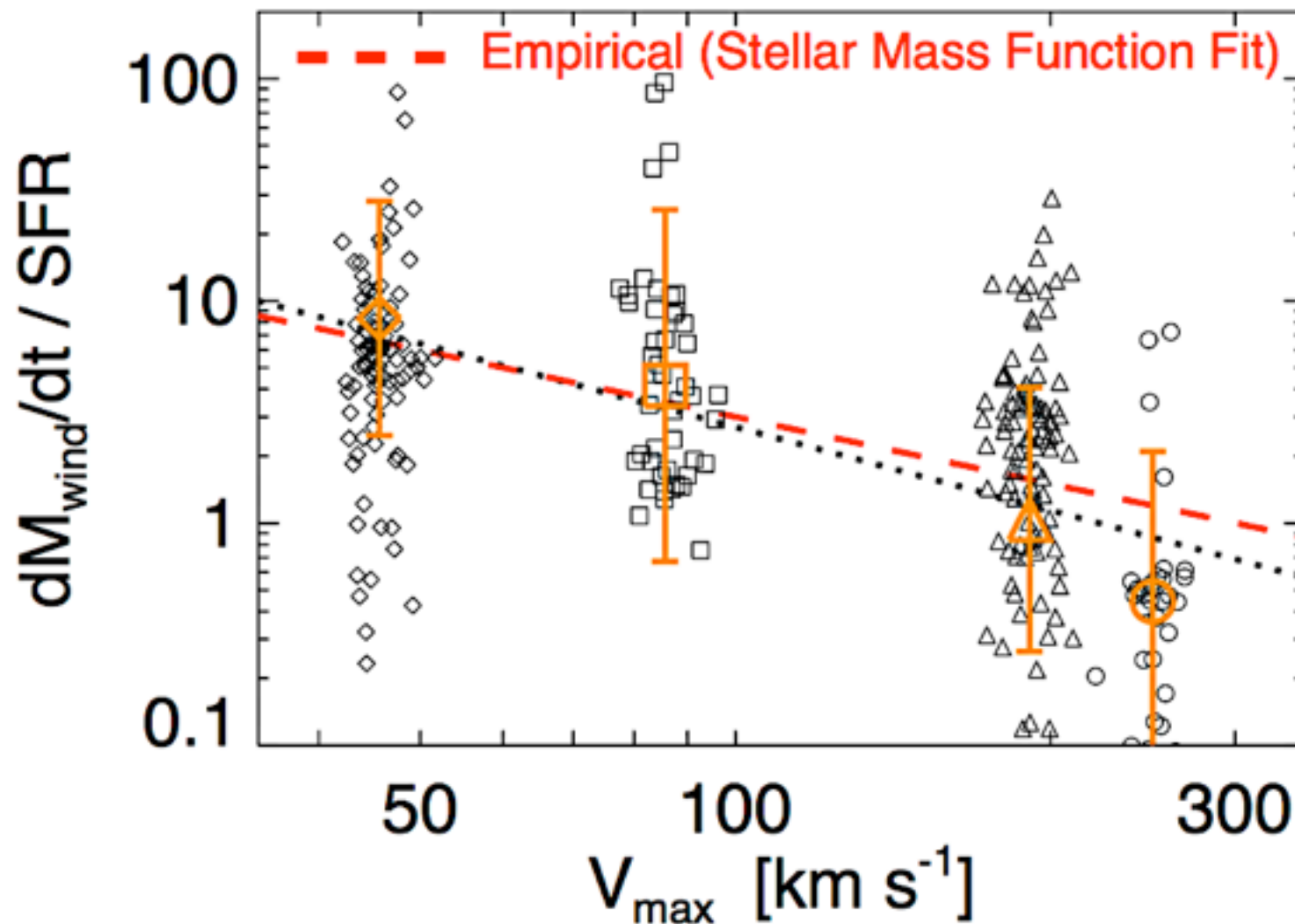
Dwarf Starburst





➤ Large mass-loading:

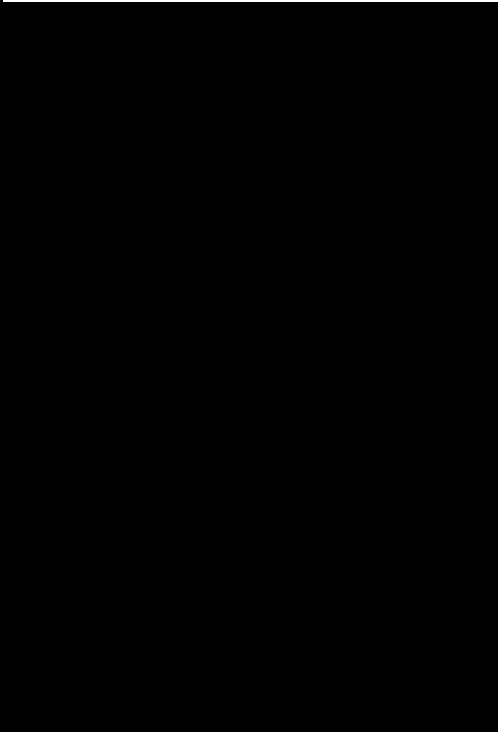
$$\dot{M}_{\text{wind}} \approx 10 \dot{M}_{*} \left(\frac{V_c}{100 \text{ km s}^{-1}} \right)^{-1.1} \left(\frac{\Sigma_{\text{gas}}}{10 M_{\odot} \text{ pc}^{-2}} \right)^{-0.5}$$



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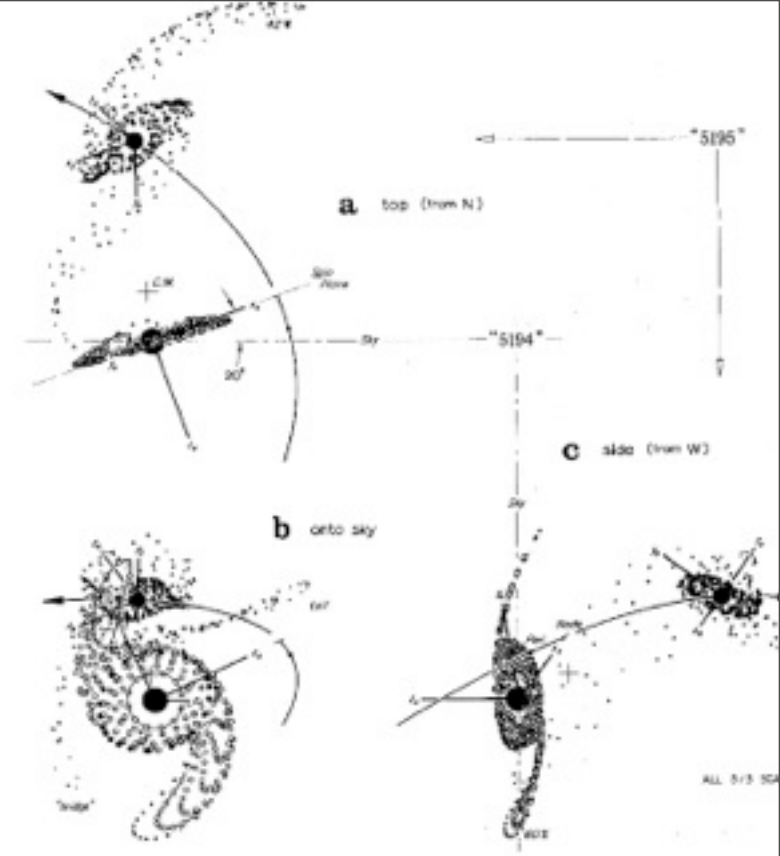
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What Happens when Galaxies Interact?

[illegible]

Our Conventional Wisdom (Toomre):

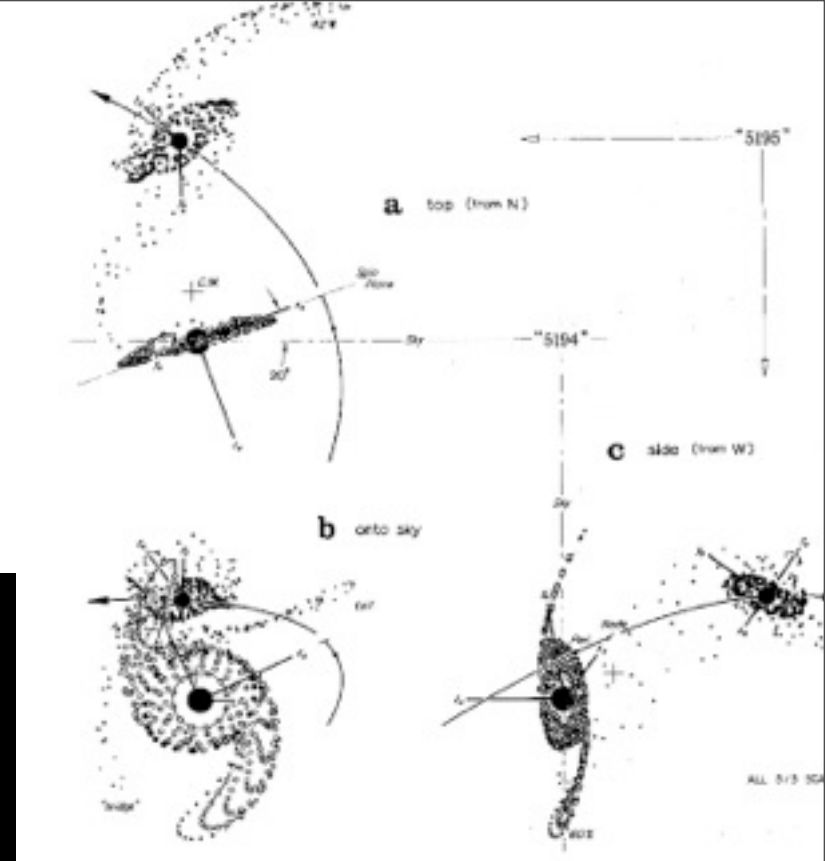
- Major mergers destroy disks



F. Summers

Our Conventional Wisdom (Toomre):

- Major mergers destroy disks
- Remnant size/metallicity/shape retains “memory” of disk “initial conditions”

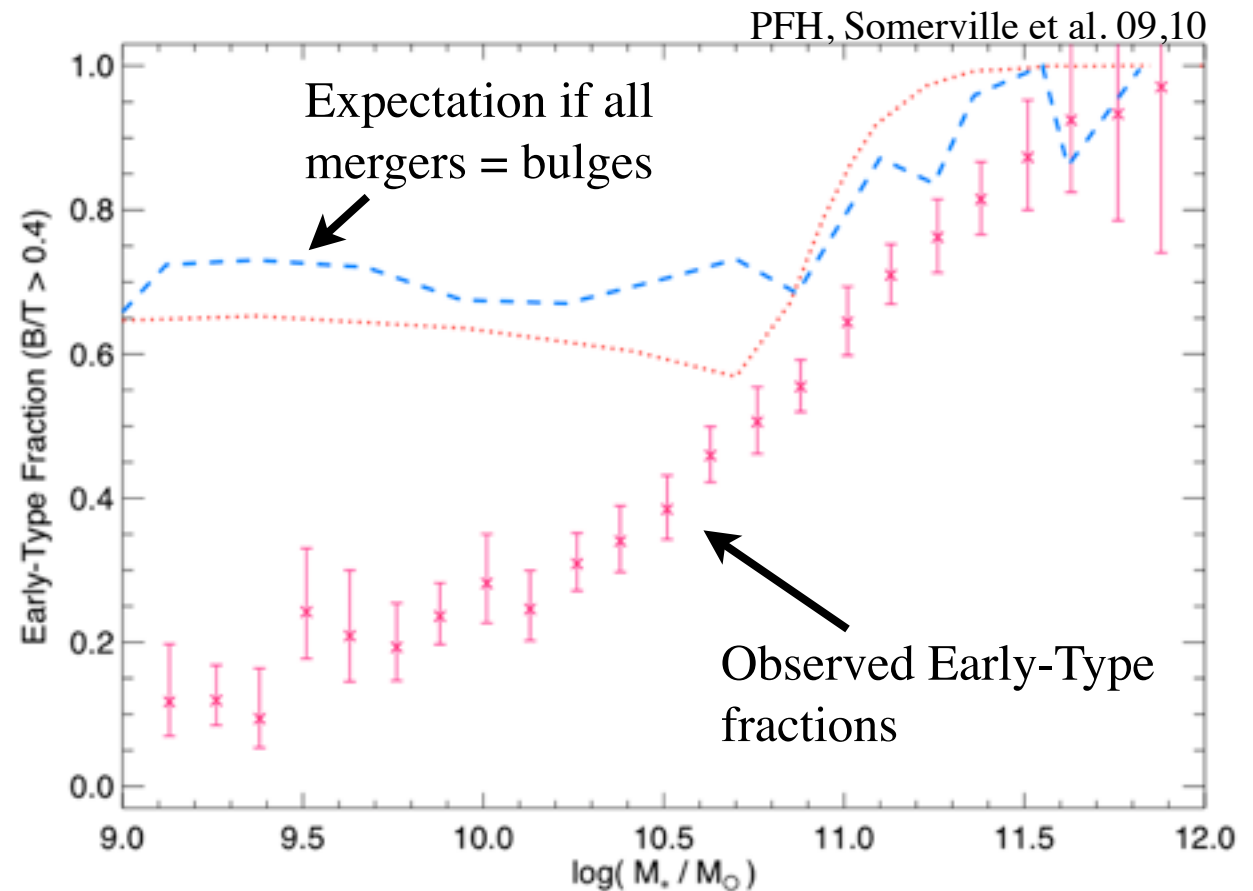


F. Summers

Today, many of these are *problems*...

Too Many Mergers?

-- missing key physics?



Stellar disk-disk merger remnants don't look like bulges!

Milky Way (~5% Gas) Merger

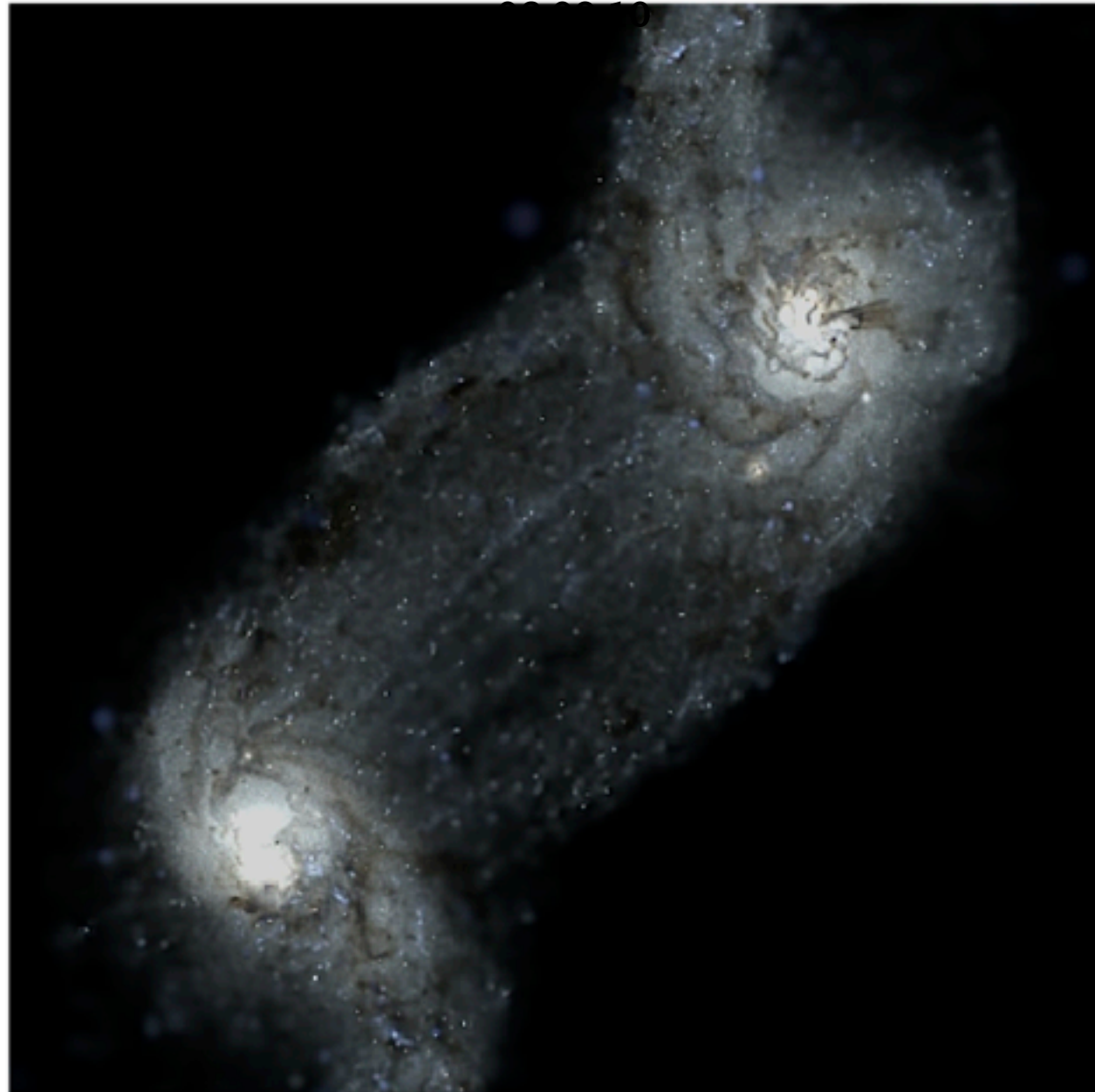
Starburst Galaxy (Gas-Rich) Merger

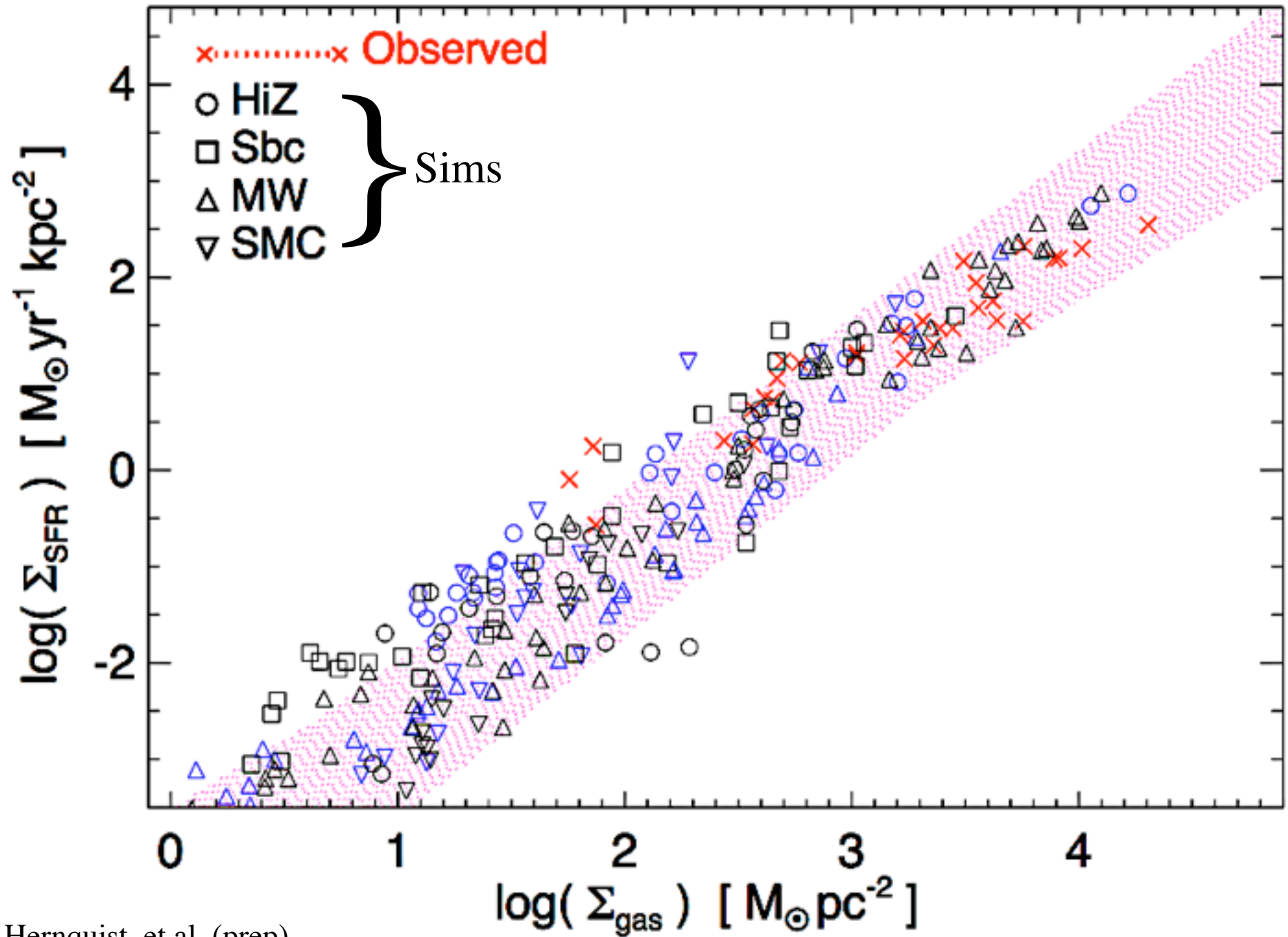
Galaxy Mergers

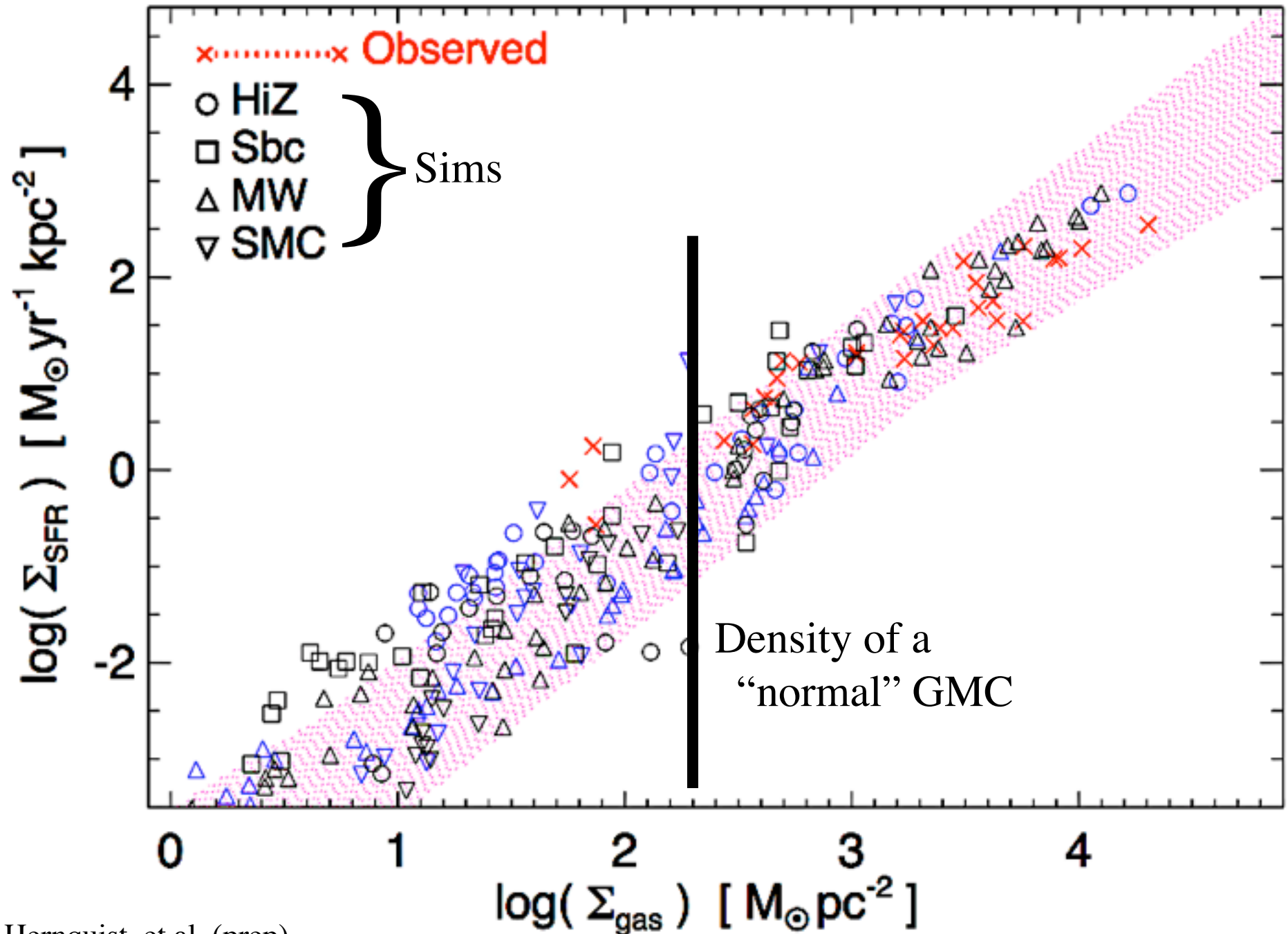
LABORATORY FOR STUDYING EXTREME CONDITIONS

PFH, Kormendy & Lauer et al.

- Fraction of star formation in mergers
- Effects on galaxy:
 - Sizes
 - Kinematics
 - Structure
- Star formation in starbursts and tidal shocks
- Super-winds:
 $\sim 10\text{-}500 M_{\text{sun}}/\text{yr}$

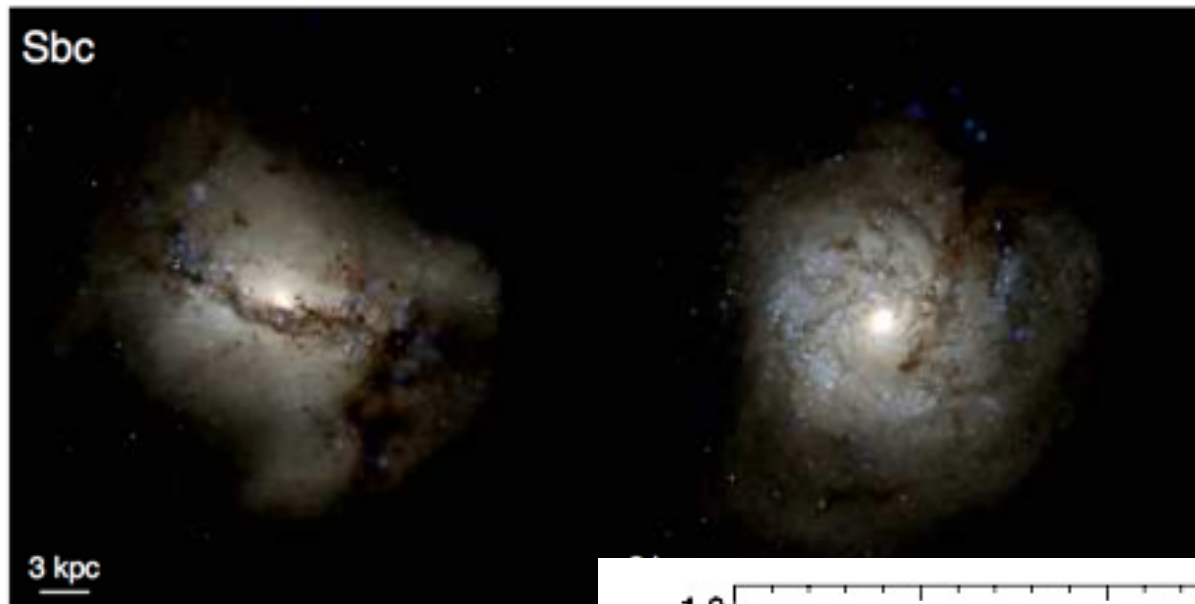




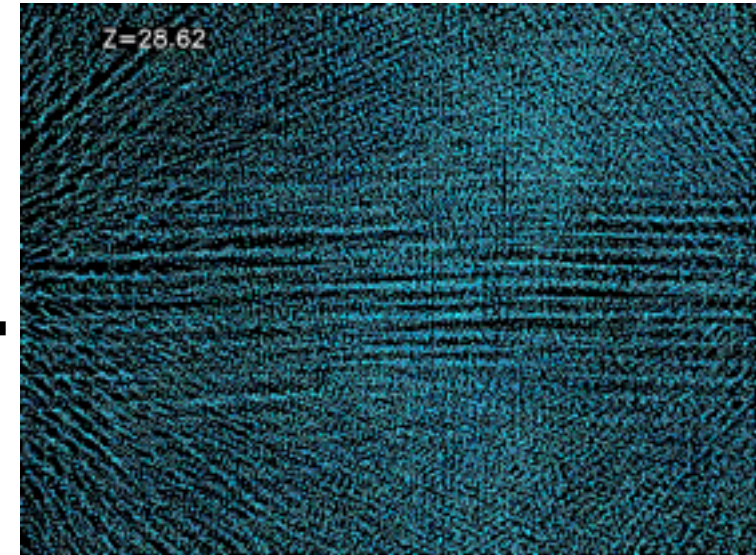


Disks can Survive & Re-Form After Mergers

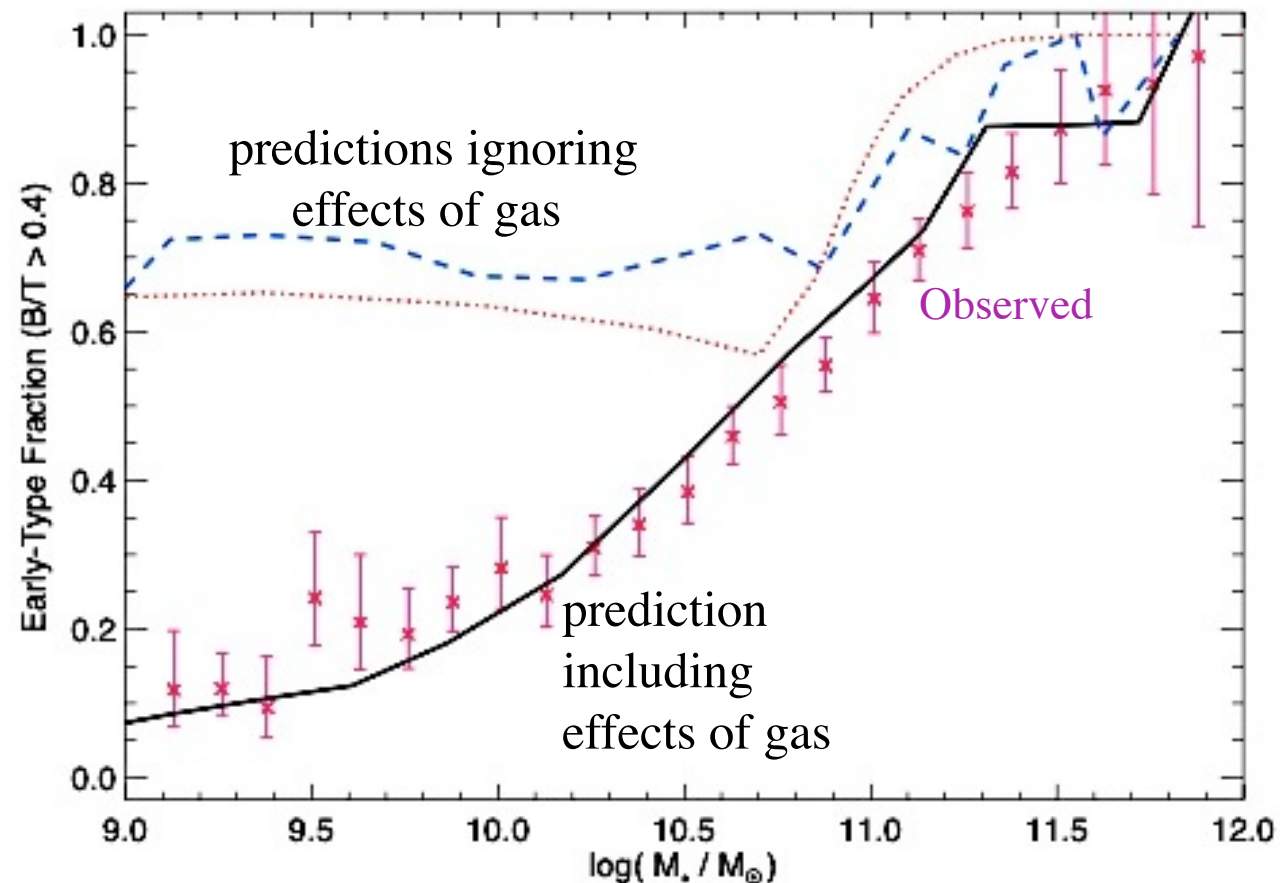
NOT AS FRAGILE AS WE THOUGHT!



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PFH & Somerville et al. 2009

High Redshifts & The Inflow/Outflow Cycle

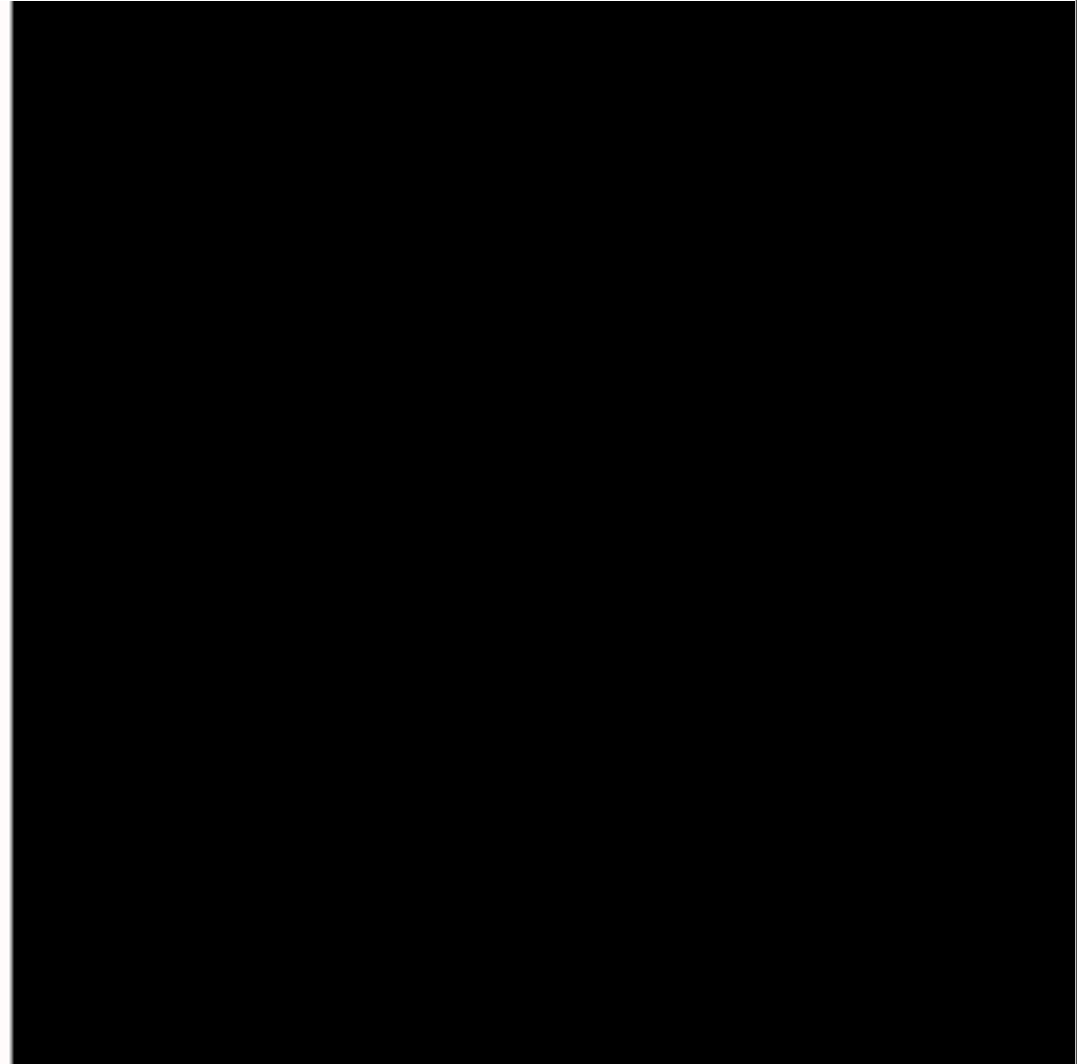
Cosmological Simulations

“ZOOM-IN” ON THE FORMATION OF A MASSIVE GALAXY

$z=29.99$ box=200/h kpc(phys)



IGM Density

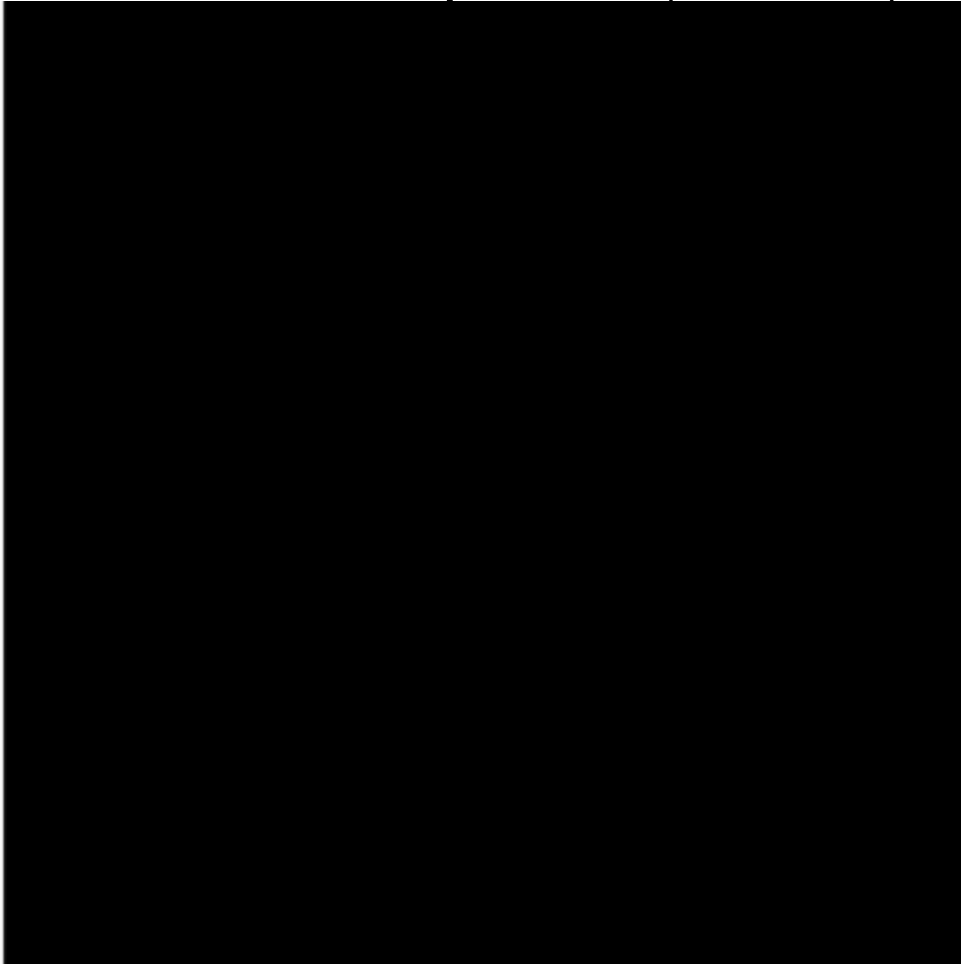


IGM Temperature

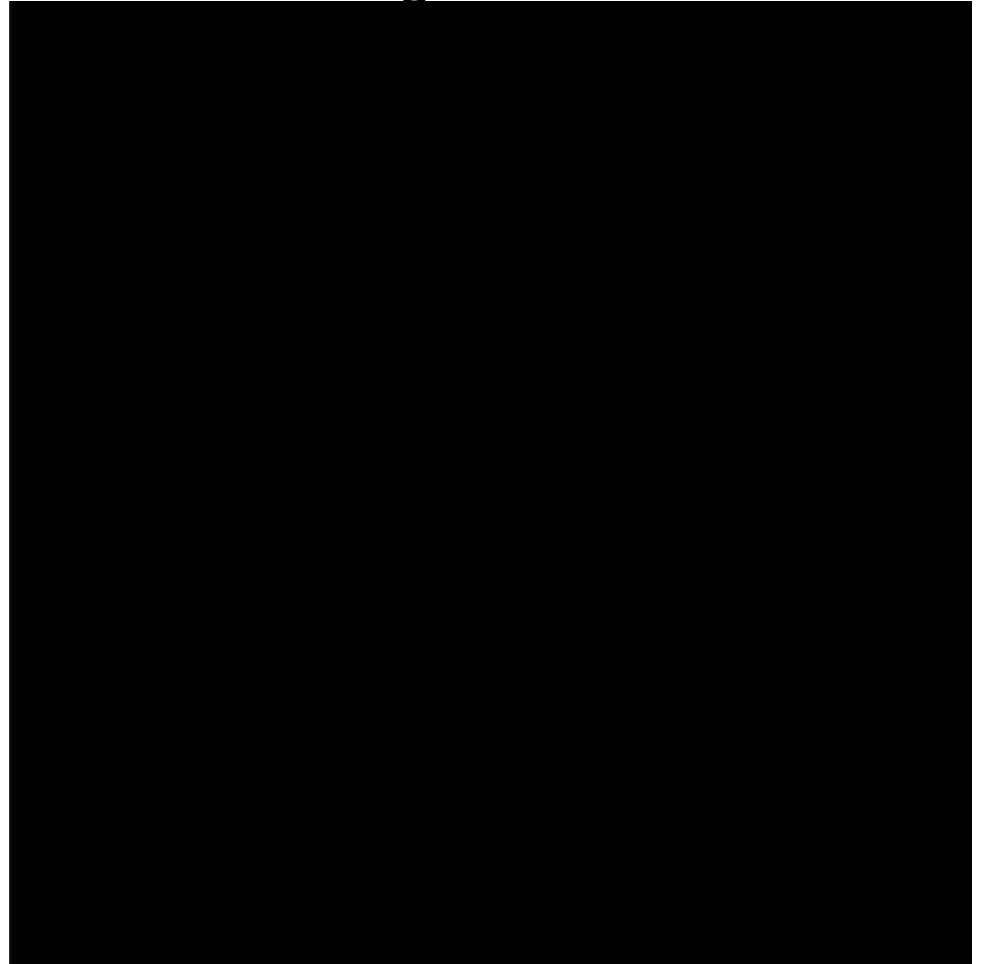
PFH & Keres et al

Proto-MW: Gas Temperature:

Insert Winds “By Hand” (Sub-Grid)

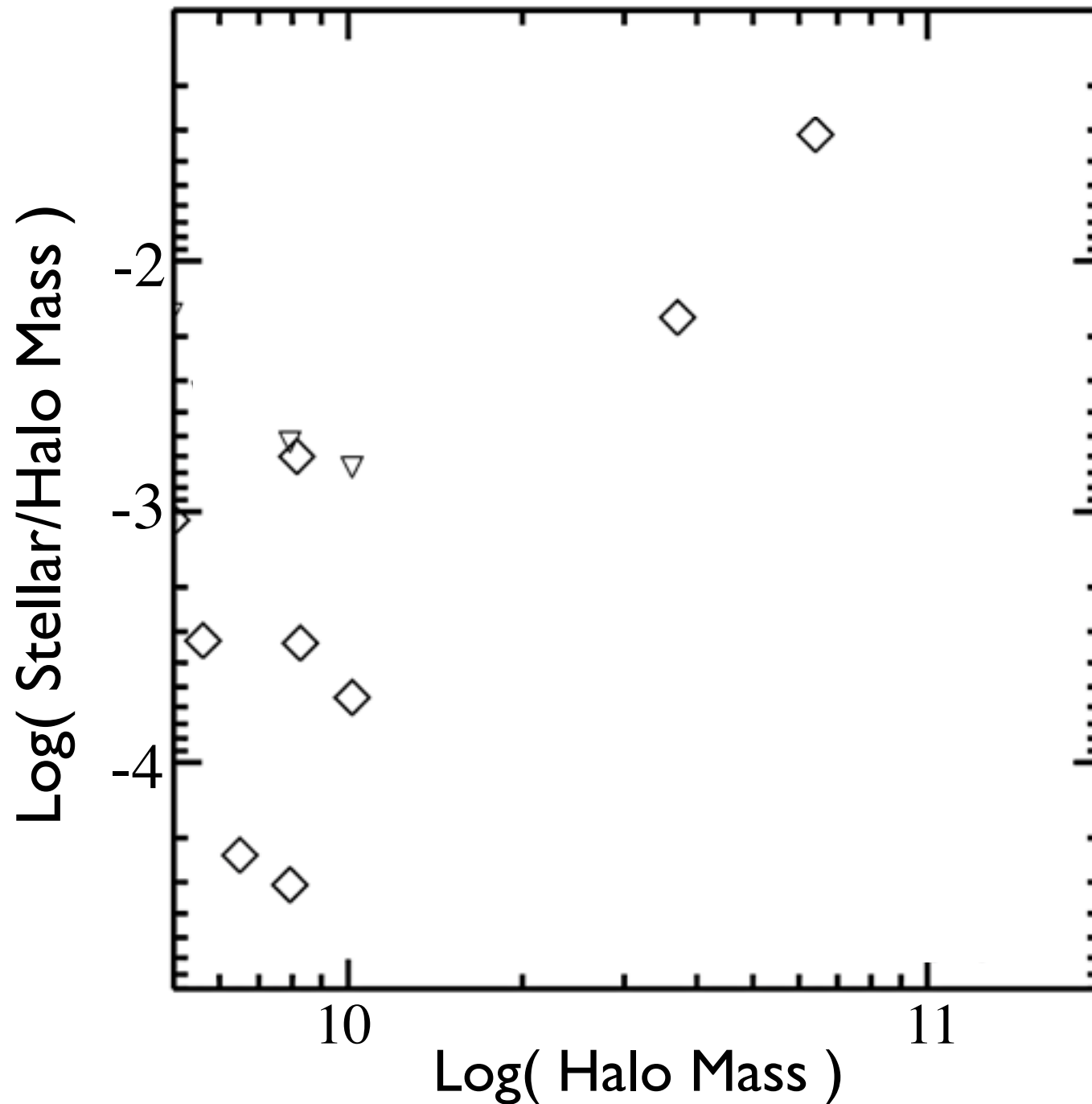


Following Full Feedback



Should Galaxy Formation be Inefficient?

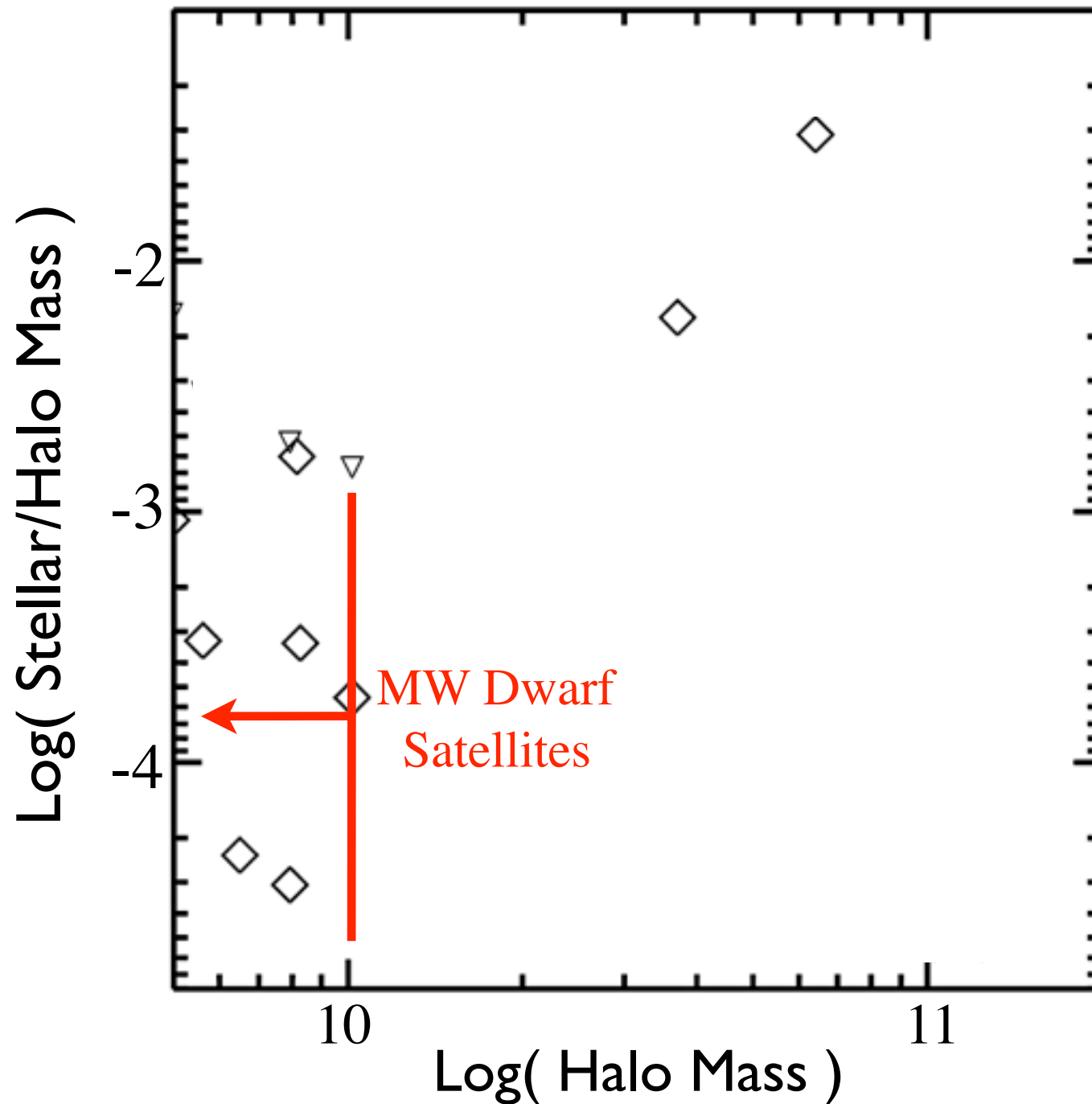
HOW DO THESE WINDS CHANGE OUR PICTURE?



PFH & Keres et al
PFH, Bullock,
& Onorbe et al

Should Galaxy Formation be Inefficient?

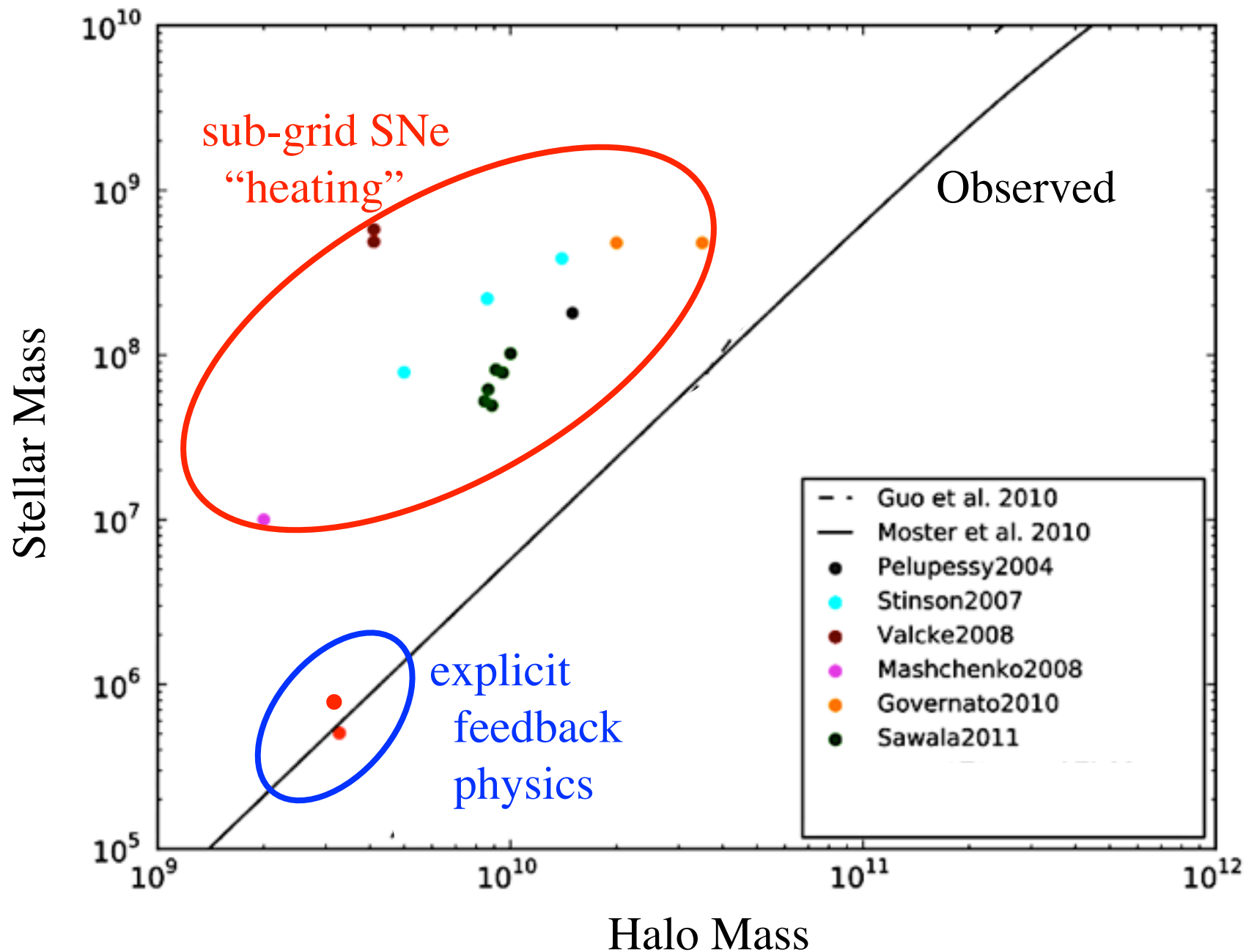
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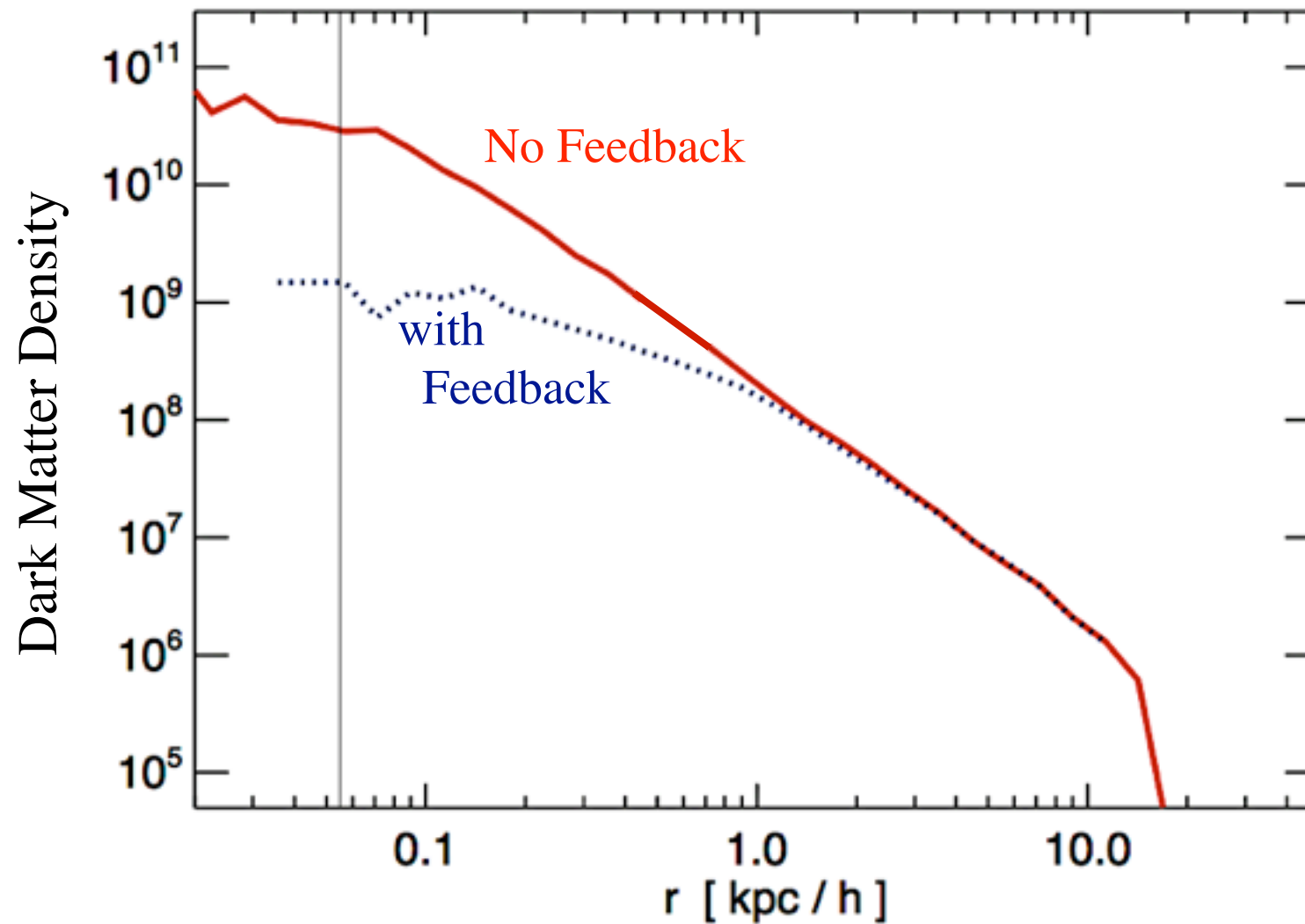
WHAT CAN WE LEARN ABOUT COSMOLOGY AND STRUCTURE FORMATION?



PFH & Keres et al.
PFH, Bullock,
& Onorbe et al.

Dark Matter Profiles: Baryons or Cosmology?

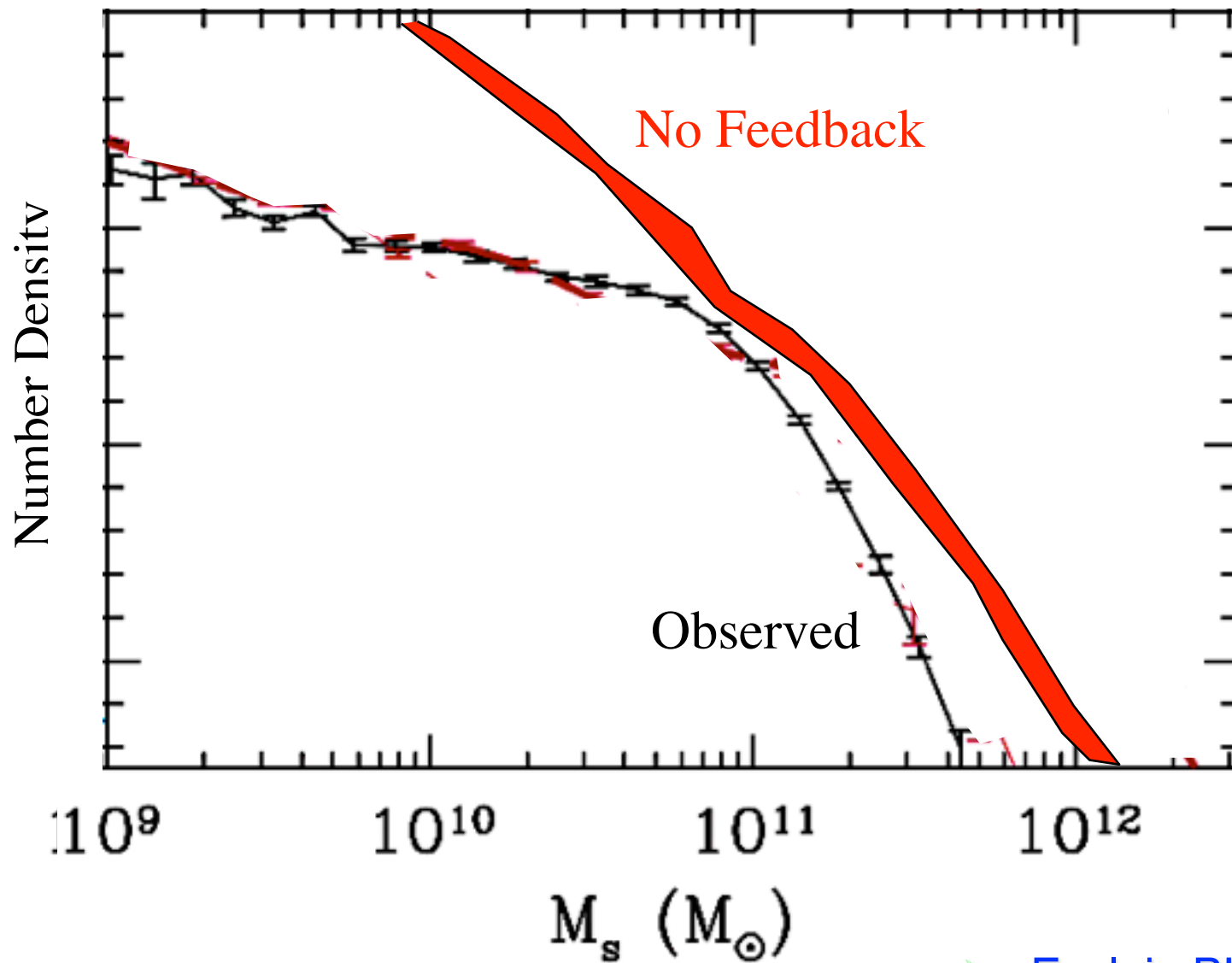
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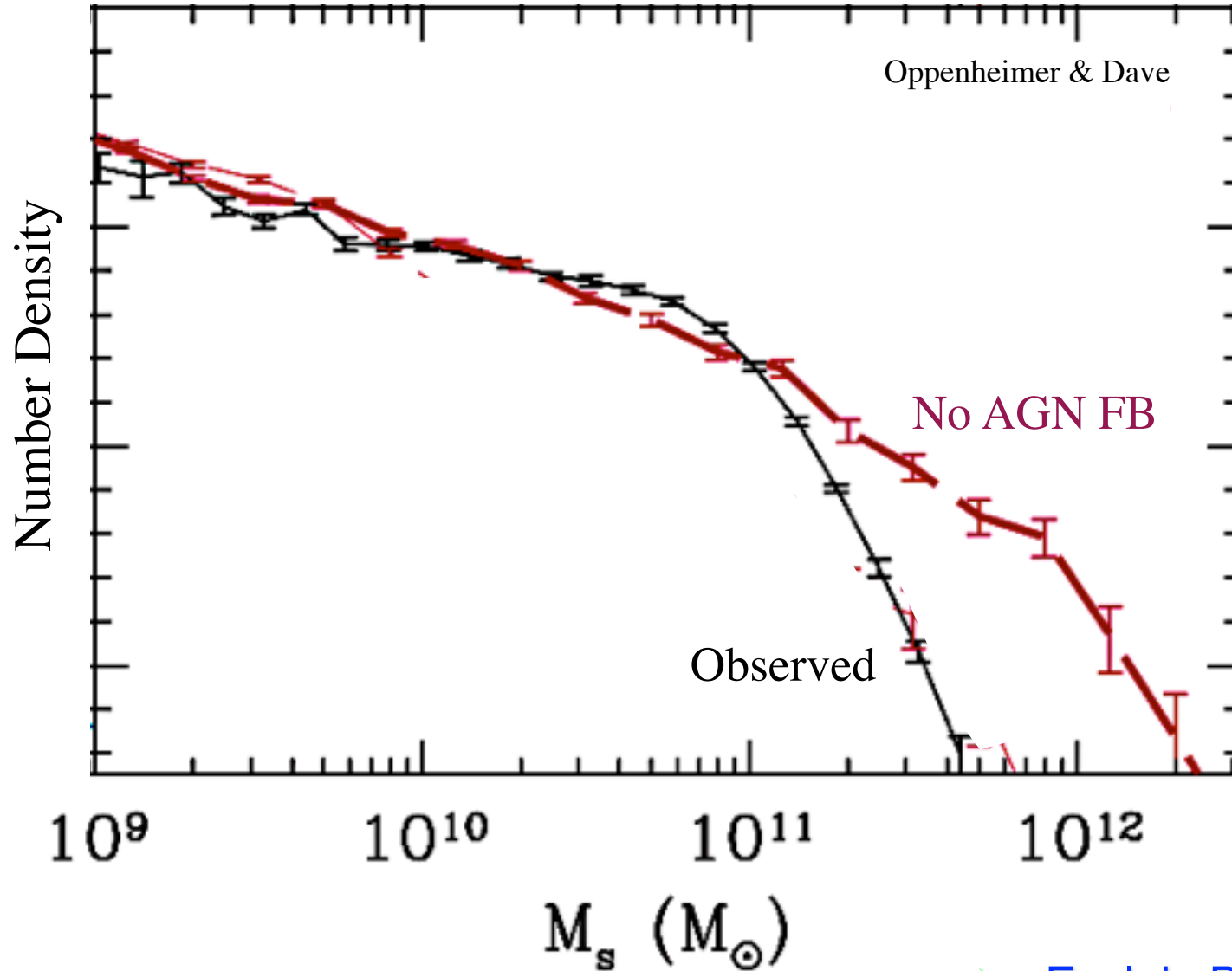
What About High-Mass Galaxies?

Why Do We Need AGN Feedback?



- Explain BH-host correlations
- Sharp color bimodality
- Removing/heating gas in groups

Why Do We Need AGN Feedback?



- Explain BH-host correlations
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Molecular Outflows in AGN & ULIRGs

OBSERVED WINDS at >1000 km/s

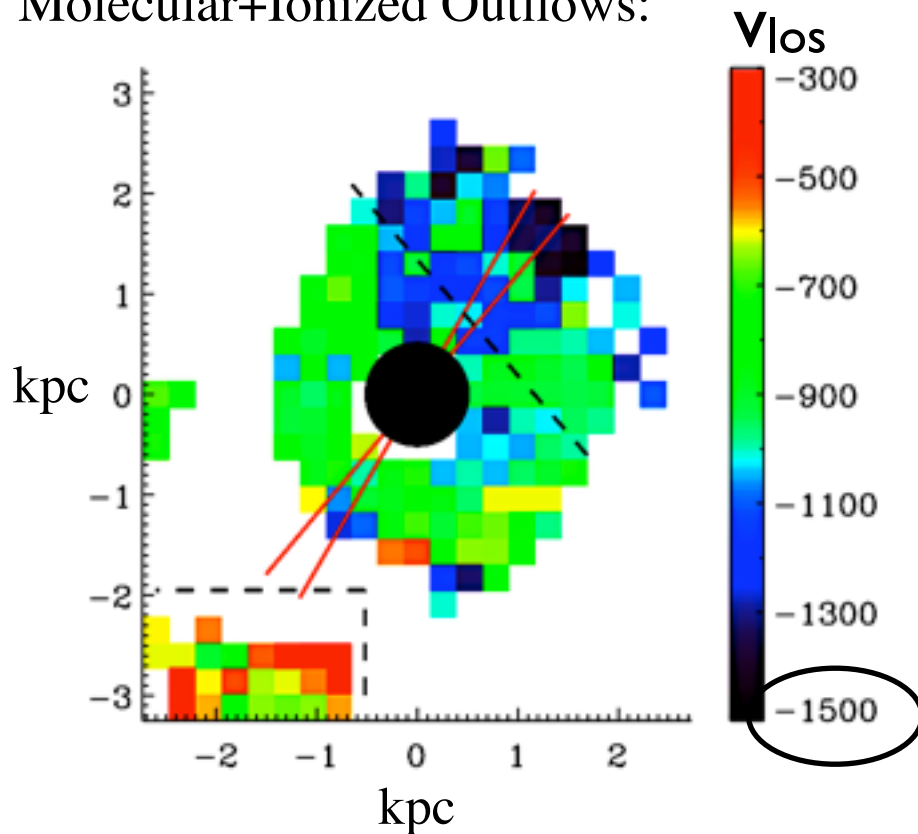
Rupke & Veilleux 2005, 2011

Fischer et al. 2010 (Mrk 231)

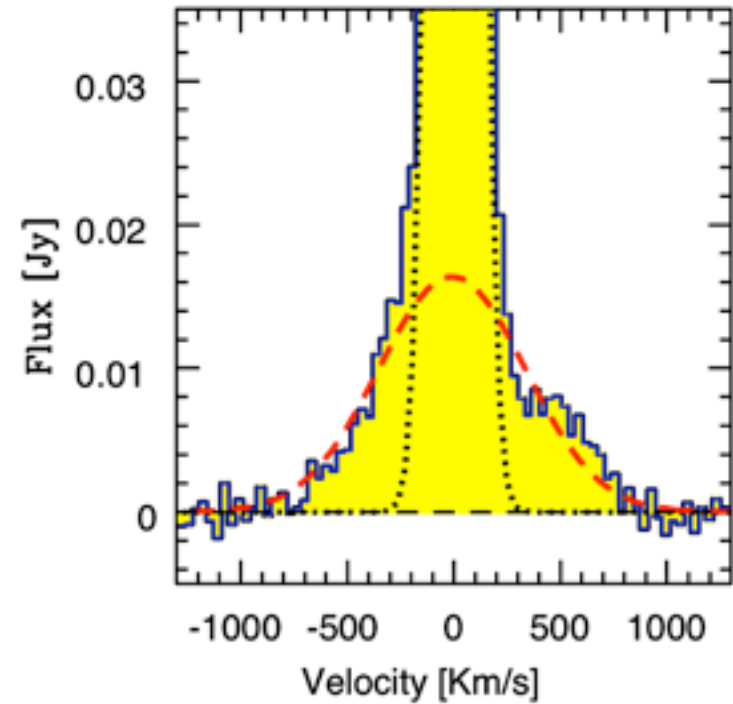
Feruglio et al. 2010 (Mrk 231)

Alatalo et al. 2011 (NGC 1266)

Molecular+Ionized Outflows:



CO:



$$R_{\text{wind}} \sim 1 - 4 \text{ kpc}$$

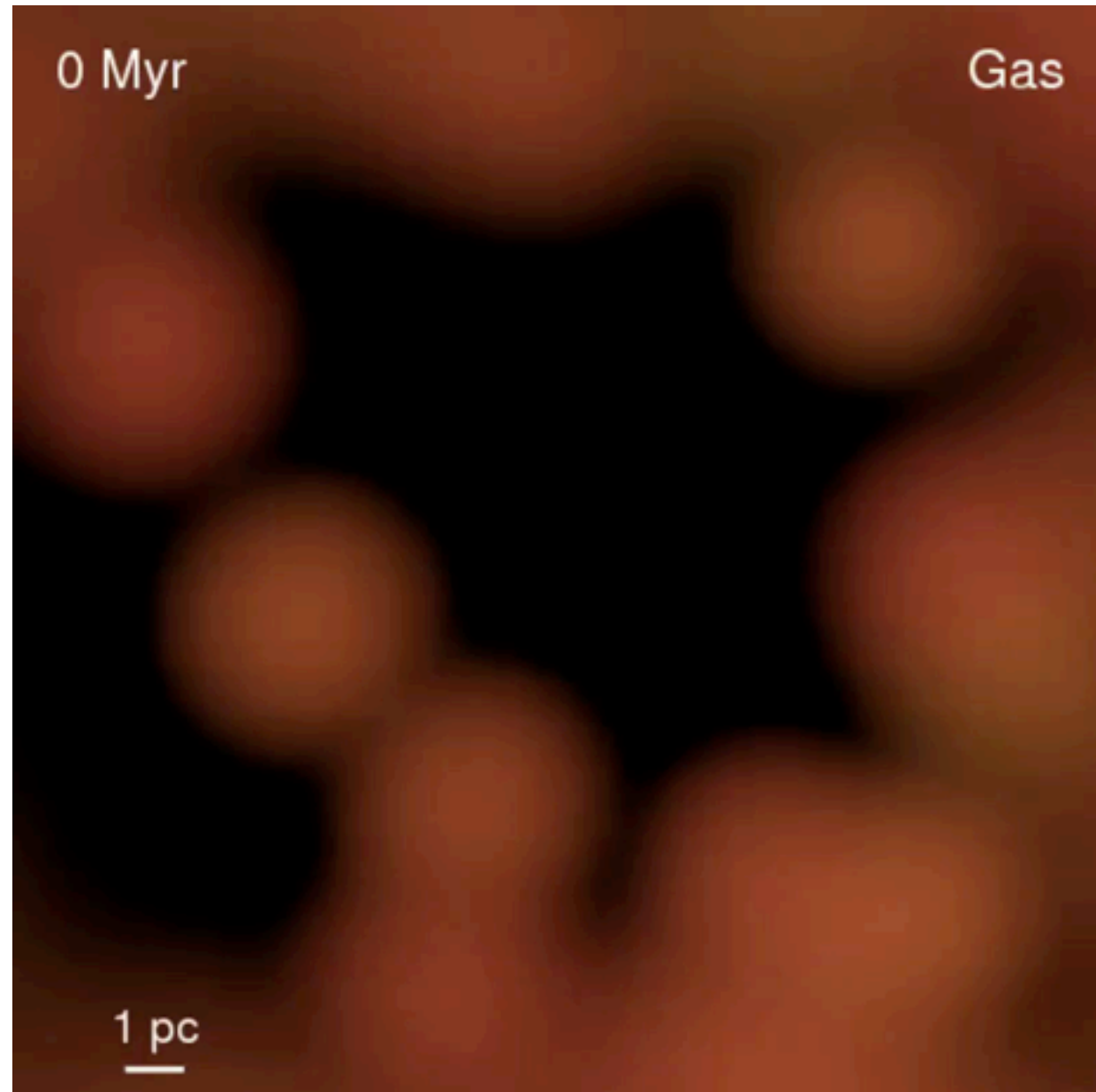
$$v > 500 \text{ km s}^{-1}$$

$$\dot{M}_{\text{wind}} \gtrsim 1000 M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

Where to Now? How Do We Model This?

Step 1: *Stellar* Feedback & the ISM

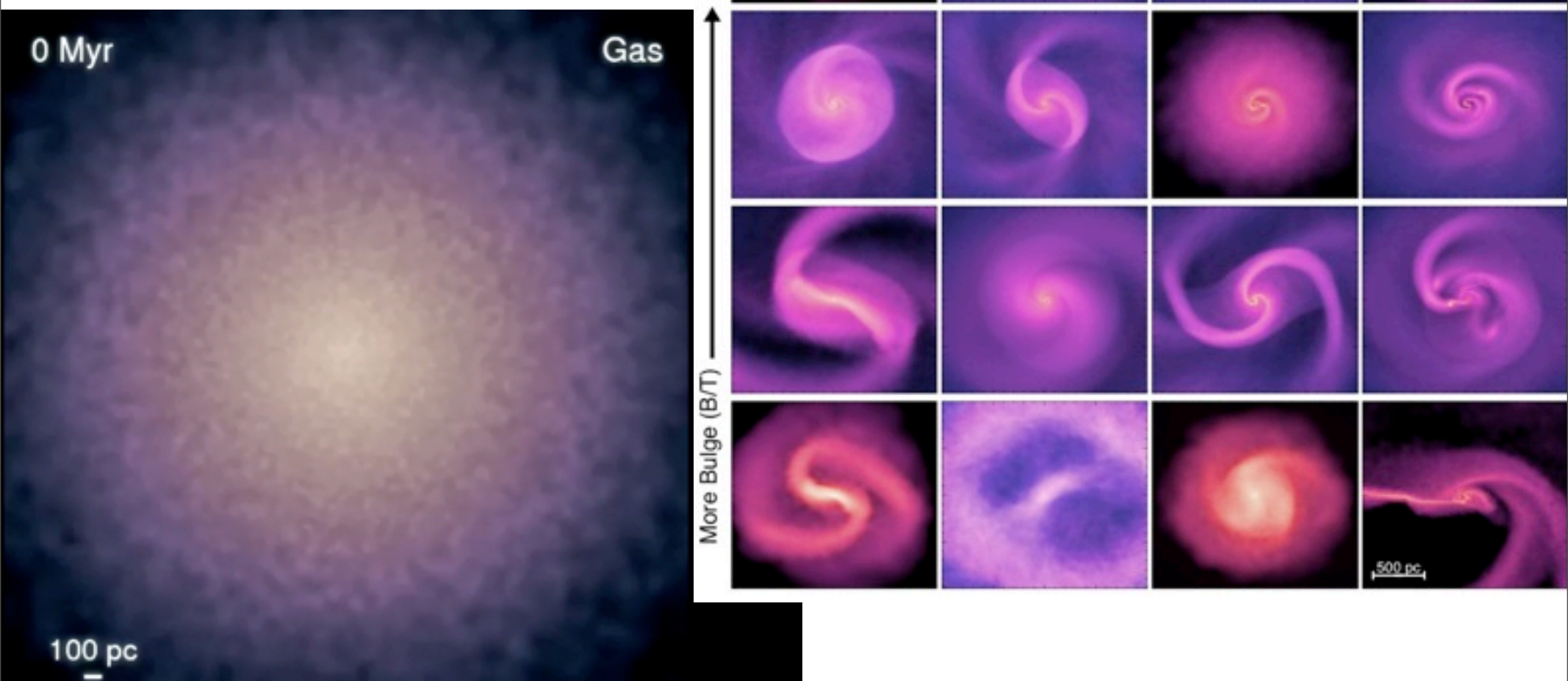
- High-resolution ($\sim 1\text{pc}$), molecular cooling ($<100\text{ K}$), SF only at highest densities ($n_{\text{H}} > 1000\text{ cm}^{-3}$)
- Heating:
 - SNe (II & Ia)
 - Stellar Winds
 - Photoionization (HII Regions)
- *Explicit* Momentum Flux:
 - Radiation Pressure
$$\dot{P}_{\text{rad}} \sim \frac{L}{c} (1 + \tau_{\text{IR}})$$
 - SNe
$$\dot{P}_{\text{SNe}} \sim \dot{E}_{\text{SNe}} v_{\text{ejecta}}^{-1}$$
 - Stellar Winds
$$\dot{P}_{\text{W}} \sim \dot{M} v_{\text{wind}}$$



Step 2: Inflow

- Beginning to directly follow inflow to sub-pc scales

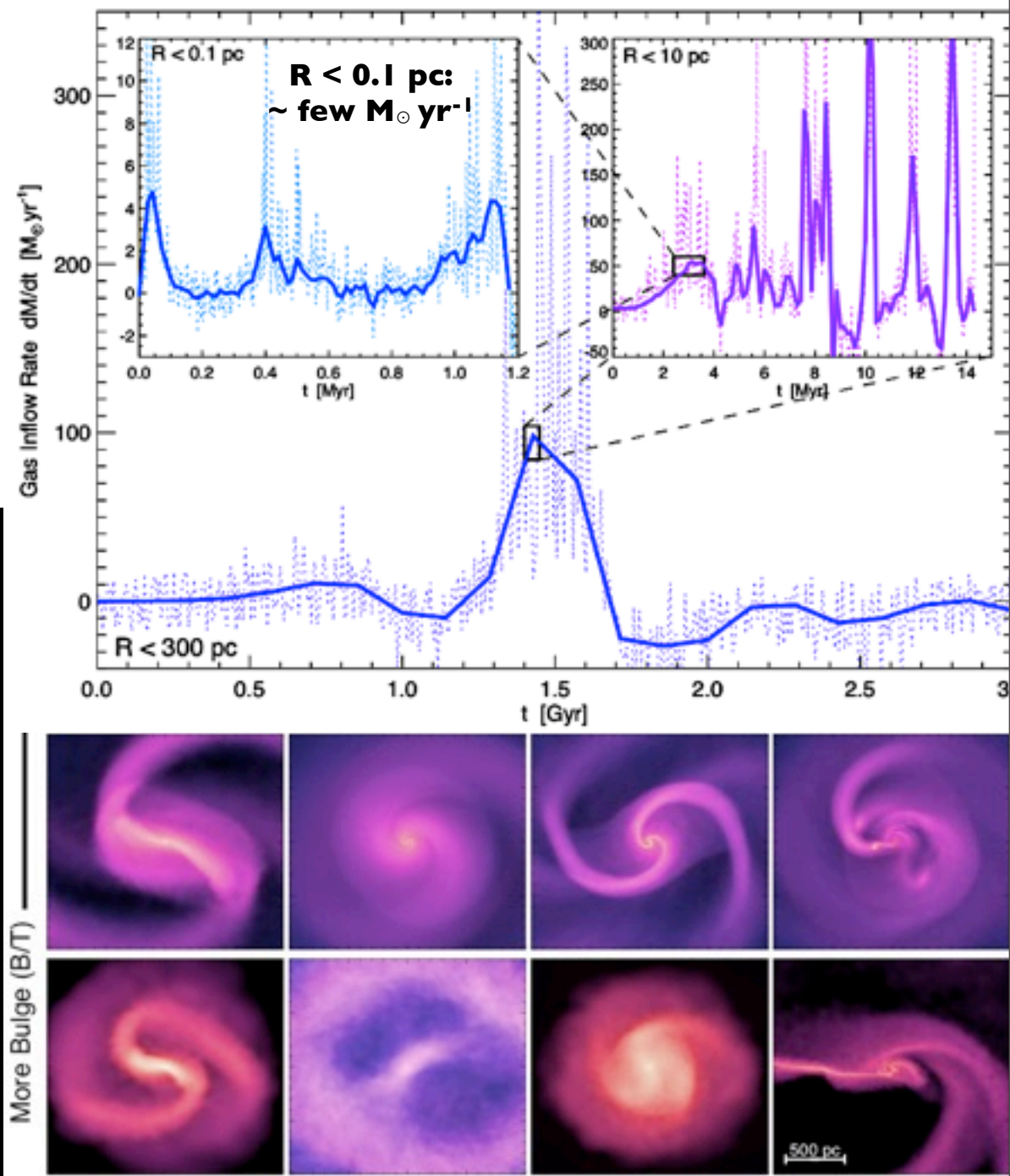
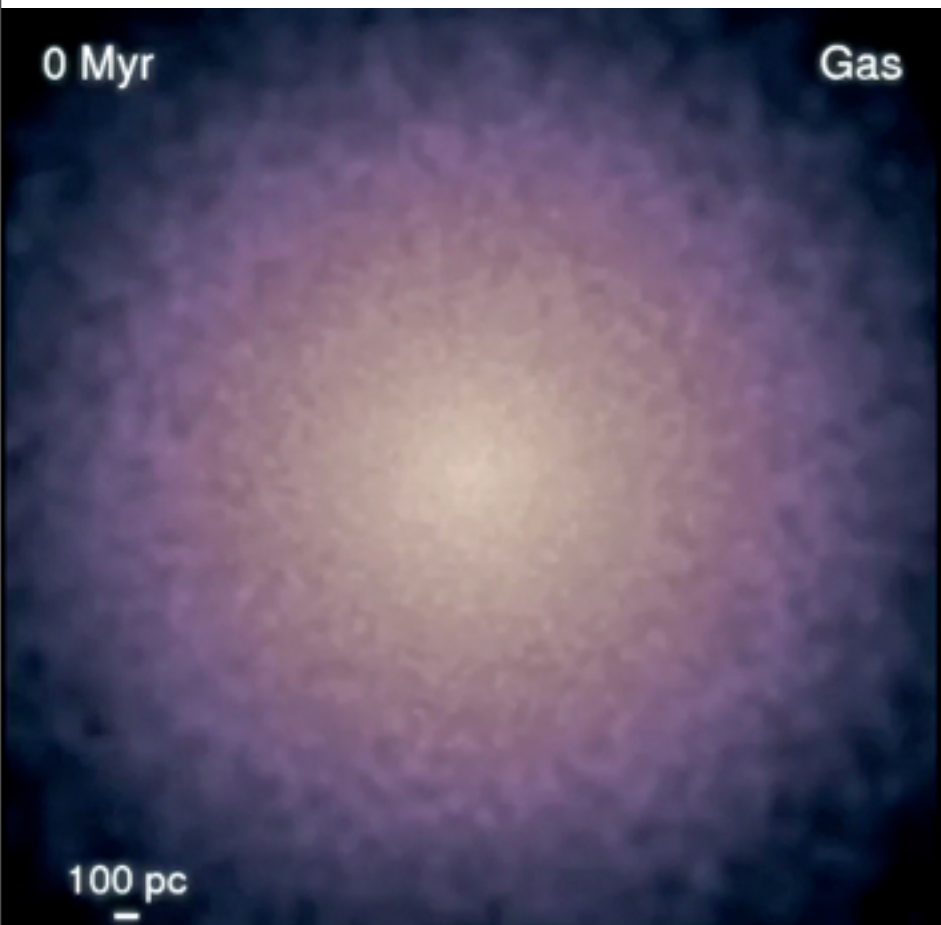
PFH & Quataert 2009,10,11
Levine, Gnedin, Kravtsov 09,10
Mayer, Callegari, 09,10



Step 2: Inflow

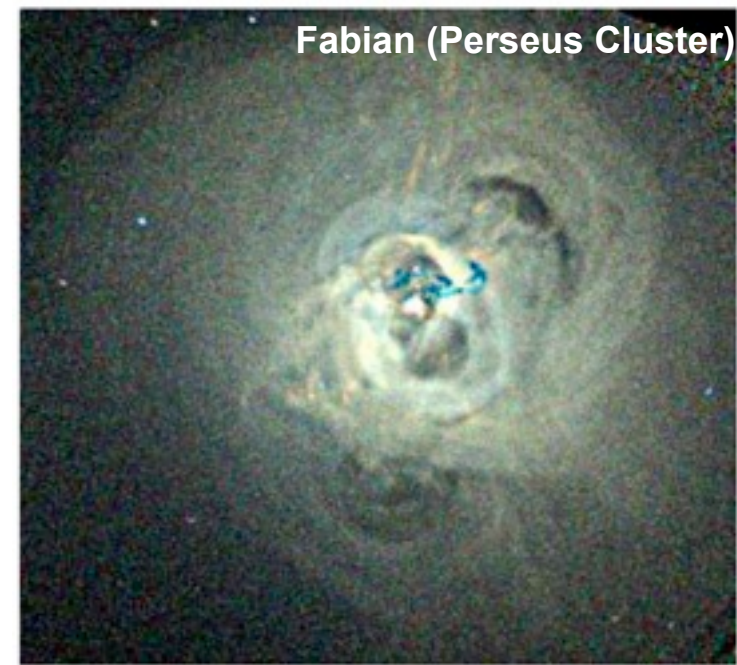
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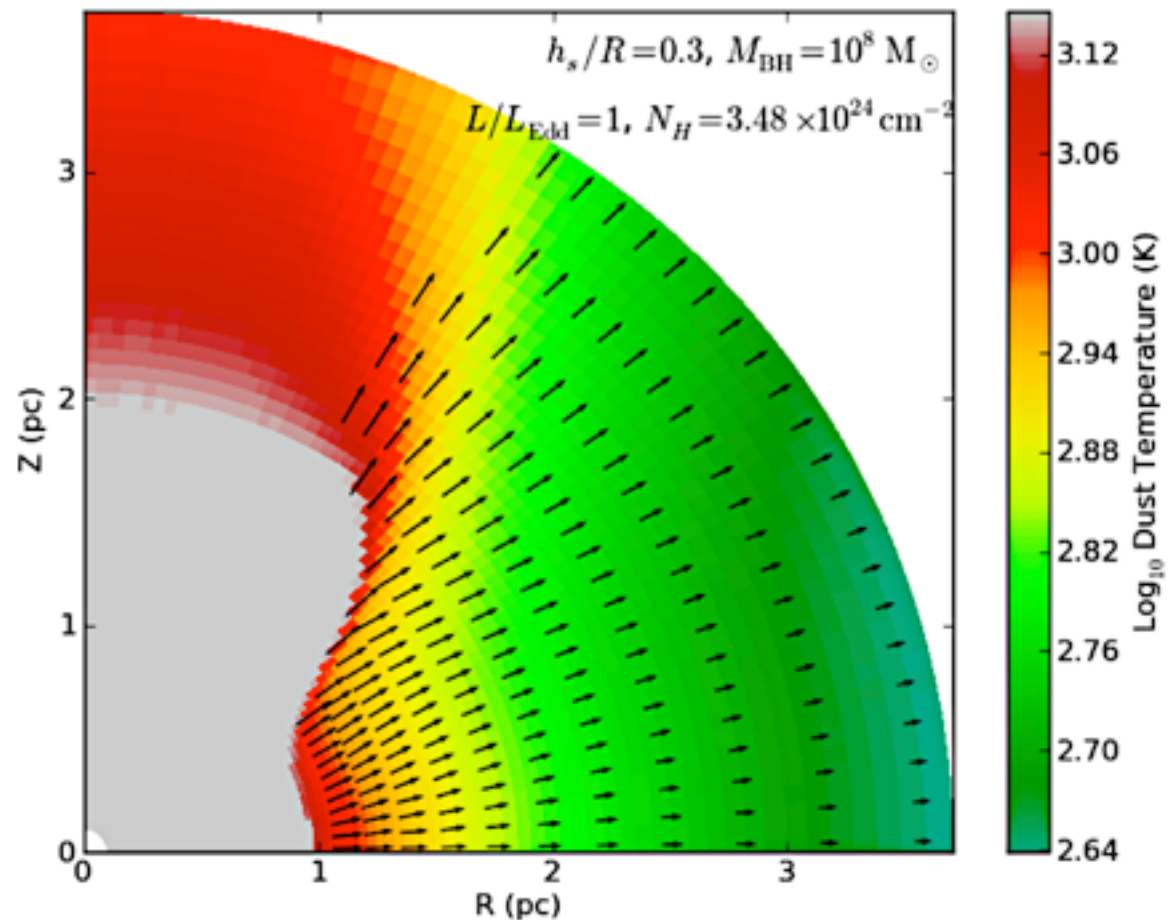
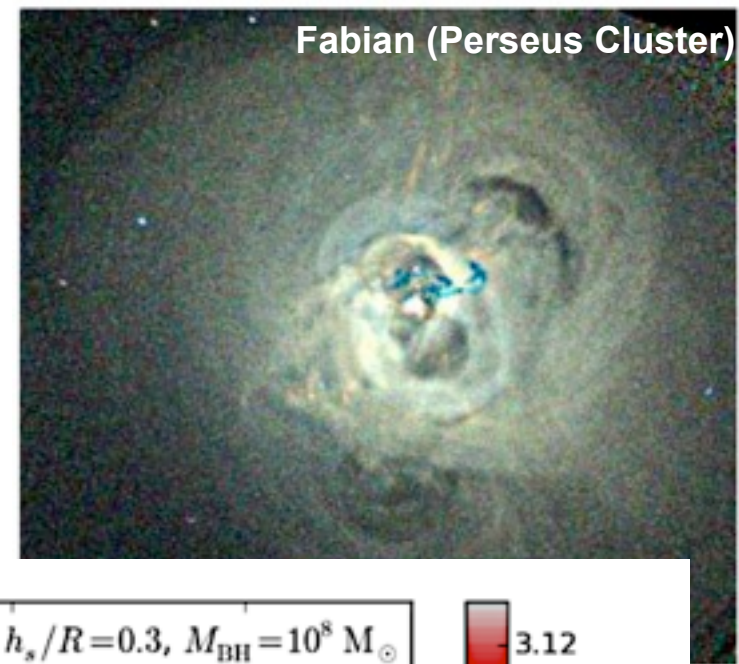
Step 3: Observed Sources of AGN Feedback

- **Jets**
 - heat IGM/ICM (low-density), but not dense ISM



Step 3: Observed Sources of AGN Feedback

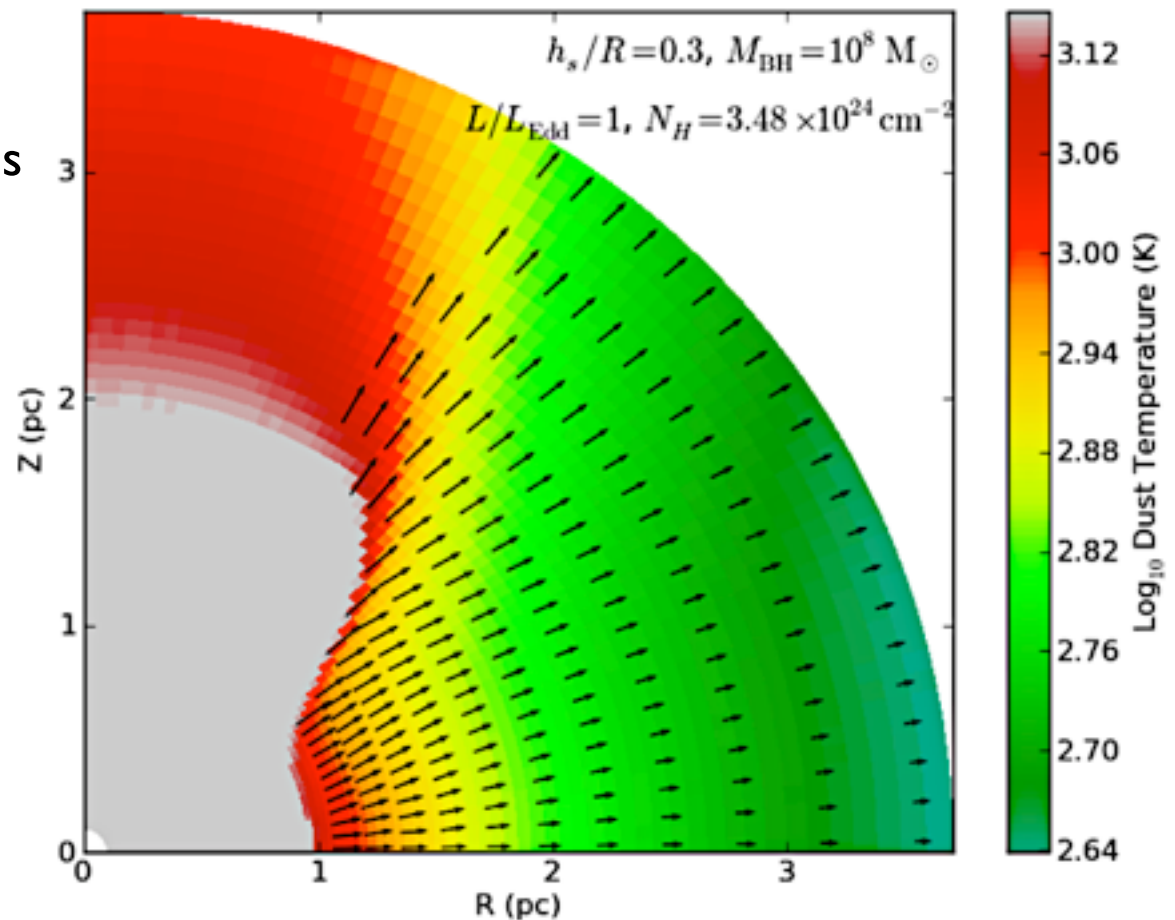
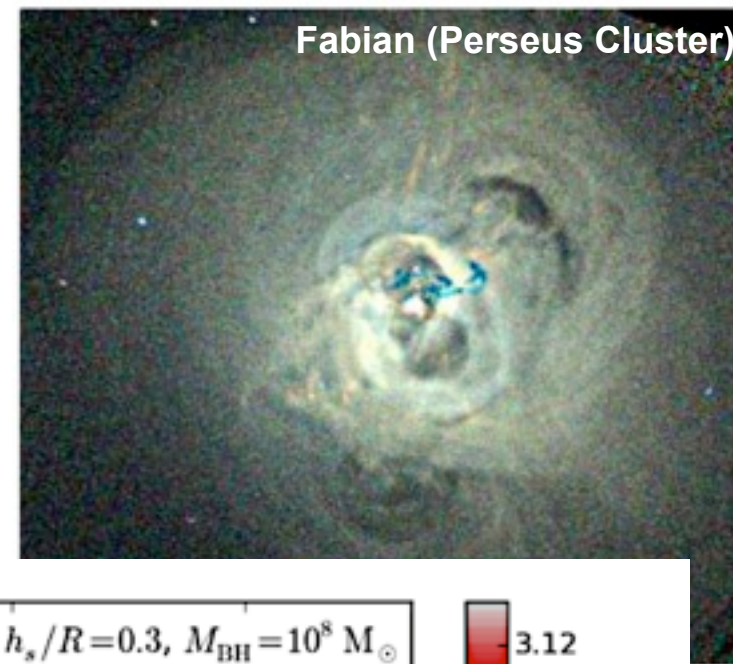
- Jets
 - heat IGM/ICM (low-density), but not dense ISM
- Radiation Pressure
 - $L_{\text{AGN}} \gg L_{\text{stars}}$



Roth, Kasen, Quataert, PFH in prep

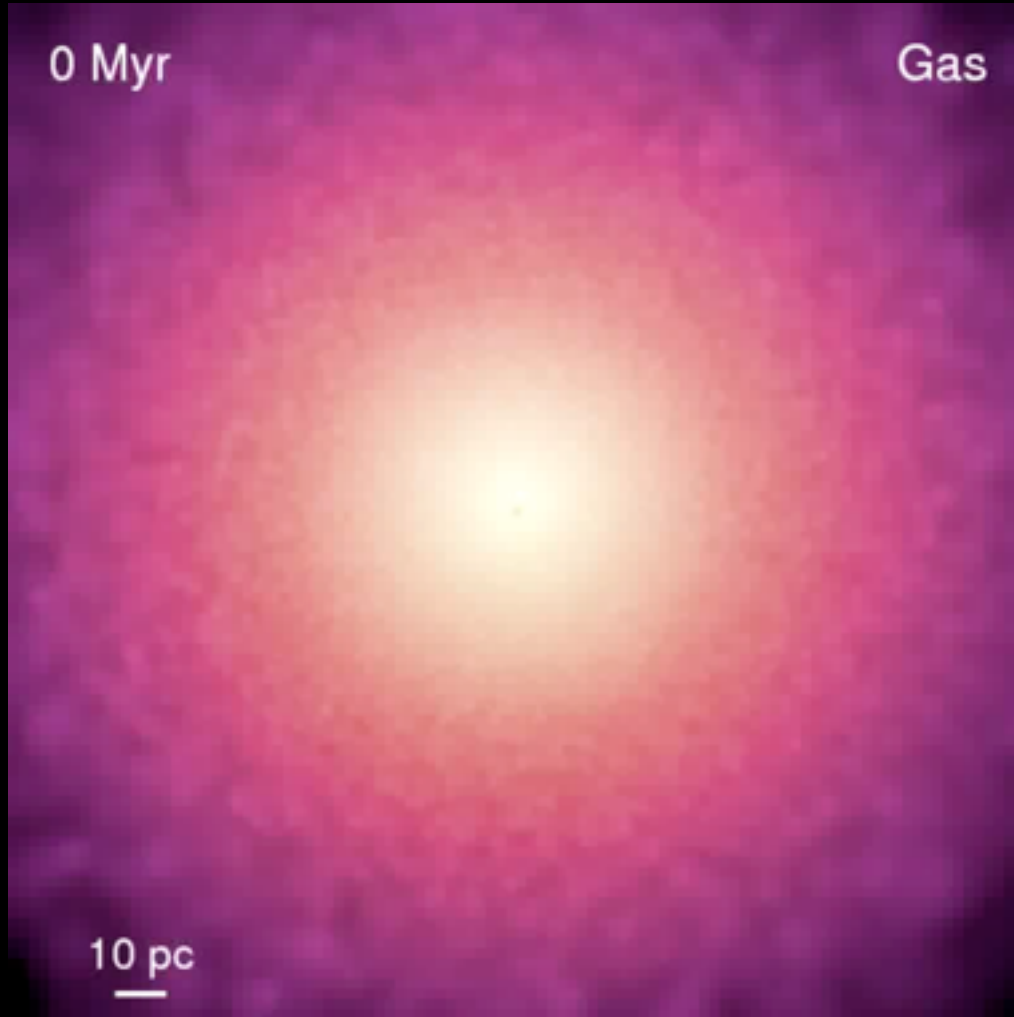
Step 3: Observed Sources of AGN Feedback

- Jets
 - heat IGM/ICM (low-density), but not dense ISM
- Radiation Pressure
 - $L_{\text{AGN}} \gg L_{\text{stars}}$
- Accretion Disk Winds
 - Broad Absorption Line Winds

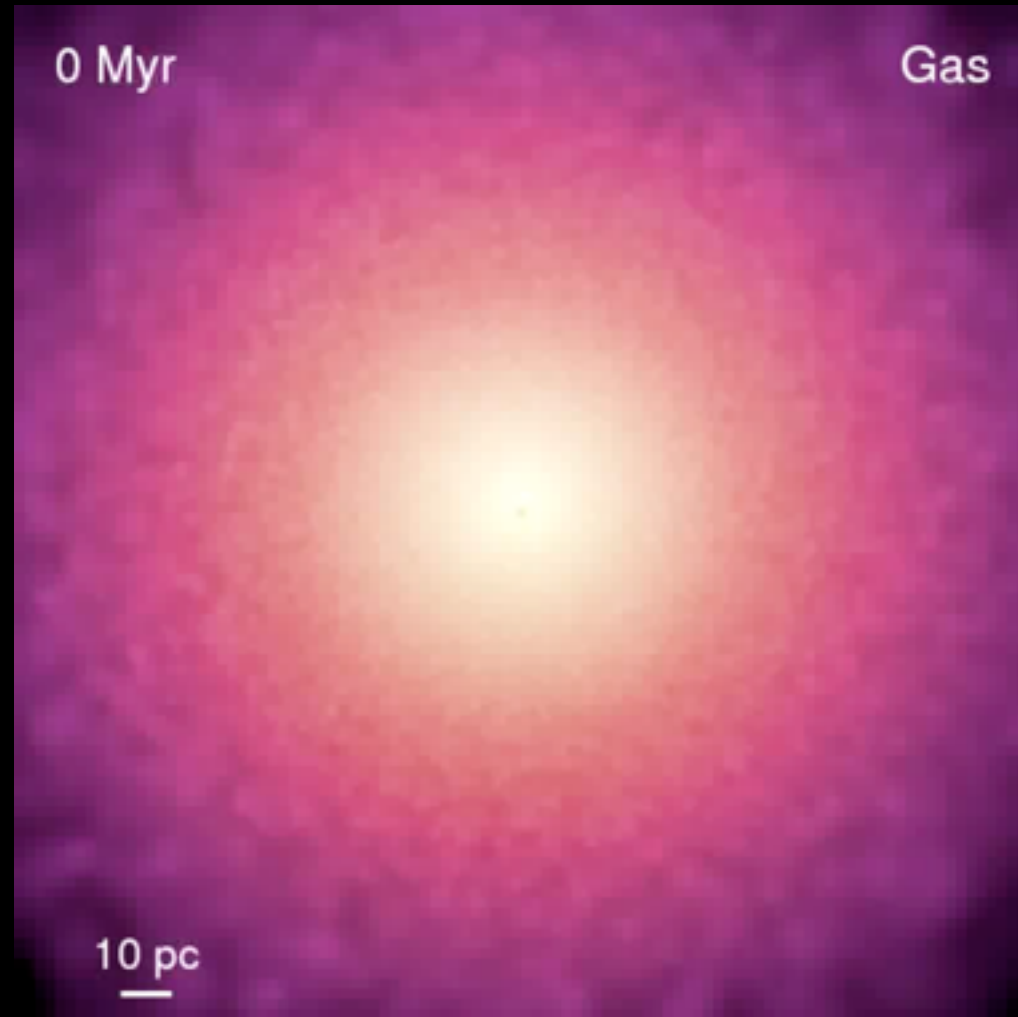


Roth, Kasen, Quataert, PFH in prep

No BAL Winds



With BAL Winds



$$\dot{M}_{\text{launch}}(0.1 \text{ pc}) = 0.5 \dot{M}_{\text{BH}}$$

$$v_{\text{launch}}(0.1 \text{ pc}) = 10,000 \text{ km/s}$$

Summary:

- **Star formation is Feedback-Regulated:** *independent* of small-scale SF ‘law’
 - Need enough stars to offset dissipation (gravity)
 - Leads to Kennicutt relation & **super-winds**
- Different mechanisms dominate different regimes:
 - High- r : radiation pressure
 - Intermediate: HII heating, stellar wind momentum
 - Low- r : SNe & stellar wind shock-heating
 - **No *one* mechanism works**
- Mergers: Extreme laboratory ($>100\times$ GMC densities!)
- Cosmologically: *Not* just top-down inflows:
 - Winds determine **IGM enrichment, temperature, & subsequent inflow** structure
- Most Massive Galaxies: Need “AGN” Feedback!
 - Jets+Disk Winds+Radiation Pressure: Explain $M_{\text{BH-S}}$ & suppress SF